St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXII. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, AUGUST 13, 1883. NO. 47.

JUST AS A FLYER!

And in Pursuance of Their System of Thoroughly Depleting Their Stocks at the

FAG END OF THE SEASON!

D. CRAWFORD & CO. will make a Grand Layout of Their Stock of PLAIN and PRINTED ORGANDIE and JACONET LAWNS, every yard and every quality of which now on hand, nothing reserved, will be offered on MONDAY MORNING at the

PHENOMENALLY LOW FIGURE OF

FIVE CENTS A YARD!

In addition and as a ROUSING SUPPLEMENT to the above, and just to make things pleasant and profitable all round, 350 Pieces of FINE ZEPHYR GINGHAMS, which every child knows are worth 10c a yard, will be given away also at

FIVE CENTS A YARD!

These are Twin Bargains that can be seen nowhere else in the United States, only at BARGAIN HEADQUARTERS, THE POPULAR AND PROGRESSIVE ONE-PRICE CASH HOUSE OF

D. CRAWFORD & CO., Fifth St. and Franklin Ave.

MITCHELL'S

CANDIES,

TRADE MARK.

Ice Creams, French Fruits, Chocolates.

418 OLIVE STREET.

CLEANING UP

FOR THE SEASON.

HOSIERY

AND

UNDERWEAR!

D. Crawford & Co.

Call especial attention to the subjoined BULLETIN OF BARGAINS, which is only a partial list of the many desirable things that will be offered in this department this week:

100 doz Gents' 4-ply all-linen standing Collars, sizes 12, 12½, 13½, 14, 14½, 17½ and 18; this week's price, 2½c each; these are worth 15c and 20c each.

50 doz Gents' 4-ply all-linen Cuffs, in size 9½ only; this week's price, 7½c a pair; regular price, 25c.

20 doz Gents' fine white Dress Shirts, well made, fine muslin and linen bosoms and cuffs, in all sizes, 14 to 17; this week's price, 50c; reduced from $1.

75 doz Gents' summer Merino Undershirts in all sizes, 34 to 44; this week's price, 50c; would be cheap at 75c.

25 doz Gents' fine Gossamer Undershirts; this week's price 25c; down from 50c.

35 doz Boys' and Youths' white Drill Drawers, well made; this week's price 25c a pair; down from 60c.

65 doz Children's fine imported Fancy Cotton Hose all sizes, 5 to 8½; this week's price, 25c a pair for every size; prices formerly 50c to 60c.

60 doz Gents' Superfine Brown Balbriggan Undershirts and Drawers to match; this week's price, 75c; each cut from $1.25.

40 doz Children's Summer Undershirts, long and short sleeves, high and low necks, all sizes, 16 to 34; this week's prices will be just one-half.

100 doz Gents' fine Unlaundried Dress Shirts, made of New York mills muslin, and 2,200 linen, all sizes, 14 to 16½ necks; this week for 90c; dirt cheap.

AT

The Popular and Progressive One-Price Cash House of

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

FIFTH and FRANKLIN AVE.

HOTELS.

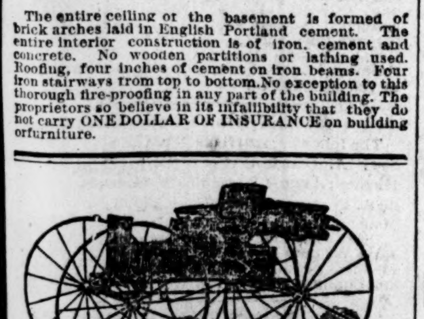
"THE SOUTHERN."

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Is the most thoroughly

FIRE-PROOF HOTEL IN AMERICA.

The entire ceiling of the basement is formed of brick arches laid in English Portland cement. The entire interior construction is of iron, cement and concrete. No wooden partitions or lathing used. Roofing, four inches of cement on iron beams. Four iron stairways from top to bottom. No exception to this thorough fire-proofing in any part of the building. The proprietors so believe in its infallibility that they do not carry ONE DOLLAR OF INSURANCE on building or furniture.



Varney Carriage

COMPANY,

2109 to 2117 Morgan Street.

Largest Stock, Best Work, Lowest Prices.

HENRY TIMKEN, : : President,
ENAS VARNEY, Sec'y and Treasurer.
WM. DURIE, Superintendent

Something Entirely New. A Long Want at Last Supplied.

SLEEP IN PEACE

BY THE USE OF

WAIBEL'S

Shoo, Skeeters! Don't Bodder Me!

[Trade Mark Registered.]

OUCH!

It has no equal. Mosquitos will not trouble you as long as you use this Compound. Price 15 cents per Bottle. To be had at all Drug Stores. Prepared only by LOUIS F. WAIBEL,
7618 S. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.
Wholesale Agents Meyer Bros. & Co., St. Louis.

Want Columns.

Lodge Notices—Ten Cents each insertion.

TEN CENTS. TRY IT.

Carriages For Sale—Five Cents a Line.

FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

Cow Astray—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.

TEN CENTS. TRY IT.

Farms For Sale—Five Cents a Line.

FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

Birds For Sale—Five Cents a Line.

FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

Buggies For Sale—Five Cents a Line.

FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

Horse and Wagon For Sale—Five Cents a Line.

FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

Birds Wanted—Five Cents a Line.

FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

LOWEST RATES!

TO ALL POINTS

EAST & NORTH

Are offered by LEVE & ALDEN, Tourist Agents,

114 N. FOURTH ST.

C. B. KINNAN, General Western Agent.

CHARTER OAK RANGES

AND

TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

Retail Department.

Just received, a direct importation of the Latest Designs in Alligator, Calf and Russian Leather of Ladies' and Gents' TRAVELING TOILET CASES, SATCHELS, POCKET-BOOKS, CARD, CIGAR and CIGARETTE CASES. Also Many Novelties. The most complete assortment of Toilet Requisites to be found in the city.

MELLIER'S GERMAN COLOGNE,

MELLIER'S CINCHONA HAIR DRESSING,

MELLIER'S BEEF, WINE AND IRON; An Elegant Tonic; 75 Cents a Bottle.

PURIFINE, a Powerful Disinfectant.

A. A. MELLIER, 711 Washington Avenue

THOS. MAXWELL JOS. MAXWELL

MAXWELL BROS

Horse and Mule Market.

Horses and mules bought and sold on commission. All kinds of Stock always on hand.

1416 to 1428 Broadway, St. Louis.

Liberal Cash advances made on consignments.

The Only First-Class and Reliable

OPTICAL HOUSE

In the City.

ALOE, HERNSTEIN & CO.,

Cor. Fourth and Olive Sts.

Call and examine Our New Patent

Indestructible Eye-Glass.

West End Gallery

1513 and 1515 Olive Street.

Only ground-floor gallery in the city. Opening first of August.

Five hundred souvenir portraits, from cabinet to life-size, given away to each of our customers during August. TONNDORFF & KUHN, Photo-Artists.

Rev. Father Wilds'

EXPERIENCE.

The Rev. Z. P. Wilds, well-known city missionary in New York, and brother to the late eminent Judge Wilds, of the Massachusetts Supreme Court, writes as follows:

"*78 E. 54th St., New York, May 16, 1882.*

MESSRS. J. C. AYER & CO., Gentlemen:

Last winter I was troubled with a most uncomfortable itching humor, affecting more especially my limbs, which itched so intolerably at night, and burned so intensely, that I could scarcely bear any clothing over them. I was also a sufferer from a severe catarrh and catarrhal cough; my appetite was poor, and my system a good deal run down. Knowing the value of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by observation of many other cases, and from personal use in former years, I began taking it for the above-named disorders. My appetite improved almost from the first dose. After a short time the fever and itching were allayed, and all signs of irritation of the skin disappeared. My catarrh and cough were also cured by the same means, and my general health greatly improved, until it is now excellent. I feel a hundred per cent. stronger, and I attribute these results to the use of the SARSAPARILLA, which I recommend with all confidence as the best blood medicine ever devised. I took it in small doses three times a day, and used, in all, less than two bottles. I place these facts at your service, hoping their publication may do good.

Yours respectfully, Z. P. WILDS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

Cleanses, enriches, and strengthens the blood, stimulates the action of the stomach and bowels, and thereby enables the system to resist and overcome the attacks of all *Scrofulous Diseases, Eruptions of the Skin, Rheumatism, Catarrh, General Debility*, and all disorders resulting from poor or corrupted blood and a low state of the system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; price $1, six bottles for $5.

JOHN MAGUIRE.

REAL ESTATE AGENT

NO.519 WALNUT ST. BET. 5TH AND 6TH.

STANLEY MATTHEWS.

Another Interesting Chapter in the Late Campaign.

How Matthews' Nomination to the Supreme Bench of the United States was Part of a Corrupt Bargain—Garfield's Bitter Animosity Against Him and the Sudden Change in His Tactics—Hayes' Part in the Affair.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The Truth's Washington correspondent has been talking with a nameless person who claims to have been in the Government service in Cincinnati during the campaign of 1879. Concerning the appointment of Stanley Matthews to the Supreme bench, he says: "The defeat of Stanley Matthews for the Senate made it necessary to provide for him elsewhere. President Hayes and Mrs. Hayes were greatly interested on behalf of their relatives. It was also whispered about in railroad circles that they wanted Mr. Matthews on the Supreme bench, especially since no effort was required to induce President Hayes to appoint him. Efforts were immediately put forth to retire Mr. Justice Noah S. Swayne, which being finally successful, Mr. Matthews was nominated by President Hayes to fill the vacancy upon the Supreme bench. Judge Swayne's son is the partner of Judge Delton, and their law firm is counsel for the Union Pacific Railroad and its combinations. Therefore Judge Swayne's retirement and Stanley Matthews' appointment as his successor may be reasonably accounted for as

PART OF ONE TRANSACTION.

In the meantime Gen. Garfield, the President elect, was in no wise reconciled to Stanley Matthews. President Hayes was frantic over the failure to confirm Matthews, and as a last resort appealed to President Garfield to re-nominate Mr. Matthews to the Supreme bench in return for Swaim's appointment as judge, the Advocate General dropping out all claim for Colonel Rogers. Coming as a last and only request from an outgoing to an in-coming President of the same party and

BEING QUIETLY BACKED

by the railroad representatives in Washington, President Garfield did re-nominate Mr. Matthews upon the assembly of the Senate in the extraordinary session of 1881. To those friends who expressed surprise that President Garfield had nominated Mr. Matthews, after the latter had behaved so badly concerning the Ohio Senatorship, the explanation was made that the President had kept faith with his predecessor, Mr. Hayes, so far as the nomination was concerned, but that the promise did not include in the slightest manner any effort to secure Mr. Matthews' nomination. On the contrary, while President Garfield could take no active steps to secure his rejection,

HE WOULD PREFER

to have him rejected by the Senate so that he might nominate another and more acceptable incumbent. Thereupon orders were quietly given to fight Matthews' confirmation, and it was fought vigorously to rejection. I fought it bitterly, not only because of Mr. Matthews' unkind treatment of myself, but because I was advised that such opposition was in consonance with the President's real wishes. He was deeply

EMBITTERED AGAINST MR. MATTHEWS,

mainly because Mr. Matthews and his friends had insisted that he was vastly Mr. Matthews' inferior and that Mr. Matthews' true place was in the Senate, while the House was good enough for Garfield. He could not forget this belittling, especially since the people had just elevated him to the Presidency. At this critical juncture the word was suddenly passed to change front on the opposition to Mr. Matthews' confirmation and

TO CALL OFF ALL OUR DOGS.

The order came from a source known to me to be in President Garfield's deepest confidence and from a party who did not at least approve Mr. Matthews' appointment to the Supreme bench, although he entertained a high opinion of his legal ability. I remonstrated without effect, but was finally compelled to give in at risk of offending the President. Mr. Matthews' rejection was reconsidered, and finally, after a most vigorous opposition from Democratic and Republican Senators alike, was confirmed by a majority of one vote.

THE EXCUSE

or pretext given out for this strange metamorphosis was that Gov. Foster, then a candidate for renomination, had appeared in Washington and urged Matthews' confirmation to get him shelved and out of the way for all time to come; that Foster was afraid if Matthews was rejected he would knife him in Southern Ohio and possibly defeat his re-election as Governor.

A STRANGE DEATH.

A Chicago Demonstrator of Anatomy Dies of Facial Carbuncle.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, August 13.—Dr. Frank L. Rea, assistant demonstrator of anatomy in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, died on Friday of malignant facial carbuncle. On Tuesday, July 31, he was sitting in his office, when he felt a prickling sensation on the left side of his upper lip. He went down stairs to a druggist and asked him to pluck a hair out of his mustache over the place of the pain. The druggist complied with the request, and when he had plucked the hair, Rea looked at its bulbless end and said: "Mr. Jacobson, that is the last of me—it is a facial carbuncle. I will lock up my office, bid you good bye, and go home to die." He went at once to his uncle's house and told him what he had experienced, adding: "I am done for. I will never have another well day, and will be dead in ten days." The family laughed at him, and he retorted by drawing out his diary and writing this: Carbuncle started on my lip. I know what it means. No post mortem if you please. Beneath the entry were two numbers corresponding to pages in a standard author, in which the remarkable fatality of the disease is spoken of. The Doctor had got his intimate acquaintance of the disease by treating the case of a fellow student, Mr. Eagle, which ended fatally at the hospital a year ago. After making the entry he persisted in talking of his approaching death and made all his plans. Everything was done to distract his attention, but without avail. The sore was opened and cauterized a week ago last Friday. Another pimple appeared about the same time on the other side of his lip. A day or two afterward it was opened and cauterized. The disease remained indifferent for a day or two. The doctor's temperature then rose to 134, and his pulse to 140. He went to bed on Monday and was in a comatose condition from that time until he died, five days later. Death was due to the facial veins absorbing the poison of the sore and carrying it to the brain, where it formed a fungus growth that put him to sleep, and by the sympathy of the nerves caused his features to swell beyond recognition, the eyes being pryed almost out of the sockets.

TIRED OF LIFE.

A Woman's Attempt to Commit Suicide and Her Strange Story.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 13.—A woman dressed in black velvet and carrying an umbrella was seen late Saturday night wandering aimlessly about the wharf at the foot of West Thirty-fourth street. Suddenly she rushed to the edge of the wharf, threw her umbrella into the river, and then leaped in herself. A canal boat captain jumped into a rowboat and picked the woman up just as she was going down for the last time. After some little time the woman recovered sufficiently to exclaim wildly, "Save me from that man; oh, save me!" and begged to be allowed to die. She was then sent to Roosevelt Hospital. There it was ascertained that her name was Annie Gray. She was about twenty-five years of age and resided at No. 365 West Thirty-fifth street. When asked why she attempted to drown herself she refused to reply, but asked to be saved

FROM THAT MAN.

A World reporter yesterday visited the woman's home. He found it to be a little candy store. About the middle of June she purchased the stock from two maiden ladies for $50. While the public school near by was in session she did very well, but when vacation came her trade amounted to scarcely anything, and she became despondent. On Thursday last a man whose back and shoulders appeared to have been seriously injured at some time called upon Miss Gray. He represented himself as an auctioneer, and said he had come to buy her out. He offered her $45 for her stock with the understanding that he should take possession immediately. This proposition she refused. He went away and returned again on Friday. He placed $35 upon the counter, and demanded that she turn over the stock to him and leave the store. She again refused. Then he declared that he would put her out by force. At 1 o'clock on Saturday morning.

JUST AFTER MIDNIGHT,

she was awakened by a rapping on the street window. She arose and asked what was wanted. She was told that some one wanted to see her on very important business. She dressed, opened the door and found that her visitor was the auctioneer. He put down a sum of money on the counter, and again demanded that she should take it and leave the place. By this time the woman had become insane with fear at the threats which had been made, but had said nothing to her neighbors, or to her brother and sister-in-law, who reside in Sixty-ninth street. He continued his threats, and declared again that she must take the money and leave. He exhibited an alleged bill of sale of her stock and commanded her to sign it, declaring that if she did not comply he would sell her stock and

TURN HER OUT

of doors. He gave her until the forenoon of Saturday to decide. On Saturday morning a neighbor was attracted to the woman's apartments by a loud call. She found Miss Gray knocking her head against the counter. When asked what was the matter she answered: "My God! that man's going to sell me out." Then it became known how the poor woman had been so sorely persecuted. Although she was assured that her stock could not be taken from her she could not be made to believe it. The neighbors say that they have seen the woman's

PERSECUTOR PROWLING ABOUT

for some time, and they also say that he has threatened to sell others out if they do not accede to the terms he offers. Mrs. Lawrence, who keeps a confectionery store on Thirty-eighth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, said that the man was a Hebrew and had called upon her and asked for what price she would sell. He told her he wished to buy a store for his wife and wanted to put her right behind the counter that day. They had been unable to agree upon a price and he was very overbearing in his remarks. It is thought that Miss Gray will live, but her mind may be affected for some time to come.

ILLINOIS NEWS.

Stabbing at Decatur—Pana's Coal Shaft—Crops—Deaths.

DECATUR, August 13.—Fred Rustick stabbed Edward Schultz with a penknife above the eye Saturday night, near the depot. Rustick was arrested. Schultz may recover. A girl was the cause. Mrs. Wm. L. Hammer, wife of an ex-banker, died Saturday night, aged 49.

QUINCY, August 13.—E. B. Kimball, an old settler, died yesterday, aged 79. His wife and seven children survive him.

PANA, August 13.—After five months' boring the coal-shaft here is now down about 200 feet. The coal vein which is desired to be reached is seven feet thick and 715 feet below the surface.

LINCOLN, August 13.—Corn is being injured by the dry weather. Acreage is large, but rain followed by warm weather is necessary. Hay crop is fine; never better. Oats turning out about thirty bushels to the acre.

EFFINGHAM, August 13.—Wm. S. Coleman, one of the oldest residents, died of paralysis yesterday morning at the age of 62. He left a wife and six children.

BRIGHTON, August 13.—The funeral of Mrs. L. P. Stratton took place yesterday. She died Thursday, and a post-mortem revealed that the cause of her death was cancer of the stomach.

CARROLLTON, August 13.—Mrs. Lincoln Armstrong died at her home, seven miles east of here, yesterday morning, and will be buried today.

CAIRO, August 13.—Mrs. H. Draper, wife of the engineer on the Fowler, died yesterday of consumption.

MISSOURI NEWS.

Catholic Church Dedicated at the Capital—Casualties.

JEFFERSON CITY, August 13.—St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church was dedicated yesterday with great pomp by Rt. Rev. Bishop Ryan, assisted by a large number of clergymen. Rev. Father Goller celebrated high mass, Father Cook preached in English and Father Dickman in German. The edifice is of brick, trimmed with stone, Gothic architecture. The bishop confirmed 107 children and 16 adults in the afternoon.

HUNTSVILLE, August 13.—Richard Kitchen, colored, was shot and mortally wounded by his wife, Ann, yesterday morning.

BOONVILLE, August 13.—Joe Chandler, a colored deck-hand on the Martha, fell into the river Saturday and was drowned.

MEXICO, August 13.—The Sunday law was strictly observed here yesterday for the first time. It was impossible to buy a cigar, a glass of soda or lemonade. The city was very dull in consequence.

TIPTON, August 13.—Barth's saloon was entered by burglars Saturday night, who took away $30 in cash and considerable of the stock.

JOPLIN, August 13.—John Slatterman was seriously hurt Saturday evening by being thrown from a delivery wagon for Willhardt's brewery.

A Prohibition Encampment.

PARSONS, KAN., August 13.—The encampment to commence at Parsons August 21st is attracting unusual attention. The platform at the Parsons meeting is to be common ground, on which Gov. Glick, ex-Gov. Robinson and other prominent license men are to meet ex-Gov. St. John and many other noted Prohibitionists to discuss the merits of regulating by license as against prohibition. The manner in which the high-license, Sunday-closing law of Missouri is enforced, compared with the enforcement of prohibition in Kansas, is aiding somewhat to define the issue, and the array of eminent men who are to enter the lists at Parsons assures a great and important meeting. Several Eastern dailies have arranged to send correspondents, so that the results of this important discussion may be laid before the public.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

One hundred warehouses at Salonica, Roumelia, were destroyed by fire on Sunday.

The National Education Assembly at Asbury Park, N. J., closed on Sunday night.

Senor Castelar has asked his friends to abstain from all demonstrations during the present excitement in Spain.

A riotous outbreak occurred on Sunday in the town of Chares, Portugal. A peasant was killed and a Colonel wounded.

A young man named Hans Harnison committed suicide by jumping into the Chicago River from the Van Buren street bridge, on Sunday.

The Wells Fargo Express was robbed by two masked highwaymen, between Ash Fork and Prescott, Arizona, on Saturday night. The amount taken is unknown.

In Scranton, Penn., on Sunday, while a lineman of the Western Union Telegraph Company was up a pole repairing wires, three rifle shots were fired at him. He was not hurt.

The monument to commemorate the defense of Paris was unveiled on Sunday. The monument consists of an allegorical figure of the City of Paris standing over a wounded combatant.

At an early hour on Sunday morning a negro entered the sleeping-room of Miss Annie Wolf, white, and attempted an assault upon her. Her screams aroused the family in time, but the negro escaped.

George W. Burgess, 66 years old, and paralyzed in the left side, has been swindling banks in the central part of New York State. He was recently pardoned out of prison. He was arrested at Dunkirk on Saturday.

D. O. Mills, the millionaire, has presented the State of California with a piece of statuary representing Columbus and the Court of Ferdinand and Isabella. It will be placed in the rotunda of the capitol at Sacramento.

The Kimball House in Atlanta, Ga., the best known and largest hotel in the Southern States, was total destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. Not a single life was lost. The total property loss will not fall short of $1,000,000.

Because Grief Knox, a respectable negro, refused to lend his horse and buggy to Tom Gill, another negro, in order that the latter might attend a colored barbecue, he was shot down and killed by Gill at Hickman, Ky., on Sunday.

Gov. W. T. Hamilton, of Maryland, on Sunday gave out to the press a five column address to the people of the State, making several startling disclosures about the conduct of the three last Democratic Legislatures and showing improper expenditures of State funds to the amount of $500,000.

LATEST EDITION.

WIRE CUTTING.

More Than One Hundred Wires Cut Last Night.

The Telegraph Strike—Attempt to Shoot a Lineman who was Repairing a Wire—Strikers Slowly Yielding—Difficulties at Various Points.

Nothing has occurred the past three days to change the positions of the telegraph companies and the striking operators. Notwithstanding all hope for concessions is past, the strikers still remain a band of hopeful brothers. Manager Brown, of the Western Union, when asked for news to-day gave the old answer that the office was in fine condition. The strike of railroad operators is said to have been heavier than was at first supposed, especially in Texas. Only a few of the offices in that State are without operators.

At New York.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 13.—There was consternation in the operating room of the Western Union building last night. Wires were ceasing to work. Shortly before midnight the operators in charge of the large switch-board reported that breaks were occurring with alarming rapidity, and for a time it was feared that the service would be very seriously crippled, if not wholly destroyed. The first break reported was on the New Jersey Central wire below Elizabeth, N. J. While this break was being examined another one snapped; then a third, and a fourth, till in the space of half an hour twenty wires were useless. At midnight the bankers' and brokers' leased wire South was cut, but the break could not easily be found and it was immediately abandoned. In a few moments the Atlantic and Pacific Western circuit was also reported as useless. At last the most important damage was done. The Harlem wires West were suddenly rendered useless. "There must be at least sixty of our most important wires cut since 11 o'clock," said Mr. Sink, the night manager. "At present we

CANNOT TELL HOW SERIOUSLY

our service will be affected. If the Hudson wires are cut Albany and Western New York will be shut off. This will be a serious blow to us, as it is one of the most important of our circuits. Interruptions are occurring so quickly that our tester is almost wild."

"This is too bad," said Mr. Humstone, as he left the tester for a moment. "The strikers can never hope to gain a point with work like this. Our managers will rather suffer every wire to be rendered useless than give in to the Brotherhood. If all Northern wires are destroyed we can still reach the upper part of the State by West, and from there to Montreal, and thence South."

AT THIS POINT

a dispatch was received from Scranton, Pa., as follows: "A lineman was sent out from here a short distance on the gravel road to repair a break which had been located in the woods near by. As he climbed up the pole a man with a rifle appeared and watched the proceedings. When the man reached the top of the pole a shot was fired which whizzed close to his head, a second shot struck a tree close by, while a third struck a wire and glanced off and hit the pole. The man speedily repaired the line and communication was restored. He returned here

VERY MUCH SCARED.

Mr. Humestone carefully read the dispatch, and after a moment's reflection telegraphed to Scranton, offering $1,000 reward for the arrest of the assailant. Eleven wires were tampered with during the day, but they were all near the city, and were easily repaired before nightfall. Seven wires were cut at Union Hill, two at Second avenue and Thirty-seventh street, and four fine wire crossings were made in Harlem. "Two striking operators returned to work during the day." said Mr. Humstone. "No inducements were held out. They came asking for employment and were given their old places at the former salaries. The only privilege extended them was that of doing any amount of extra work they desired. All of them have been doing from four to ten hours more than their regular work."

IN RESPONSE TO THE CALL

issued by the Telegraphers' Brotherhood, inviting the delegates of the various trade unions of the city to attend a meeting held yesterday for the purpose of discussing the situation of the strike, delegates from about forty-five unions were present. They gave as their opinion that the strike was a fair means by which to assert the rights of the telegraphers, and counselled the Brotherhood to remain firm, promising all financial aid within their power. A committee on subscriptions was appointed, and

THE FOLLOWING APPEAL

was prepared for circulation in all shops and factories throughout the city: "Subscriptions are earnestly solicited in aid of the striking operators and linemen who are making strenuous efforts to win their fight against a grasping monopoly. If you are in sympathy with them give them what aid you can. Their cause is yours, and a victory for them is a victory for all workingmen. Signed, John Mitchell, chairman." The meeting then adjourned, and a promise of $10,000 within the week was made by the delegates, in case the strikers remain firm.

THE WESTERN UNION EMPLOYES.

The Western Union Company employs a quarter of all the operators in the country, and about two-thirds of them are railroad operators. The American Rapid Company only employs about one-fifth as many operators as the Western Union. The protest of the Brotherhood was against all the companies and all employers of telegraph operators. The rate of wages was not considered sufficient to live upon, and was much below that of common day laborers. In many instances the companies were able to pay higher wages to their men without increasing their rates for service to the public. This was evident from the large dividends paid by the Western Union, besides their facilities for transmitting messages has been increased by the invention of the duplex and quadruplex instruments. There has been no reduction in tariff in consequence of these improvements, but, on the other hand, the wages of the operators have been reduced. The number of operators had doubled since 1870, while the facilities of the companies had more than doubled. The Western Union in that year handled 7,000,000 messages and last year the number was 35,000,000.

At Long Branch.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

LONG BRANCH, August 13.—Manager Casey of the Western Union Company states that he has received information from a most trustworthy source that the strike will end to-morrow if the members of the Brotherhood do not insist upon trying to preserve their organization.

At Oswego.

OSWEGO, August 13.—Four of the seven operators who went out on the strike returned to their keys this morning.

WURST NOT SCHMIERKASE.

Pohlman's Opposition Banquet to Filley's Festive Gathering.

A large party of Republican politicians, including several men whose names have been mentioned considerably for some time past, met yesterday at Creve Cœur Lake to discuss the situation generally. There was no intention to set up an opposition to the Filley schmier-kase banquet, and the only indication in that direction was that wurst was the favorite dish at the gathering, and that schmierkase was carefully avoided. The picnic met at the farm of Adam Engel, at Creve Cœur, and that gentleman made it his duty to see that everybody was comfortably provided for. The object of the gathering was said to be to look to the interests of the Republican party locally, to discuss the Sunday law and to have a good time generally. The picnic was well supplied with beer, wine and other liquors. Cigars were abundant, so that it is easy to understand what view was taken of the Sunday law. Mr. Engel had his grounds pleasantly decorated and looked after the comfort of his visitors in an unexceptionable manner. A string band of thirteen pieces was in attendance, and they had particular instructions to skip such pieces as "Wait till the clouds roll by," as the general impression seemed to be that there weve no dangerous clouds in sight at present. A few of those present were John H. Pohlman, P. P. Dailey, Wm. Pohlman, Geo. Bremser, Wm. F. Pohlman, jr., C. D. Glorius, Henry Hoch, Chas. Brown, Lewis Saum, John Brown, M. B. Morrissey, Wm. Knocker, John Heller, Fred. Wright, W. Staffon, Henry Wieder, Wm. Saum, Barney Elke, Geo. T. Lewis, H. M. Connor, Jas. Stewart, Chas. Miller, Chas. Summers, Dick Mallinckrodt, Councilman Jos. P. Vastine, Geo. Diepenbrock. Delegate Peter Gundlach, Robert Hermann, Geo. Osse, Guss Hermann, Aug. Sinclair and Jos. Linden. Speeches were made during the day by John H. Pohlman, P. P. Dailey, Geo. Lewis and Henry Hiemenz. The burden of these addresses, leaving out unfavorable references to the Sunday law, was that the clouds had disappeared and that the Republican party, locally, was in the best of shape. Messrs. Conner, Lewis and Hermsen gave excellent vocal selections. At 7 p. m. the gathering broke up with a chorus, the refrain of which was not to wait for the clouds, but to go in and lend a hand to each other and the Republican party generally. Singularly enough, Mr. Filley's name was not mentioned.

PROBABLY FATAL.

A Fireman Crushed and Scalded Almost to Death.

At 12:30 to-day an old empty shed took fire at the corner of Gamble and Jefferson avenues. The Fire Department was called to the scene and the fire was soon put out, but as fire engine No. 7 was crossing Chouteau avenue on Mercer street at full speed, a rough place was struck by the wheels and Eugene Gorman, the fireman, was thrown from where he stood over the hind wheel, and between it and the boiler. The space between the wheel and the boiler being too small to allow him to pass through, he was wedged in between them and almost crushed to death. As he was forced in between wheel and boiler, one of the pipes was broken off and a jet of scalding steam was poured upon him for some time until his companions succeeded in removing him by prying back the wheel by means of a jack. He was badly scalded, as there was a hundred pounds of steam on at the time, and he was badly crushed. The doctors, Saunders and Maeger, who were summoned immediately, have little or no hope of his recovery.

Eugene Gorman has been connected with the fire department for 8 years and has been very faithful in the discharge of his duties. He lives on Park avenue near Second Carondelet and has a wife and a family of five children.

A GAME OF CARDS.

It Results in a Murder and a Probable Suicide.

August Dunkle in a Drunken Rage Shoots Frank Wahl—Death of Wahl This Morning—Ante-Mortem Statement—Dunkle Likely to Die—An Argument for Sunday Closing.

A corpse, covered with a cotton sheet, reposed on a bed in the rear room of a little notion store on Cherokee street this morning. A household of mourners and a few friendly neighbors stood about the bed, silently gazing at the draped body. It was all that remained of Frank Wahl, the proprietor of the store, who was the victim of an old man's rage over ill-luck at a game of cards. Yesterday Wahl, who was a man in the neighborhood of forty-five years, closed up his store and spent most of the day in Reifer's saloon, which is the next door to his house. An eccentric old man named August Dunker, or Dunkle, 70 years of age, who came here from Lexington, Mo., about a year ago, between whom and Wahl a strong friendship existed, met Wahl in the saloon early in the evening and proposed a game of cards with a man named Spuhler. The game went against Dunkle, and, though he played for a long time, he failed to win. The only thing at stake in each game was the beer, and, as in all three-handed games, two had to unite against one. Dunkle, greatly to his chagrin, found himself the one. As each game was finished the faithful bar-tender rushed up the beer, and while Wahl and Spuhler drank with the serenity that is born of success. Dunkle swallowed his with increasing bitterness. When all three had become tipsy, Dunkle, it is alleged, began to chalk up a bigger score than he was entitled to, and he was jocularly reminded of this by Wahl.

THE OLD MAN INDIGNANTLY DENIED THE ASSERTION

and made an excuse of it to give vent to his long-suppressed rage. He pushed the cards from him finally, and left the saloon, threatening all sorts of vengeance. Wahl and Spuhler played the game out, and then Wahl got up and took his place with a number of others at the bar. Spuhler continued the game with two new recruits, Wahl and others looking on. In a short time Dunkle re-entered, fully as angry and excited as he was when he left, and approached Wahl, calling him a vile name. Wahl, appearing to make allowance for Dunkle's age and condition, asked him if he wasn't only joking. Dunkle fiercely replied that he was dead in earnest, and asked Wahl to step out on the sidewalk. Wahl, intending to go home, walked through the swinging inside door of the saloon, and as he reached the sidewalk saw Dunkle about six feet away from him,

WITH A REVOLVER IN HIS HAND,

waiting for him. Before he had time to retreat, expostulate or escape, Dunkle fired at him, the ball entering his stomach. Wahl fell backward into the saloon and Dunkle wildly discharged the revolver twice, the bullets going astray. Seeing what he had done, Dunkle ran through a narrow space between the saloon and his own house, which is situated west of Reifer's, and reaching the back yard, placed the revolver to his forehead and discharged it. The ball entered the orbit of the left eye, struck the frontal bone, and it is thought ranged downward. The first tragedy had a paralyzing effect upon the people who witnessed it, but when the fourth report of the revolver was heard they came to their senses and ran to the spot from which it proceeded.

DUNKLE WAS FOUND THERE

lying prone, bleeding from the eye and the mouth. A messenger was sent to Dr. Lutz and another to Dr. Hickman, both gentlemen appearing shortly afterward. Wahl was alive but suffering intense pain. Dunkle was also alive but unconscious. Wahl was removed to his house, where his wife and sister assisted Dr. Lutz in the care of him. The doctor saw that the wound was fatal and did not probe for the ball. Dunkle's daughter looked after her father's wants. A search of Dunkle's clothes resulted in the finding of a canvas bag which contained $1,800 in bills. The revolver was taken charge of by an officer who gave it to the sergeant in charge of the Second District station. It was a 38-calibre weapon, of Smith & Wesson pattern. Dunkle was sent to the City Hospital, where he was taken in charge by Dr. Kohlfing. Wahl remained conscious all night, but

DIED AT 9 O'CLOCK

this morning. Before Dr. Lutz left the wounded man's side last night, he took down the following ante-mortem statement:

"A party played cards in Reifer's saloon. I was looking on. I was not playing. Dunker said to me without any provocation on my part, "You — — —, I called you to help finish this game." I had played a few games of solo with him about twenty-five minutes before this. I asked him whether he was joking or not. "Yes" he said, "I am in earnest, come out on the pavement." I walked toward him on the pavement, intending to go home. He said. "you — — — —, I am going to shoot." He then shot, standing about four or six feet from me, three times. The first ball struck me in the stomach. I fell backward into the saloon. This was witnessed as was also the conversation by Adolph Kreider, Chas. Rheinhardt, Fink and another man whose name I do not recall. His name is Spuhler. Dunkle and I have been warm friends since he came here about year ago.

FRANK WAHL.

Witnesses: Ed M. Bernard, C. Kiefer.

This

TELLS THE STORY OF THE MURDER BRIEFLY.

It was signed by Wahl in a firm hand, and witnessed by a reporter for a morning paper and a neighbor of Wahl.

Dr. Luedeking conducted a POST-DISPATCH reporter to the cell in which Dunkle was lying at the City Hospital this morning. The old man was still unconscious. The flesh beneath both eyes was swollen, and a bandage saturated with blood encircled the head about the forehead. "We have made no examination yet," said the doctor, "and it is, of course, impossible to determine whether he will live or not. The ball evidently ranged downward as he has been expectorating blood. The pulse is good," he concluded, dropping Dunkle's hand.

An examination was made later and it was said Dunkle would not live. Wahl leaves a wife and four children.

Attaching an Assignment.

William F. Haydock to-day instituted an attachment suit for the sum of $2,923 against Henry B. Dolton and George E. Dolton, who formerly did business under the firm name of Dolton Bros. On Saturday last the Doltons made an assignment to James Withrow for the benefit of their creditors. The plaintiff avers that the defendants have fraudulently assigned their effects, and that the debt sued for was fraudulently contracted.

Bond Suit.

Two suits were instituted against the county of Cape Girardeau in the office of the Clerk of the U. S. District Court this morning. The suits are for interest due in each case on a $1,000 8 per cent bond issued by the county on July 1, 1869. The plaintiff in one case is Geo. W. Hashman, and in the other Valentine Winter. The former sues for $3,600 and the latter for $2,320.

ANNA EFFERT swore out a warrant to-day charging F. W. Voos with betraying her.

SENATOR MAXEY.

A Talk with the Texas Senator on Politics and Other Matters.

Party Prospects Fine—The Tariff Question—Exit Randall—No Chance for the Old Ticket.

A tall, spare, rather gaunt looking gentleman pacing slowly back and forth and leaning now and then on a heavy gold-headed cane was the most prominent person in the corridor of the Southern to-day. He bore himself in a dignified and distinguished manner, and would be put down as a superior man. It was Senator Maxey of Texas. The Senator was dressed in a neat-fitting broadcloth suit, his long dark hair was brushed smoothly over his temples and his beard tinged with gray is worn full, except on his upper lip, which is clean shaven and is the distinctive mark of his face, being unusually long, and giving to otherwise kindly features a determined and severe expression. Taken all in all, the Senator is in personal appearance an excellent type of the Southern gentleman. When the reporter accosted the Senator, the latter led the way to the breezy front portico and, lighting a cigar, seated himself comfortably for a chat.

"JUST FROM TEXAS, SENATOR?"

"Yes, as straight as I could come, My wife and niece are with me, neither of them in very good health, and we are going to try the climate of Wisconsin. The weather has been comparatively comfortable, however, in Texas, with the exception of a few hot days. I have tried the North several summers and I find it about as pleasant at home."

Here the reporter remarked that Texas was a fine State anyhow, and it acted as it usually does on a Texan.

"Yes, it is," replied the Senator with emphasis. "It has a splendid prospect before it. In the decade from 1870 to 1880 our population increased from 800,000 to 1,500,000, nearly double, and that decade included two years of quarantine against yellow fever and the big panic. In this decade I haven't the slightest doubt but that it will double again and probably more. Texas has splendid advantages. I have computed that, with the same ratio of population as Massachusetts, we will have 50,030,000 people within our borders. Besides, we have better advantages for supporting such a population than Massachusetts. In the production of food the two States cannot be compared, and we have better facilities for manufacturing, as our water-power is superior and is open winter and summer, and then, too, we have the wool, hides and other raw materials without the cost of transportation. Texas is a splendid State."

"Don't you think it too big for one State?"

No, I do not. There was a time when this question was agitated and many influential men favored a division, but with the building of railroads all over the State the reason of it has passed away."

The Senator then spoke of

THE GROWTH OF ST. LOUIS,

and its close railroad connection with Texas, which should add greatly to its commercial prosperity, and he also chatted pleasantly about the great change which had come over the South with the advent of transportation, from the old plan of running accounts with commission merchants for the year's crop to that of buying on thirty and sixty days' time, all of which had been advantageous to the Southern people."

"Is there anything interesting in Texas politics at present?"

"No, this is an off year with us, and everything is quiet. We send a solid delegation to Congress with the exception of one—Col. Tom Ochiltree."

"Will the Ohio election effect the next Presidential campaign?"

"No, I don't think it will. There are too many local issues in the campaign. Of course the moral effect will amount to something, and it would be of advantage to either party to have Ohio. I think the Democrats stand a good chance of success there."

"What is the prospect for Democratic success in 1884."

"Excellent if the party acts at all wisely, and I think it will. The tariff is the important issue. Both parties may bid it down, but it will not down until it is settled. The people have it in their heads now and it will stay there until the proper conclusion is reached, and that conclusion in my opinion is when we have a tariff for revenue. That is in accordance with the principles of our Government and in accordance with Democratic principles. If the Democratic party has not this principle in it, there is no need for it to live. The issue is the same as that stated by Clay in his speech on the tariff compromise bill of 1833, when he said the free traders are the advocates of

A TARIFF FOR REVENUE ALONE,

and the protectionists recognize more, that a tariff should be levied for the protection of home industries. With our present debt it is folly to talk of absolute free trade, just as it is folly to talk of abolishing the internal revenue, as the Virginia and Pennsylvania platforms favor. The tax on tobacco and whisky is voluntary; no man need buy them unless he wants to, and they must bear the burden of the debt."

"Then you think the tariff-for-revenue-only plank will be in the next Democratic platform?"

"I can't say that it will, but something like that will be there."

"Isn't the party too much divided on this question?"

"No; I don't think it is. I think most Democrats are united on the principle."

"Do you think it will command strong support from the people?"

"Yes; if the operatives and employes of the country will only comprehend that the profits from protection go into the pockets of the capitalists and do not benefit the laborers, and they will come to that in time. It is bound to come. All that is needed is

FIRMNESS AND COURAGE

on the part of the Democrats such as Morrison displayed when he went into a manufacturing district and not only overcame a majority of 1,500 but gained a majority of 2,000 or so. He acted just right. He went among the employes and told them just what he thought and convinced them that he was right. The trouble is, many of our leaders are weak-kneed and haven't the courage of Bill Morrison."

"Don't you think the unsettling of business by threatening the tariff will have a bad effect?"

"That is the Republican objection. I am a Democrat, and I don't think so. The action of the Democrats in voting nearly solidly against the present abominable law passed at the last session was a notice that the party would revise the tariff."

"How about civil service reform as an issue?"

"It is a humbug. The Republicans have no idea of carrying out their own law, but if the Democrats should come into power they would hold it up to them as something that must be sacredly observed. For my part I don't believe in turning out a good officer on account of his politics, but I believe there are plenty of Democrats better fitted to fill some offices now filled by Republicans."

"Now, the nominee, Senator?"

"Can't say much about that. As for myself and the rest of the Texas Democrats, we know that the man must be selected from the North, and we are willing to accept any honest, capable man that the Northern Democrats think will command the most support in the North. I think the candidate will be a Western man. I know of no one in New York likely to be chosen. Probably Indiana or Ohio may get the nomination."

"THURMAN AND MCDONALD?"

"Either would be a fine candidate. I served in the Senate with both and I have the highest respect for both. Either one would be satisfactory to the party and I think to the country."

"You don't think there is much chance for the old ticket, then?"

"No, the time for the old ticket—so-called—is passed. It should have been renominated in 1880, but now it is too late. The party will choose a man for his own sake."

"Speaking of the tariff, would the election of Randall to the Speakership have a bad effect?"

"Yes, a very bad effect. Randall won't be elected. It would be inconsistent on the part of the Democrats and lay the party open to the charge of saying one thing and doing another. It won't do to follow Pennsylvania Democracy. Randall is a good and able man, but he won't do. I can't say who will be Speaker. I admire Carlisle very much. He is an abler man than Randall—in fact, one of the ablest in the House and would make an excellent Speaker."

"Altogether, then, you consider the party in a fair way to win?"

"Undoubtedly, if no great blunders are made, and I don't think there will be. The Republicans talk about Democratic blunders, but I know of no party that has blundered like the Republican party. Its Mahone movement, the exposures of corruption, the splits in New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and other States. Blunders, indeed! These are blunders enough to kill any party."

With this shot at the enemy the Senator threw away his cigar and closed the interview. He is accompanied by Mrs. Maxey, Mrs. Terrell, his niece, and Mr. Terrell. The party will leave for Wisconsin to-morrow morning.

Wants a Divorce.

Joseph M. Menken filed a petition for divorce against Emma Menkin in the Circuit Clerk's office to-day. The parties were married on Christmas Day, 1878, and lived together until July 23, 1883, on which latter date the plaintiff alleges he was obliged by the foul language and ill-treatment of the defendant to withdraw from the defendant. Two children, Edna, aged 3 years, and Neana aged 10 months, were born of the union, and the plaintiff asks that the custody of these children be awarded to him.

U. S. SENATOR ALLISON'S WIFE.

She Drowns Herself in Only Two and a Half Feet of Water.

CHICAGO, August 13.—A special from Dubuque, Iowa, says that the wife of U. S. Senator W. B. Allison committed suicide by drowning herself in the Mississipi River some time during last night. She left home yesterday afternoon, shortly after 1 o'clock, informing her servant she was going to one of her near neighbor,'s; instead, however, taking

HER GOSSAMER

under her arm, she went in an opposite direction, toward the country, where she has been accustomed to take almost daily walks. It was ascertained that she wandered around in the outskirts of the city during the afternoon. She was seen by several persons walking rapidly, and apparently very much excited. Not returning by 9 o'clock from the place she was supposed to be at, an alarm was given, and a search instituted and maintained throughout the night. This morning

HER BODY WAS DISCOVERED

by the outgoing train at 7 o'clock, in the river about a mile below the city. She had cut up her gossamer, placed some stones in it, and tied them securely about her neck, and then walked deliberately into the river about 35 feet from the bank, laid down and was drowned where the water was only two and a half feet deep. Mrs. Allison was of a high nervous temperament, and during the past two or three years has suffered from and been treated for mental diseases. While at the water cure establishment in Western New York in 1881, under medical treatment, she attempted to suicide in much the same manner, but she was rescued. She was the niece and adopted daughter of the late Senator Grimes of Iowa, and has been married for ten years. She has no children. Senator Allison had opened the campaign at Clarinda, Saturday, and yesterday was in Council Bluffs. A dispatch was sent him last night as soon as her disappearance became known, but it is thought he was not reached until this morning. The shocking event has thrown a gloom over the community.

GROSS' APPOINTMENT.

Sexton's Friends Still at Sea—Will Gross be Confirmed?

The appointment by Mayor Ewing of Assistant Eugene Gross to be Chief of the Fire Department continues to be as great a mystery as ever. The Mayor, as he has done on several other occasions after making an important move, bolted off for Vincennes last Saturday morning. President Parker of the City Council was Acting Mayor today. He understood that the Mayor would be absent for several days. Lyndon Smith, the Mayor's private secretary, was as uncommunicative as usual upon such subjects, but is very much exercised over an alleged interview in a morning paper of Saturday, putting into his mouth words that he never uttered, nor even conceived. His personal friendship for the old Chief is well known, and of it he is very proud; and he remarked that his friendship for Sexton was not any less than that of the Mayor himself, which has been shown by him almost daily during the past two years.

Chief Sexton, when seen this morning, could only reiterate what he had to say on Saturday: that he was never so surprised in all his life as he was when he received the news last Friday night. It is a singular fact that every person talked to on the subject, who knows Gross, speaks of him in the highest terms, and urge his fitness. All others, simply say that they do not know the man. Members of the Fire Department are among his warmest admirers. Gross has always been a friend and protege of Sexton's and keenly feels the delicacy of his position. This is perhaps the foundation for the rumor in circulation this morning that Gross would send a letter to the Mayor asking that his name be withdrawn. One of the first theories advanced was that the Mayor disapproved of Sexton's action in the Carondelet insubordination case. This theory meets with no favor, however. Politicians recall the fact that Ed Devov and W. H. Stone, of the late Solid Seven, were very kindly disposed toward Sexton, and his nomination would have been confirmed if it were not withdrawn. There seemed to be an understanding that the Seven were solid for Sexton. It is announced, therefore, that the Mayor, to satisfy himself that the Seven had really succumbed, sends in the name of Gross as a feeler. If Gross is not confirmed the Mayor will conclude that an effort is being made to force Sexton upon him, and he will refuse to send in any more names this session. Gross has always been counted as a Republican, though at no time has he been actively engaged in politics. He was born in the Fourth Ward and learned his trade in Allen's foundry, and then went to work at the Mound City Engine House. This does not speak well for his Republicanism.

SHOT AT HIS MOTHER.

John Weakley Arrested on a Serious Charge To-day.

At noon to-day John Weakley, a puny young fellow of years, was arrested for the attempted murder of his mother at her home on Austin near Sixteenth street. At the Central Station Mrs. Weakley made the following statement: "He is my son, but he tried to kill me this morning, and I want to have him arrested. He lived at home, but I was obliged to send him away because he got drunk and brought lewd women about there. A short time ago he promised to do better and I let him come back, but he began to behave badly again and I had to put him away because he would not work to help support me. He came to the house early to-day and began to raise trouble. I ordered him away and shortly before noon he came back. I heard some one outside and went to the window to see who it was when a woman, who was with him said: 'There she is, Jack, shoot now.' He fired, and the bullet went through the door and lodged in the back room. He fired two other shots, but I don't know what damage they caused. The woman ran away, but the officers arrived soon after and arrested him."

On the advice of Capt. Fruchte the mother swore out a warrant for assault to kill against her worthless son.

FOUR COURTS NOTES.

A Young Man Arrested on a Charge of Embezzlement.

To-day Fred A. Taylor was arrested on a charge of embezzling $75 from Julia B. Crosley. The witnesses are Judge Phillipps, M. Stewart and Mr. Henry Huthsing, of the McDonough Detective Agency. The money was collected as rent.

A warrant for assault and battery was issued to-day against Wm. Erwin.

Charles F. Anderson gave bond to-day to answer a charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses. The details of the charge are that he obtained a lot of furniture on a promissory note from Arthur Fleisher.

Gregory F. Powers pleaded guilty to-day to stealing $4 from his brother-in-law and was sent to jail for one day.

Steve Peters, who represented that he was Mayor Ewing's right-hand man and could get fines stayed for $6, was sent to the Work House for six months.

George Lavender was sent to jail for one day for climbing on railroad cars.

Hugh Ferguson was fined $1 to-day for driving a horse which was unfit for use. A fine of $1 was also entered in the case of Peter Druier, charged with cruelty to animals.

A Breach of Contract.

H. L. Jarboe, a citizen of Kansas, this morning brought suit in the United States District Court against Henry Berelzheimer, a citizen of Missouri, based on a contract entered into between the parties to the suit on May 8, 1883, for the sale to the plaintiff of the defendant's entire stock of dry goods, etc., located in the town of Shelbina, Mo. the parties further agreed that the goods were to be invoiced at cost, and that the plaintiff was to occupy the store until October 1, 1883, if he so desired, without charge. The defendant agreed to purchase certain premises in the city of Burlington, Kan., known as Jarboe's Opera House, for $16,800, the parties to effect an exchange as far as possible, and the remainder the defendant was to give his notes bearing 7 per cent. interest. The goods, when appraised, were found to be worth $12,500. The plaintiff alleges that he was ready to perform his part of the contract, but that the defendant failed, and refused to perform his part. For which breach of contract the plaintiff asks judgment in the sum of $500.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Reverberated Cholera Alarm in Holland.

The French Elections—The Meeting of the Emperors—The Cholera—The Porte's Negotiations—The Hague—Cable Clicks.

Spain.

LONDON, August 13.—The Times' Madrid correspondent says that an order has been issued by the authorities forbidding the printing of any news touching the insurrectionary movements in Spain, except what is officially supplied from the Home office, and cautioning editors of papers to abstain from comments upon current events. The correspondent adds that the strictest censorship continues on telegrams.

Alsace-Lorraine.

STRASBURG, August 13.—The newspaper which Antoine, a member of the Protect party in the Chamber of Deputies, intended to publish, but was prevented by Gen. Von Manteuffel, the Governor of Alsace-Lorraine, from establishing at Metz, will be printed at Paris.

Italy.

LONDON, August 13.—The correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says that the chief prelates of the Roman Catholic Church in Europe and America will assemble at the Vatican in November next, as the Pope desires to consult with them as to the means of maintaining friendly relations with all the powers.

Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 13.—It is stated that the Porte intends to transfer the negotiations in relation to the treaty of commerce with America and the license tax from Constantinople to Washington.

Austro-Hungary.

VIENNA, August 13.—The advices from Frohsdorff this morning state that the condition of Count Chambord is worse.

AN IMPERIAL INTERVIEW.

VIENNA, August 13.—The Emperor of Austria and King of Servia will have an interview in Hungary next month.

France.

PARIS, August 13.—The returns thus far received of the elections for the members of Council General show the net Republican gain to be 63.

India.

PARIS, August 13.—The Burmez Embassy have arrived in Paris, and paid a visit to Challomel Lacour, the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Holland.

THE HAGUE, August 13.—The Dutch government have received telegrams from Atchin announcing that the cholera is epidemic there.

Belgium.

ANTWERP, August 13.—The markets here are closed to day and will remain closed until Thursday.

England.

LONDON, August 13.—Amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £99,000.

Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, August 13.—There were a number of deaths here yesterday from cholera.

ELEVEN DEATHS.

CAIRO, August 13.—There were eleven deaths from cholera here yesterday.

THE LABOR COMMITTEE.

The Low Compensation of the Strikers—A Gradual Cutting of Salaries.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The sub-committee of the United States Senate Committee on Labor and Education began its sessions to-day, in the Post Office building. The members present were Senators Blair of New Hampshire, chairman; George of Mississippi, Pugh of Alabama, Call of Florida, and Aldrich of Rhode Island. The special subject of the investigation in the strikes and labor movements is the general object of being to obtain information which may be used in securing future legislation to prevent them. The first witness to-day was Master Workman John Campbell, of Pittsburg. He testified that he had been a telegraph operator over twenty years, and had been connected with the Knights of Labor and the Brotherhood of Telegraphers two years. There were between 18,000 and 19,000 telegraphers in the United States and Canada members of the Brotherhood, and the whole membership was about 22,000. The cause of the strike was a refusal to grant the demand on the part of the operators for increased compensation, decrease in hours and extra compensation for Sunday. Since 1870 the salaries of telegraph operators have been systematically cut down, and the object of the strike was to bring the rate of compensation back to the former standard. The operators

WERE NOW PAID AS FIXED

salary per month, the average rate throughout the country being about $54 for commercial operators and $39 per month for railroad operators. The average rate for railroad operators in Pennsylvania by actual census was $38 85 per month. The rate of wages for first-class commercial operators now range from $80 to $85 per month. The salaries in New York City were higher than those in the smaller cities with the exception of New Orleans, Memphis and Nashville, where the scale of wages was about equal to that in this city.

THE LOWEST RATES

for commercial operators were from $35 to $40 per month for operators at small way stations. Before the reduction in wages the rates were from 35 to 40 per cent. higher than at present. In 1870 a first-class operator could make from $90 to $120 a month. These rates extended back to the time of the beginning of the war, when the scale was about the same as at present for railroad operators, and that for commercial men a little higher.

FURTHER DETAILS.

Campbell recited the history of the strike since it begun. There was a convention of the Brotherhood, he said, held in Chicago last March, at which a bill of grievances was drawn up. This was presented to the different local assemblies of the Brotherhood throughout the United States and Canada, who unanimously ratified the action of the convention. Returns to the executive board were made about two months ago, and a committee was instructed to present the demands of the operators to the different companies; and they were also empowered to arbitrate upon all propositions that might be made by the companies.

A COLD-BLOODED MURDER.

Texas Bill Kills a Baker Named Denger—A Midnight Lynching.

HUTCHINSON, KAN., August 13.—The city was thrown into a turmoil of excitement at noon yesterday by the murder of a baker named Denger by one Emmerson, alias Texas Bill. As far as can be learned it was a cold-blooded affair. Threats were freely made to lynch immediately afterwards but such threats not attempted until 11 o'clock last night, at which time sixty masked men went to the jail, hammered down the doors and would have succeeded in their undertaking but for the timely arrival of the sheriff and posse. Although baffled in their first attempt the lynchers declare they will string him up before morning. Emmerson is credited with having killed several men during his life time, and is 53 years old.

Another Hotel Flash.

PHILADELPHIA, August 13.—The hotel at Deston, on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, about eight miles from this city, was burned to the ground this morning. Particulars not yet ascertained.

THE PARTICULARS DELAYED.

PHILADELPHIA, August 13.—Telegraph wires are burned and particulars can only be received by train, no loss of life.

A New York Failure.

NEW YORK, 2:30 P. M.—The failure of Cecil Ward & Co. has just been announced at the Stock Exchange. The liabilities are said to be under $60,000.

The Indiana Banks.

LAWRENCEBURG, IND., August 13.—Bank Examiner Hay and a committee of depositors are still at work investigating the affairs of the City National Bank. The books were found to be correct, and enough is known to justify the statement that the depositors will be fully paid, though it may be a month before payment begins. The rumors of uneasiness at the People's National Bank are declared to be totally unfounded. The excitement has died out.

DECLINE IN STOCKS.

The Market Considerably Depressed the Past Week.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Much surprise and some consternation exists among the bulls of the stock market concerning the steady decline of the market, which has been going on for the past week. About two weeks ago stocks fell with a thump, but before the day passed the market had recovered itself and all fear was dispelled. The average fear of depression at that time on all holders of stock was nearly 40 per cent. Well-known brokers and bankers averred that there was really no cause for fluctuations, as affairs throughout the country were steady and money plentiful. This second flurry, as before, seemed as inexplicable. On the first telegram being received from Europe, asking the reason of the depression, one well-known broker cabled back: "Ask us something easy."

Drexel, Morgan & Co. said this morning: "We can give no other reason for the heavy market except that there are more sellers than buyers."

H. S. F. Stanton, a stock-broker, said the trouble can be traced directly to Jay Gould, who is endeavoring to obtain control of the Villard stocks, consisting of the Oregon Trans-Continental, and Northern Pacific Railroad, and the Oregon Steam and Navigation Company. These stocks are said to represent interests valued at $350,000,000. The Northern Pacific is preferred, and New York Central and the St. Paul stock has not been raided so as to affect their position. The Northwestern, Lake Shore, Union Pacific and a few others have been run into, caused, it is said, by orders from the London market at the office of Fisk & Hatch. It was said that the low prices may have attracted orders from London. During the past week the Western Union has fallen about six points, Northern Pacific has fallen about ten points, and, in fact, a shrinkage is noticeable in all real dividend-paying stock.

THE KIMBALL HOUSE FIRE.

A $720,000 Blaze in Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., August 13.—The loss by the Kimball House fire was $600,000 on the building and $125,000 on the furniture. On the whole amount there is only $80,000 insurance. One reason why the owner carried so little insurance was because of the high rate charged. The Kimball House was considered the worst risk in the city. A rate of 2¼ per cent. was charged, while on ordinary central property only 1 per cent. was charged. The Republic block just opposite was insured at 1¼ per cent., an addition of ¼ being made because of the proximity of the block to the hotel. Mr. Scoville, the proprietor of the hotel, spent $20,000 on improvements and furniture when he was preparing for the Exposition. He carried a policy of $10,000 on this up to a year ago, when he declined a renewal. At the time of the fire he had only $1,200 insurance.

The Vineyard Haven Blaze.

COTTAGE CITY, MASS., August 13.—Thousands of people visited the scene of the fire at the Vineyard Haven on Sunday. The people seem not to be disheartened, and many are already arranging to rebuild. Scores of homeless ones unprovided for will be cared for temporarily by a relief committee. Sixteen hundred dollars was subscribed by the citizens on the Island yesterday for the relief of the sufferers.

A Sad Accident.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ALTON, ILL., August 13.—About 1 o'clock to-day a heavy spirit level fell from the window of the carpenter shop of J. H. Streeper, which is above his store in upper Alton. The heavy implement struck Mrs. Streeper, who was standing near the front door, on the head, fracturing her skull. Her recovery is not expected.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, August 13.—The first race of a mile and seventy yards—Violator first, Brocade second, Referee third. Time, 1:49.

The second race of three-quarters of a mile heats—First heat was won by Jim Nelson, Carson second, Little Emily third. Time, 1:16½.

A Pleasure Steamer Sunk.

CHICAGO, August. 13.—The small pleasure steamer Charmer, with a pleasure party of fourteen on board, sunk last night off South Chicago, but the passengers were all picked up by the steamer Cupid, which happened to be passing.

SUNDAY STREET CARS.

The Court Decides in Their Favor—The Cases Against Them Will be Dismissed.

This afternoon Judge Noonan gave a decision in the street car cases. The case under advisement was that of P. Chouteau Maffitt, president of the Missouri Street Car Company, which ran its cars regularly on the 29th ult. and 5th and 12th insts. The case was tried last Wednesday, when Turner & Morris and N. C. Claiborne submitted a brief, arguing that the street cars were chartered, and under the provisions of that charter were obliged to run every day, within certain hours, and furthermore that the old statute of 1814 exempted ferrymen, who were the only public carriers. This has not been amended in this regard, so that the law should still be interpreted as exempting all public carriers. The defense maintained that street cars were a necessity, and were not to be considered as violations of the Sunday law. On these reasons a motion to sustain was based. The decision was as follows: "Under section 1578 it devolves upon the State to go one step further than promising simply the running of a street railroad for business purposes on the first day of the week known as Sunday. The State must show that the carrying on of this business is a work other than that of necessity. This necessarily calls for proof of a negative. In misdemeanors it will often be found that this character of proof becomes necessary, as for instance, the selling of goods and merchandise, not the product and manufacture of this State by a peddler without license. (2 Wagner, 979, Sec. 1.) Also now amended, see page 1,271, chapter 137, section 6,471, Revised Statutes, Ref. 45 Mo., pages 429 and 430, State vs. Hirsch. The State has not introduced any witnesses to show that the work of running a street railway is not a necessity. This is necessary. The instruction asked for will be given."

Accordingly Judge Noonan instructed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty.

Prosecuting Attorney Claiborne was asked what effect this decision would have on the remaining street car cases and said, "As I can't prove they are not a necessity I will have to dismiss all the cases."

A Suspected Crook.

Abraham Fennon, a colored roustabout and suspected crook, was arrested in the cellar of a levee saloon at 3 o'clock this afternoon by the Chestnut street Patrol force after breaking away from Detective Eggs. Fennon was walking along 4th street, near Market, wearing a silk cloak and a quantity of jewelry when accosted by the detective, but was unable to give a satisfactory account of the manner in which he came into possession of the valuables. The negro quietly submitted to arrest and walked to the alley opposite the Chestnut Street Police Station, when he wrenched loose from the officer and ran through the alley. A shot was fired at the fugitive, but missed the mark, the negro running to the levee and Market street, where he was found by the patrol force.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued to-day: A. Claude Gunn to Miss Ophelia May Hughey; August Wiese to Miss Dora Smith; Willie A. Pearson to Miss Belle Floyd; James McManemin to Miss Alice Walsh; Benjamin Olliges to Miss Agnes Herzog; Jackson Miller to Miss Eliza Wright; Michael Forster, Jr. to Miss Minnie Fishbeck; James Boro to Miss Mary Cavagnaro and Columbus Strohen to Miss Carrie Leathauser.

A Shark in the Shoals.

This afternoon Mr. Presley N. Jones appeared in the Court of Criminal Correction and moved that D. H. Evans and Henry Wilson, who are under $2,000 bond, be required to give better bond. Evans and Wilson are the money lenders at North Seventh street who are held in bond on charges of grand larceny by Judge Noonan. Under his sworn statement to-day the bond was held sufficient.

Weather Report.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., August 13, 1883.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	D. P.	Dir.	Vel.	Weather.
6:07 a. m.	30.071	70.3	67.8	N	9	Cloudy.
10:07 a. m.	30.109	72.9	69.2	N	9	Fair.
2:07 p. m.	30.074	81.8	66.2	N	8	Fair.

Maximum temperature, 83.0.
Minimum temperature, 70.3.
Rainfall, inappreciable.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergt. Signal Corps, U. S. A.

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J. H. WEBER,
Sergt. Signal Corps, U. S. A.

A ROMAN CONFERENCE.

The Delegates Who Will Represent the Jesuits at the Pontifical City.

A gentleman well posted in matters ecclesiastical stated to a POST-DISPATCH repoprter this morning that the Conference of American Archbishops of the Roman Catholic Church which is to be held in Rome obediently to an order of the Supreme Pontiff will probably take place in November next. Preliminary to the conference in Rome a council of the archbishops will most likely be held in Baltimore. The Pope has also invited each of the religious orders in the United States to attend the conference in Rome. Very Rev. Father Kelly, president of the Jesuit Theological Seminary at Georgetown, D. C., and for many years Provincial of the Province of Georgetown, and Very Rev. Father Higgins, pastor of St. Xavier's Church in this city, are the delegates chosen to represent the order of St. Ignatius Loyola at Rome. The reporter's informant went on to say that it was the opinion in church circles that the Gleason case was the original occasion for summoning the conference.

CITY PERSONALS.

Capt. Fred B. Pike, Deputy Harbor Commissioner, will return to-morrow from St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. Hurst returned this morning from Lake Minnetonka, where they have been spending the past month.

Geo. W. Prescott, superintendent of motive power and machinery of the Texas and St. Louis, returns from Texas to-morrow.

Col. Theo. Hyatt, president of the Pennsylvania Military Academy, will be at the Southern Hotel August 18 and 20 on official business.

Mrs. W. N. Brennan, wife of Dr. Wm. N. Brennan, of Olive street, will leave this evening on the steamer St. Paul for the northern watering places.

M. Sanchez-Navasso, J. Lorano and P. de Cerrevantes, a party of gentlemen from the City of Mexico on a pleasure trip, are stopping at the Southern to-day.

J. T. Farrell of W. W. Judy & Co., has returned from a trip to the East. Mr. Farrell, while away, gave his personal attention toward the interest of his firm in the game business, besides enjoying the pleasure of visits to the principal seaside resorts.

ABOUT TOWN.

JOS. DOWDALL Division, U. R. Knights of Pythias, are arranging for a picnic.

TWENTY-SEVEN burial permits were issued by the Clerk of the Board of Health this morning.

THE Colorado, Capt. H. G. Carson, took out the Zion M. E. Church (colored) congregation to-day on an excursion thirty-five miles up the river.

HENRY MAY has taken out a permit to erect four tenement houses on Exchange street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth, to cost $7,000.

MR. GEORGE LOEBS and a party of friends tendered Mr. Henry Besch and bride a serenade on Iowa and Cherokee streets last Saturday evening, the occasion being the return of the young couple from their bridal tour.

THE butchers and gardeners of the Union Market assembled last evening and presented a magnificent gold-headed cane to Mr. John J. Fritch, the retiring market master. In the address the spokesman stated that all recognized his efficiency and ability in having made the best market master ever at the Union Market.

THE picnic party which went down the river yesterday on the Charles P. Chouteau, under the auspices of St. Bridget's Council, Knights of Father Matthew, to Arnold's Landing, was the lagest of the season. Messrs. Burke, McCreevy and Dill, who had charge of the dancing arrangements, deserve special credit for the orderly manner in which their part of the proceedings was carried out.

THERE was a funeral at the residence of Clay Sexton this morning, which was attended by all the boys in the neighborhood, and poor "Prince," young Clay's skye terrier, was laid peacefully to rest in the yard of the big hearted Fire Chief's residence. The Chief's grandchildren were present and brought with them several bouquets, and several other floral offerings were strewn over the primitive grave. Prince was a great favorite with the children and even the grown persons up on Thomas street, and he could "catch and field" a base-ball equal to a professional. He met his fate under the wheels of the Seventeens' hose reel yesterday afternoon.

A Transaction in Ice.

A suit was filed in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court by Fredolin W. Auchultz, a citizen of Iowa, against Herman Miller and Anton Wagenhaeuser, doing business as Miller & Wagenhaeuser in this city. The petition states that in April, 1882, the defendants contracted with the plaintiff to purchase from him a certain lot of ice, then stored in the city of Keokuk, Iowa, at the price of $3 per ton; that the ice when measured amounted to 843½ tons and was delivered to and accepted by the defendants; that in this measure the defendants became indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of $2,530 50, and that there is a balance due plaintiff of $1,030 50 remaining unpaid, for which the plaintiff asks payment. For a further cause of action the plaintiff states that, at the request of the defendants, he advanced moneys to laborers and did certain work in assisting the defendants to store the ice before mentioned, whereby the defendants became indebted to the plaintiff in the further sum of $237 15, for which he asks judgment.

Legal Notes.

A suit was instituted in the Circuit Court to-day by the Hooker-Colville Steam Pump Company against Frank Ring, James J. Ring and Mary Ring, comprising the firm of Edward Ring & Sons The suit is for the recovery of $375 alleged to be due for one Hooker direct acting hydraulic steam pump which the plaintiff built for the defendant.

John W. Thomas doing business at De Soto, Mo., was brought to St. Louis this morning by Deputy U. S. Marshal Wheeler on the charge of carrying on the business of a cigar maker without putting up the sign required by law, and for failing to make entries in his books daily of cigars manufactured and tobacco purchased. He was released on bail.

A suit on mechanics' lien for $546 75 was instituted to-day by Horace Fairbanks, Thaddeus Fairbanks, Franklin Fairbanks and others, doing business as Fairbanks & Co., against the Atlantic Milling Company.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

DEFAULTED BONDS

Of Missouri, Kansas, Illinois and Arkansas Adjusted, Bought and Sold by

H. E. WEBER & CO.,

Successors to WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

208 N. Third Street.

Dealers in STOCKS, BONDS AND NOTES and securities of every description. Stocks and Bonds carried on margin.

Established 1858.

BUDD & WADE,

Financial agents for Eastern capitalists, 612 Olive st. Real estate loans at 6 per cent. and privilege of paying principal before maturity, either in part or whole

MONEY.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, 11:30 A. M., August 13.—There was intense excitement at the Stock Exchange at opening. At 11 o'clock this morning heavy blocks of stock were thrown upon the market and prices declined ½ to 3¼ as compared with Saturday's closing figures. The greatest break was in the Northern Pacific, Oregon Transcontinental, Erie, Western Union, Union Pacific, and Southwestern shares.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The break in prices to-day was due entirely to an attack by bears, as there is nothing new in the financial situation which would cause such a sharp decline. Many operators bought on the break Saturday for a turn, but they were shaken out this morning, and with this accelerated decline there are the usual rumors afloat of financial embarrassment of individuals and firms, but no names are mentioned.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, NOON, August 13.—Threes 103¼, 4½s 112¾, 4s 119, Pacific 6s of '95, 128 bid. Money easy at 2½@3; prime mercantile 5@6. Bar silver 110. Exchange steady at 483 long; 487 sight. Governments barely steady for 4s and 4½s and firm for 3s. States dull. Railroads lower. Stocks have been a fraction better since 11:30. Western Union tallied from 75¼ to 77½, and Erie from 28¼ to 29¼.

COMMERCE.

St. Louis and Chicago.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat lower, closing $1 06⅜ August; $1 07⅝@1 08 a. September; $1 10¼@1 10¼ October; $1 12½ November; $1 06⅜ year. Corn lower; 46⅜ a August; 46⅜ a. September; 46⅜ October; 43¾ November; 41½ year; 44 May. Oats firm; 24¾ August; 24¾ September; 25½ October; 24⅝ year; 29 May. Provisions lower. Hogs lower.

CHICAGO.

Wheat lower, closing at $1 01 August; $1 02⅝ September; $1 04¼ October; $1 05½ November; $1 01 year. Corn lower, 50¼ August; 49½@49⅝ September; 49¼ October; 47¼ November; 45⅛ year; 46¼ May. Oats lower; 25¼ August; 25½ September; 26 October; 25¼ year; 28⅞ May. Rye—60¼ August. Provisions lower. Pork—$11 82½ August; $11 90 September; $12 02½ October; $11 52 year; $12 15 January. Lard—8 August; 8.02½@8.05 September; 8.10 October; 8 November; 7.90 year; 8.07½ January. Short ribs—6.57½ August; 6.57½ September; 6.47½ October; 6.15 year; 6.20 January.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	1,076,188	663,966	74,664	49,865	10,660
Saturday	1,028,343	651,255	79,374	50,766	10,660

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	238,905	97,325	52,265	26,936
Chicago	38,553	241,803	125,272	356,786
Milwaukee	13,173	4,820	1,025	2,584
Baltimore	176,416	27,581	130,398	17,143
Toledo	174,000	21,000	159,000	49,000
New York	139,612	93,348	239,701	293,927

Chicago inspections—49 cars spring wheat, 138 cars winter wheat, 791 cars corn, 192 cars oats, 75 cars rye; 3 cars barley; by canal 10,300 bu. oats.

Withdrawals of Grain

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR 24 HOURS ENDING SATURDAY.

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total
Wheat	8,348	43,917	......	52,265
Corn	6,121	20,815	......	26,936
Oats	4,315	3,888	......	8,203
Rye	307	......	......	307
Barley	......	......	......	......

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company, rooms 208 and 210 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

Grain.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—August $1 01; September $1 02⅝; October $1 04¼; November $1 05½; year $1 01.

Corn—August 50¼; September 49½@⅝; October 49¼; November 47½; year 45⅛; May 46¼.

Oats—August 25½; September 25¼; October 26; year 25¼; May 28⅞.

BALTIMORE.

Wheat—August $1 16¼@1 16⅜; September $1 17⅝@1 17¾; October $1 19½@1 19⅝; December $1 23⅝.

Corn—August 60¾@61; September 60½@61; October 60¼ b.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—August $1 11½; September $1 12⅜; October $1 14¾; November $1 16½; year ——; January ——.

Corn—August 53; September 53; October 54.

Oats—August 28 b.; September 28 b.

NEW YORK.

Futures closed steady: August 10.21; September 10.24; October 10.14; November 10.11; December 10.15; January 10.24; February 10.35; March 10.46; April 10.57; May 10.68. Sales 89,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Futures at 2:07 p. m.: September 9.66; October 9.75; November 9.80; December 9.86; January 9.99; February 10.10; March 10.21. Sales 17,600 bales.

Provisions.

CHICAGO.

Pork—August $11 82½ n.; September $11 90; October $12 02½; year $11 50; January $12 15.

Lard—August 8 n.; September 8.02½@8.05; October 8.10; November 8 a.; year 7.90; January 8.07½.

Short ribs—August 6.37½ n.; September 6.37½; October 6.47½; year 6.15; January 6.20.

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—2 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 6 cars No. 3 do., 135 cars and 9,305 sks No. 2 red, 106 cars and 3,538 sks No. 3 red, 26 cars and 1,512 sks No. 4, 20 cars and 2,775 sks rejected, 5 cars no-grade; total 300 cars and 17,130 sks.

Corn—9 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 6 cars rejected do, 64 cars No. 2 mixed, 10 cars rejected, 3 cars no-grade; total 92 cars.

Oats—12 cars No. 2, 4 cars rejected, 3 cars no-grade; total 19 cars.

Total in 411 cars and 17,130 sks.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—2 cars No. 3 Turkey, 6 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 32 cars No. 2 red. 36 cars No. 3 do, 8 cars No. 4, 5 cars rejected; total 89 cars.

Corn—25 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 7 cars No. 2 mixed, 5 cars rejected; total 37 cars.

Oats—7 cars No. 2, 1 car rejected; total 8 cars.

Total out 134 cars.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

No afternoon session of the Merchants' Exchange will be held until September 10. Monday's board opens at 10:15 a. m.; on other days at 9:15 a. m.

Late selling of wheat in New York is said to be on long account, dissatisfaction with the attitude of exporters leading a good many of the longs to get out.——The premature advance to 67c of August corn in New York has already set in motion a good deal of corn for that market, and special overtures have been made by the clique to exporters, contemplating the shipment of a large quantity out of the country.——With regard to the prospects of the harvests in France, the Economiste Francais of the 20th ult., says that the weather was last week less favorable, but no serious complaints had been heard of, at least so far as the grain crops were concerned. The harvest was in full swing and in the south some wheat had been threshed. No clear statements of the results had been made known, but it was believed that they were not very favorable. In other departments, however, hopes of a good yield were confidently entertained. The potato and beet-root crops presented an excellent appearance. Colza is but a moderate crop, except in the neighborhood of Havre, where it is altogether satisfactory.——The visible supple of cotton on August 10 was as follows:

	1883.	1882.	1881.
Great Britain stocks	979,000	738,100	807,900
Continental stocks	316,700	225,600	349,000
India afloat for Europe	210,000	300,000	231,000
American afloat for Europe	65,000	61,000	137,000
Egypt Brazil,&c afloat for Europe	22,000	10,000	23,000
Stock at United States ports	274,482	155,568	227,970
Stock in interior towns	44,578	17,125	43,365
United States exports August 10	1,800	2,100	3,800
Total visible	1,914,460	1,512,493	1,823,035

A telegram was received this morning from Chicago asking if there were any failures in this city, as a report to that effect prevailed in that market. The answer was one of positive denial. No financial trouble is known of here in any line of business, and none is feared. Speaking of this a member remarked: "The only failure I can hear of is the failure of Chicago to unload her long stuff on St. Louis."——Frank Mitchell, a well-known grain operator on the floor, and lately with the firm of W. F. Anderson & Co., has formed a connection with George Martin in the grain export business. Mr. Mitchell has been engaged in the grain trade in this market for several years, and understands it well and thoroughly.——Toledo's stock of grain this morning was 1,369,861 bu wheat, 229,244 bu corn, 57,356 bu oats and 24,812 bu rye. This is an increase from last Monday of 426,000 bu in wheat, 11,500 bu in corn, 27,500 bu in oats and 10,000 bu in rye.——A certain well-known commission merchant on the floor, who stands very high (about 6 feet 4 inches), went fishing yesterday, and while in the center of the lake engaged in beguiling the innocent fish, his boat was run into and some one fell into the water. Spectators of the scene that ensued say the way that W. K. C. M. struck out for shore would have shamed any professional swimmer.——Milwaukee's stock of wheat has decreased 55,000 bu to $1,555,608 bu, and corn has increased 8,800 bu to 67,937 bu.——Wheat futures worked in a nervous and unsettled manner to-day. European advices were encouraging, cables reporting a strong market, with advances of 6d to 1s in wheat off coast and 3d higher to arrive. Receipts at the Western markets were the heaviest of the season, running about 239,000 bu here, 680 cars in Toledo and 187 cars in Chicago. New York was weak, failing to respond at all to the strong cables, and declining in price after the opening. The feeling was said to be uneasy there regarding the financial situation, and as stocks were breaking down this feeling of distrust became intensified. Chicago exhibited a good deal of weakness most of the time, the fear of financial trouble prevailing in that market, as well as in New York. Selling orders were said to be large in Chicago, and it was reported that Lindblohm was letting go of large lines, also. Toledo opened firmer, but the heavy receipts and general weakness elsewhere finally made their effects felt, and that market also gave way. Locally, the market was extremely nervous. Prices naturally let down, but there was not much disposition shown to sell with any freedom. Operators were very cautious and were seemingly afraid to do much, so that trading was very light. For a short time after 12 o'clock a very weak feeling was seen and prices then got down to their lowest point, but from this there was a sharp reaction and under an anxious demand prices shot up. This show of strength was short-lived, for presently a decided drop was seen in Chicago and the home market at once followed suit. From thence on to 1 o'clock there was free selling, and the close was at declines of ⅛c for August, ⅝@¾c for September, ¾@⅞c for October, ⅝c for November, and ½@¾c for year, from Saturday's close.

Corn was weak and declined. Receipts were large in the Western markets, and, though cables were firm and higher, they failed to affect prices any. There was little disposition shown to trade by anyone, but, if anything, sellers rather outnumbered buyers and values gradually went down, closing ⅛@⅜c below last Saturday's latest rates. Oats were firm and there was an active demand for them, especially for May, but that options eased off late when all the other markets were declining, and at close was ⅛c below Saturday's close, while other options were steady to ⅛c better. Cash grades of wheat were firm at the call, No. 3 red and No. 4 improving in value, as the shipping demand for these two was very active, with a good many buyers in the field. No. 2 red was still taken mainly by speculators. Cash No. 2 mixed corn declined with futures, but all offered was taken by exporters; No. 2 white-mixed was quiet and about steady, but rejected do declined and was dull; rejected was in order request. Cash oats were scarce and met ready sale to order and local buyers at strong prices.

Wheat—Receipts 26,180 sks, 170,000 bu. No. 2 red $1 06¾@1 06½ regular; August $1 06⅜@1 06⅞ to $1 07, closing at $1 06⅜ bid; September $1 08⅛ to $1 08 and late $1 07⅞@1 08 asked; October $1 10⅞ to $1 10½, closing at $1 10¼@1 10¼; November $1 13⅛ to $1 12½; year $1 06⅜ asked at close; No. 3 red $1 01@1 01¾ this and $1 02@1 02½ E. side; No. 4 94½ this and 95@95½ E. side; rejected 85 this and 86¼@85½ E. side; No.2 Mediterranean $1 08 in St. L. and C., $1 08½ bid E. side; No. 3 do $1 01 bid for C.

Corn—Receipts 4,390 sks, 86,350 bu. No. 2 mixed 46 regular; August 46½ to 46¼, closing at 46⅜ asked; September 46½ to 46⅝; October 47 to 46⅝; November 44 and later 43⅞ asked; year 42 to 41½; May 44; No. 2 white-mixed 46¼ regular, 46½ in St. L.; rejected do 43½ in St. L. and A.; rejected 41¼ in St. L., 41¼@41⅝ in C., 42⅝ bid E side; no grade 35 bid for C. E and A.

Oats—Receipts 1,682 sks. 13,500 bu.; No. 2 cash 25¼ in D, 25½@25¾ in St. L. 26 bid for E.; August 24¾; September 24¾ bid; October 25⅛; year 24⅝; May 29¼ to 29; rejected 25 to 24¾ in D., 25 in St. L.; no-grade 23@23½ in St. L.

Rye—Receipts 207 sks. 550 bu. There were no offerings of grades, and the market was consequently nominal, as buyers would make no bids for anything. Some samples rejected sold at 56.

Flour—Receipts 7,181 brls. No change of any material consequence. There were some export inquiries received, but nothing resulted, owing to the prices asked. Trade was confined entirely to filling small order lots, and the prices obtained were low down and far from satisfactory to the manufacturer. Quotations were as follows: (The inside price for strong grades and outside lots between grades): Extra fancy $5 35@5 50: fancy $5 10@5 25: choice $4 60@4 70; family $3 75@3 85: xxx $3 35@3 50; xx $3 00@3 15: x $2 60@2 85; superfine $2 40@2 60; fine $2 10@2 25; patent $5 75@6 25. These prices are for lots on arrivals at depot and levee; favorite brands 25c more and order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Lower at $2 45@2 50 on orders del.: pearl meal grits and hominy $3 50@3 60.

Rye Flour—Unchanged at $3 50@3 75.

Millfeed—Steady and in good demand. Sacked bran 59@60 at country points, 60 E. track, 57@57½ at mill; bulk bran 50 E. track, 51 at country points.

Hay—Receipts 277 tons. No change to note, choice grades alone being sought for, as the demand came from local feeders alone. Quotations are as follows, the outside representing old hay: This side—: Prairie: $7@8; for prime to choice; common to choice clover mixed $5@11; timothy $9@10 for prime; $11@12 for strictly prime; $13@15 for choice; $16@17 fancy. East track,—Mixed @10; timothy $8@12 for prime to cho ce; $15@16 for fancy.

Provisions—Receipts 620 lbs hams, 193,600 lbs meats, 100 lbs lard. The market was disgustingly dull to-day, and besides that was lower. Outside advices were all depressing, with declines elsewhere, and a general feeling of mistrust regarding the financial situation helping to unsettle confidence. In pork the only sales were of hardside at $12 75, standard mess being offered at $13 and unsold. The best bid for prime steam lard was 7½. Dry salt meats were entirely nominal, loose f. o. b. at 6 for shoulders, 6½ for longs, 6.70 for c'ribs, 7.95 for shorts. Packed bacon shorts sold in a small way at 7.85@7½; shoulders quotable at 6⅞, longs at 7¼, c'ribs at 7½. Hams 13½@14½. Tallow 6¾@7 for prime summer in oil barrels; No. 2 6¼@6½ and irregular packages 6½@6¾ grease tallow 6. Breakfast bacon 12½@13 for boneless; on orders 13½. Grease 4¾@5 for brown, 5¾@6¼ for yellow 6½@7 for white. Beef—Extra mess $15@16 per barrel according to brand; $8@8 50 per half barrel; dried 18@20 ⅌ lb. Fresh smoked tongues $6@7 ⅌ dozen. Salt—Domestic $1 25 this side, $1 20 E. side per barrel; ground alum $1 15 per sack for round lots, $1 20@1 25 in a small way.

Highwines—Steady. Sales 200 brls at $1 14. Chicago $1 16; Peoria $1 15; Cincinnati $1 13.

Lead—Weaker and very quiet. Sales of five cars refined were made at $4 del; latest sales of hard were at $3 95 in East St. Louis.

Grass Seeds—Quiet; some demand for timothy. We quote: German millet 40@50; common millet 30@40; Hungarian 40@60; timothy $1 50@1 55; clover $7 00@8 00; red top 45@55.

Flaxseed declined, as other markets were off, but sold freely, about eight cars changing hands, spot and August $1 28.

Hempseed—Prime nominal at $1 40.

Castor beans scarce and wanted at $1 47½ for prime.

Cotton.

Liverpool advices were encouraging enough today, reporting a steady spot market and a fair business, and futures went up 3 and 4 points, closing firm. These stimulating reports failed to exert any appreciable effect upon the markets of this country. New York showed a firmer tone early and a small advance—1@2 points—but this strength soon disappeared and subsequently the general reports were weak and futures run down, but stiffened later, closing about same as Saturday. Spots in that market were quiet at 10¼: business small. New Orleans spots were dull at 9¾ and futures declined 6 to 10 points by 10 o'clock, recovering 1 to 4 points later. The break down in the New York market and the generally uneasy feeling that prevailed owing to the fear of further financial trouble was the chief factor in depressing the cotton markets of this country. Locally, the market was steady and quiet. Offerings were small and firmly held, so that not much was done, sales reported up to 2:30 p. m. being 137 bales.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 6⅜; ordinary, 7¾; good ordinary 8¼; low middling, 9⅛; middling, 9⅝; good middling 10; middling fair, nominal. Stained—Good ordinary, 7¾; low middling, 8¼; middling 8⅝. Tinges—Middling, 9; good do 9¼.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 174 bales, against 151 bales last year: since September 1, 1882, 461,386 bales, against 373,554 same time last year; shipments to-day, 437 bales, against 243 last year; since September 456,706 bales, against 378,370 same time last year. Stocks in warehouses and compresses 6,472 bales, against 3,402 same time last year.

NET RECEIPTS, STOCKS AND SHIPMENTS.

Receipts at United States ports for 1 day 1,181 bales; last week same time 1,390; same time last year 809; exports —— bales: same time last year ——; total stocks this week 278,773; same time last year 158,029; net receipts at all United States ports to date 5,949,980 bales; last year ——.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 5 11-16d; Orleans 5 13-16d. Sales 10,000 bales. Futures closed firm. August and September 5 45d: September and October 5 4 d: October and November ——: November and December 5 42 d: December and January 5 43d; January and February 5 45d; February and March 5 46d; March and April 5 47; April and May 5 49.

Fruits, Berries and Vegetables.

APPLES—Movement was rather light and the feeling easy, as shippers were out of the market. Good shipping stock is quotable at $1 50@1 75 and fancy high-colored fruit at $1 90@2; common and poorly packed $1@1 25.

CRAB APPLES—Slow sale at 25@35 ⅌ ⅓-bu box or $2 ⅌ brl.

PEACHES—Were quiet and unchanged; the condition of receipts was no better, and sales were mostly at 50@65 ⅌ ⅓-bu box for good fruit; small, green and damaged 25@40, and fancy large at 90@$1.

PLUMS—Damsons scarce and wanted at $1@1 25 per ⅓-bu box: wild goose steady at 75@85, and Chickasaw and small yellow at 40@50.

PEARS—Bartlett ready sale at $1@1 25 ⅌ ⅓-bu box; common varieties in fair request at 50@60.

WHORTLEBERRIES—Salable at $2 50@3 per 6-gal case.

GRAPES—Receipts light and demand good for fruit received in good order. We quote: Hartford 5@6, Ives' Seedling 6@7. Concord 8@10, and Delaware 10@12c ⅌ lb.

BLACKBERRIES—Quiet and steady at $1@2 ⅌ 6-gal case for wild, and $2@3 for cultivated.

WATERMELONS—Slow sales, owing to cool weather, and prices easy. Sales: 1 small car at $65; 1 car at $87½; 1 car at $90; 2 cars at $100; 1 car at $110 ⅌ car. Jobbing sales are at $6@10 ⅌ 100 for small to fair, to $12@14 for good to choice.

CANTELOUPES—Lower and dull. Sales of choice at $1@1 25 ⅌ crate, and 75c@$1 ⅌ doz.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Lemons—Steady: demand only fair; quote Messina and Palermo at $7@7 50 ⅌ box for repacked, and $6@6 50 in original packages; Napel at $8@9 ⅌ case. Oranges—Scarce, but demand moderate; quote Rodi $9@10. Messina $5@7, and California $4@4 75 ⅌ box in original packages. Bananas nominal at $2@3 50 ⅌ bunch. Cocoanuts at $45 ⅌ 1,000.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Pears $4 50@5. Plums $2 50@3 ⅌ box.

DRIED FRUIT—Firm; offerings small and demand good. We quote: Apples—Dark to good new 5@5½, good at 5⅝@5¾, and prime 6@6¼; sliced and rings 6¼@7; evaporated 9@10. Peaches—Old entirely nominal at 6@6½ for prime. Blackberries at 7.

POTATOES—Consigned lots nominal at 25@30 ⅌ bu.

ONIONS—Steady; Iowa $1 50@1 60 for yellow, $1 65@1 70 for red.

SWEET POTATOES—Southern Yams dull at $2 50 ⅌ brl.

SAUERKRAUT—Steady at $4 25 ⅌ brl and $2 50 half-brl.

TOMATOES—Consignments will not bring express charges.

CELERY—Scarce and ready sale at 50c ⅌ dozen.

CABBAGE—Firm. Home-grown at $1 75@2 ⅌ crate on orders.

BEETS—Home-grown on orders at $1 50 ⅌ brl.

CARROTS—On orders $2 50 ⅌ brl for home-grown.

EGG PLANT—Dull and dragging at 25@40 ⅌ dozen.

CUCUMBERS—Home-grown $1 50@1 75 ⅌ bu box.

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts and shipments for 48 hours, ending at 11 a. m. are as follows:

	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
	1883.	1882.	1883.	1882.
Cattle	2,339	2,442	260	1,936
Hogs	3,553	760	1,220	
Sheep	1,379	950	150	460

CATTLE—The market opened with a very fair run of both native and grass cattle, the former consisting mostly of mixed descriptions but the latter was about up to the average. Trading was slow and the general market weak and in a very unsatisfactory condition. Usually there is a good attendance of local buyers present on the opening day of the week, but for some unknown reason they were poorly represented this morning, and as other buyers were not on hand the movement was small and sales dragged from the start. Prices although weak cannot be quoted lower, although the tendency was bearish, and salesmen in some places shaded prices in order to consummate sales. We quote:

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Scalawags	$2 45@ 3 00
Stags and bulls	2 75@ 3 50
Good to extra bulls	3 50@ 4 25
Butcher steers and spayed heifers	4 25@ 4 75
Light shipping steers	4 75@ 5 25
Exporters	5 85@ 6 20
Heavy shipping steers	5 25@ 5 85
Common cows and heifers	3 75@ 4 35
Common cows and calves	20 00@45 00
Stockers	3 50@ 4 00
Grass Texans	3 25@ 4 50

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

National Yards.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
19	native cows	936	$4 00
44	native cows and heifers	887	3 80
11	native cows and heifers	870	3 65
16	native cows and heifers	1,000	3 75
36	Indian butchers	780	3 75
24	Indian butchers	848	3 90
21	Indian butchers	912	4 15
21	Indian butchers	896	4 15
42	Indian butchers	910	4 15
21	native cows	850	3 35
21	Indian butchers	932	4 15

Union Stock Yards.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
24	native steers	1,125	$5 80
16	native steers	1,134	5 75
19	native mixed	900	4 00
10	native cows	844	3 40
12	native bulls	921	2 75
10	Texas steers	875	4 87½
12	Texas steers	928	4 12½
22	fair native cows	835	3 37½
14	Southwest cows and heifers	733	3 50
18	Southwest cows and heifers	797	3 50
10	common Southwest sausage bulls	900	2 50
22	Kansas mixed	702	3 37½
15	Kansas steers	934	4 00
18	Southwest cows and heifers	810	3 40
17	Southwest cows and heifers	867	3 37½

15 fair Southwest cows and calves $30 per head.
12 common Southwest cows and calves $22 per head.

HOGS—At the opening there was in the neighborhood of forty car-loads on the market. Buyers were fairly represented, but as they claimed to have no orders, trading was at a stand-still, and up to a late hour no sales of any consequence had been made outside of a few to butchers at $5 40@5 65 and to speculative buyers at $5@5 25 for rough heavies. Shippers exhibited no disposition to purchase, although prices were decidedly in their favor, some sellers being willing to accept from $5 50@5 75, while others were of the opinion that the outside figure was too high, and that they would be fortunate to obtain $5 50 for the best among the light weights. The market being so backward and prices not being established, it is impossible to give quotations, although it is thought they will sell freely 25c lower than Saturday.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

National Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
52	263	$5 50	56	253	$5 40
55	403	5 25	57	223	5 65
56	267	5 40	10	304	5 00
52	223	5 60	27	257	5 25
51	233	5 45			

Union Stock Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
44	255	$5 50	60	177	$5 70
45	207	5 70	48	312	5 50
51	213	5 60	57	237	5 50
93	226	5 62½	54	207	5 62½
54	222	5 62½	42	255	5 50
61	189	5 70	46	230	5 55
68	166	5 40	63	220	5 25
68	240	5 30	63	233	5 35

SHEEP—Nothing doing for want of supply. Prices steady and unchanged at $2 75@4 50 for common to prime. Lambs $4 75@5 25.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

Heavy draft	$150@210
Good drivers	125@225
Streeters	110@135
Saddlers	125@200
Plugs, common	25@ 60
Plugs, large, heavy	65@100

MULES.

14 hands 4 to 7 years old	85@100
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	110@135
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	120@150
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra	150@175
16 to 16½ hands	160@210
Plugs, old large	85@110

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, August 13.—Hogs, receipts 15,000; weak and nominally unchanged; 10@15 lower; light $5 40@6; good to choice $4 90@5 20; heavy $5 25@5 50. Cattle—Receipts 6,000; quiet and steady; choice $6@6 15; good to extra $5 80@5 90.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, August 13.—Wheat arrived dull and nominal; corn arrived unchanged. Wheat and corn to arrive firmer. Country markets shade higher. Red winter wheat off coast advanced 9d; No. 2 spring wheat off coast advanced 6d; California wheat off coast advanced 1s; red winter wheat to arrive advanced 3d. Mixed American corn to arrive advanced 6d. Spot wheat firm. Mixed Western corn quiet at 5s 5d. Wheat and corn demand from United Kingdom and Continent fair.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Flour—Receipts 235,000 brls; sales 11,000 brls; quiet and steady; prices without decided change. Wheat—Receipts 139,600 bu.; ½@¾ lower; dull and heavy; trade largely in options; No. 1 white nominal; sales 40,000 bu No. 2 red August $1 17@1 17⅜; 408,000 September $1 17¾@1 18½; 456,000 bu October $1 19⅞@1 20½; 129,000 bu November $1 22@1 22⅝; 40,000 bu December $1 23⅝@1 24⅜. Corn—Receipts 93,300 bu; dull; ⅛@¼ lower; mixed Western spot 50@63; futures 61⅛@62; sales 280,000 bu. Oats—Receipts 49,500 bu; ¼@½ lower: Western 36@50; sales 450,000 bu. Beef—Dull and nominal; new extra $12 50@13. Pork—Dull and weak; spot new mess $15@15 20. Lard—Dull and lower; steam-rendered 8.60. Butter—Dull and unchanged. Cheese—Dull at 1@9¾. Sugar—Quiet and unchanged. Molasses—Steady and quiet. Petroleum—Quiet and unchanged. Rice—Firm and in fair demand. Coffee—Quiet and firm. Freights—Firm. Turpentine—Dull at 41. Rosin—Steady at $1 55@1 62½. Tallow—Firm at 7⅝. Western eggs firm at 20@20½.

KANSAS CITY, August 13.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts 17,129 bu; shipments 22,980 bu; market steady; No. 1 red cash 94¾; No. 2 red cash sales at 90@90¼; September 90½@90⅝; October 91¾ bid; 91¾ asked; the year 89⅞ bid, 90¼ asked; No. 2 soft cash sales at 91¼. Corn—Receipts 17,394 bu; shipments 22,748 bu; weak; No. 2 mixed cash sales 38; September 37½ bid, 37⅝ asked; October 35 bid, 36½ asked; the year 31½. Oats—No.2 cash 20 bid, 20½ asked. Rye—No. 2 cash 45½ bid, 45⅝ asked. Eggs steady at 13 for candled. Butter—Receipts large; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13, 11:15 A. M.—Flour quiet; extra fancy $5 90@6 15; fancy $5 60@5 75; choice $5 35@5 5 0. Cornmeal quiet at $2 75. Corn weak; mixed 60; yellow nominal at 65; white 62@63. Oats weak; St. Louis 40@41; Galena 42; Texas 40. Bran jobbing at 80. Hay stagnant; prime $17 00@18 00; choice $14 00@16 00. Pork quiet at $13 62½. Cut meats quiet and scarce at 6¼. Bacon quiet at 7⅜@7¼; long clear sides 7¼. Hams steady at 14@15. Lard quiet; refd tcs 9¼. Whisky steady at $1 17. Exchange on New York 150 premium; sight 200 premium. Spot cotton dull at 9¾; net receipts 470 bales; gross 470 bales.

CHICAGO, August 13.—Regular wheat lower; $1 01 August; $1 02⅝ September; $1 04¼ October; $1 05½ November; $1 01 year. Corn lower; 50¼ August; 49½@49⅝ September; 49¼ October; 47½ November; 45⅛ year; 46¼ May. Oats lower; 25½ August and September; 26 October; 25¼ year. Rye easier at 61. Flaxseed lower at $1 31. Whisky $1 16. Pork lower; $11 82½ August; $11 90 September; $12 02½ October; $11 50 year; $12 15 January. Lard lower; 8.00 August and September; 8.18 October; 8.00 November; 7.90 year; 8.07½ January.

TOLEDO, August 13.—Wheat—Dull and shade lower; No. 2 white $1 01; No. red cash $1 11½@1 12¼; August $1 11⅜; September $1 12⅜; October $1 14⅜; November $1 17 asked; year $1 11⅜; January $1 20 bid; No. 3 red $1 06; No. 4 red $1; rejected 90. Corn ¼c lower and quiet; high mixed 55¼; No. 2 cash August or September 53; October 54; rejected 48½ asked; no-grade 42½. Oats nominal; No.2 white 33½; No. 2 cash 28; August or September 29 asked; year 27½ bid.

LIVERPOOL, August 13.—Bacon—Cumberland cut dull at 48s 6d; long clear dull at 38s 6d; short clear dull at 44s. Lard—Prime Western dull at 44s. Corn—New-mixed steady at 5s 4½d. Turpentine spirits steady at 31s 6d. Rosin—Common steady at 4s 9d. Wheat—New Western winter steady at 9s 4d. Receipts wheat past week from Atlantic ports 31,000 quarters; Pacific ports 9,350; other sources 30,000. Receipts corn 39,000.

MILWAUKEE, August 13.—Wheat unsettled and lower; cash or August $1 01; September $1 02¼; October $1 04¼; receipts 13,000 bu; shipments 1,000 bu. Corn easier; No. 2 50¼; rejected 43½. Oats steadier; white 32@34 delivered. Rye lower; No. 1 61; No. 2 60. Barley stronger; No. 2 September 66; extra 51.

CINCINNATI, August 13.—Flour firm: family $4 60@5 10; fancy $5 25@5 75. Wheat firm, in good demand at $1 08@1 08½. Corn quiet at 51. Oats dull at 29½@30. Rye dull and drooping at 59¼@60. Pork dull, nominal at $13¾. Lard dull at 7⅝. Bulk meats and bacon dull with a downward tendency. Whiskey active and firm at $1 13.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.—Oats dull. Pork dull and lower at $13 50. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 6¾. Bacon lower; shoulders 7¾, long clear and clear rib 7¾@7⅞. Others unchanged.

BUFFALO, August 13.—Wheat firm; 15,000 bu. No, 1 hard Duluth at $1 23. Corn inactive and nominal. Oats neglected. Canal freights—wheat 4¼, corn 4.

PITTSBURG, August 13.—Oil dull and depressed and very little trading: opened at $1 08½ and declined and closed at $1 07¾.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, August 13.—Petroleum unchanged. S. W. 110, 7⅜.

THE RIVERS.

Height of water above low-water mark .17 ft. 0 in.
Rise in past twenty-four hours..........0 ft. 4 in.

ARRIVALS.

Mattie Belle and barge, Naples.
Central City, Memphis.
E. C. Elliott, Grand Tower.
St. Genevieve, Cairo.
Spread Eagle, Grafton.
St. Paul, St. Paul.
Dolphin, below.
Iron Duke, below.
City of Providence, Vicksburg.

DEPARTURES.

Spread Eagle, Grafton.
St. Paul, St. Paul.
St. Genevieve, Cairo.
Colorado, excursion.

River Notes.

The gauge is covered with mud.

Business is only fair on the front,

The Iron Duke and Dolphin had a barge each.

The Mattie Belle brought one barge from Naples.

The Central City is up from Memphis and will return this week.

The R. S. Hayes and barges will arrive from New Orleans this evening.

The upper river is geting mighty thin and boats are making portions of their trip over land on stilts.

There is a very bad crossing just above the mouth of Meremac River. Pilots should look out not to get too high up.

The Elliott and St. Genevieve arrived this morning. The Genevieve returns to Cairo this evening and the Elliott goes to Grand Tower to-morrow.

The swift-sailing and elegant St. Paul arrived from St. Paul this morning and returns this after noon promptly at 4 o'clock. The Minneapolis follows Wednesday.

The Colorado's excursion of yesterday was a perfect success and not the slightest bit of ill temper was displayed. Charley Huff, Commodore Manion and Capt. H. G. Carson showed great generalship in making every one feel at home.

The pretty Pittsburg is the Diamond Jo boat leaving for St. Paul to-morrow. The stunning Sidney follows on Thursday. Capt. Best walks the Sidney's roof and Col. Dawley pushes the pen. G. A. Brown, formerly of the Powell, is her steward.

Spliced on the Sidney.

The steamer Sidney, of the Diamond Jo Line, had a rather unusual occurrence on board on her trip up on Thursday. There was aboard a young couple from East St. Louis named Samuel Little and Miss Annie Bauchens. Mr. Little's father had said "no" to the marriage, but the old adage of "Love laughs at locksmiths" came to play and Capt. Jim Best and the good-natured steward, G. A. Brown, helped matters along. That is they got the license clerk at Fort Madison to grant a license. At 10 o'clock that morning while lying at the port of Fort Madison, Rev. Mr. Steward of the Presbyterian Church was called in and finished the job in the presence of W. O. Gibson and wife, G. D. and Misses Lulu and Amelia Nitchwitz, Mrs. David Clegg and son, Mrs. Thomas Burk of this city and a host of Fort Madison people. Mr. Little is well known at the National Stock yards.

River Telegrams.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 13.—River falling; 6 feet and 2 inches in canal, 4 feet in chute on falls. Business good. Weather cloudy and warm. U. P. Schenck to New Orleans and Jas. W. Gaff to Memphis left this morning.

CAIRO, August 13.—Arrived: Alex. Chambers, Ohio, 10 p. m.: Vint Shinkle, Memphis, 8 a. m. Departed: Hopkins, Evansville, 10 p. m.: City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg, 11; Chambers, South, 6 a. m.; Alice Brown, Ohio, 6; Shinkle, Cincinnati, 9. River 18 feet 9 inches and falling. Weather fair and warm.

MEMPHIS, August 13.—River falling. Departed: Annie P. Silver, St. Louis, midnight.

Marine.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Arrived: Steamship Lessing, Hamburg.

LONDON, August 13.—Arrived out: Steamers Aurania and Germanic, New York.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

JOHN WAHL & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SALE OF

WHEAT and BARLEY.

Consignments solicited, but no Option business. Liberal Cash Advances made on shipments. No. 9 Market street, St. Louis.

$100,000 WORTH OF GROCERIES AT REDUCED PRICES

Our semi-annual inventory, just completed, shows that we have an excessive stock o goods. We desire to reduce it at once fully $100,000. To this end we have made

REDUCTIONS IN PRICES ALL ALONG THE LINE,

and offer in this week's ST. LOUIS GROCER a long list of bargains, such as

650 Bags Coffee at 1 cent per pound reduction.
150 Barrels Yellow Sugar at 1-2 cent per pound reduction.
600 Barrels Molasses at 6 cents per gallon below the market.
Choice Corn Syrup at 33 cents per gallon.
No. 3 Standard Tomatoes at $1 07 1-2.
McMurray No. 2 Corn at $1 20.
No. 2 Union Oysters at $1 65.
And an extended list of similar reductions.

See ST. LOUIS GROCER of July 19th for interesting reading for country merchants, or send for our 16-page Price List, issued gratuitously each week.

We offer some special Bargains in Teas and Cigars.

GREELEY-BURNHAM GROCER CO.

STEAMBOATS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and St. Paul Packet Co.

For Burlington, Muscatine, Davenport, Clinton Dubuque, LaCrosse and St. Paul.
Str. SAINT PAUL........ T. L. Davidson, Master
Leaves Monday, August 13, at 4 p. m.
Str. MINNEAPOLIS.......... Thompson, Master.
Leaves Wednesday, August 15, at 4 p. m.
Str. WAR EAGLE.......... Asbury, Master,
Leaves Friday, August 17, at 4 p. m.
For Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy, Canton, Warsaw and Keokuk.
Str. GEM CITY.......... Burke, Master.
Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
For Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburgh, Mozier's, Clarksville and Louisiana.
Str. WHITE EAGLE.......... Riley, Master.
Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 o'clock p. m.
Special Excursion Tickets to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Lake Minetonka and other Northern Summer Resorts. Send for Illustrated Guide-book giving list of Excursion Routes and Rates.
For freight and passage apply on wharfboat at foot of Olive street.
J. F. BAKER,
General Freight Agent.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

DIAMOND JO LINE.

Fine and Fast Electric Passenger Packets.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Clinton, Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona and St. Paul.
Str. PITTSBURG.......... Killeen, Master.
Leaves Tuesday, August 14, at 4 p. m.
Str. SIDNEY.......... Best, Master,
Leaves Thursday, August 16, at 4 p. m.
Excursion tickets at low rates to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Lake Minnetonka and other Northern resorts. Tickets good to return via river, rail or lake and rail. Our boats are all first-class and afford superior accommodations. Send for list of routes, rates, etc. Staterooms reserved two weeks in advance upon application to
ISAAC P. LUSK, Agent.
Wharfboat foot of Washington av.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.
Packets for Natchez, Bayou Sara, Baton Rogue and New Orleans leave Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF ST. LOUIS.
Dan Able, Master.
Leaves Wednesday, August 15, at 5 p. m.
JAS. O'NEAL,
JOHN W. CARROLL, } Agents.

Packets for Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF PROVIDENCE.
Geo. W. Lovat, Master.
Leaves Tuesday, August 14, at 5 p. m.
Packet for Cape Girardeau and Cairo, concecting with packet for Paducah, leaves Mondays and Fridays.
Str. STE. GENEVIEVE.......... Carvell, Master
Will leave Monday, July 30, at 5 p. m.
Packets for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenberg and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.......... Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

St. Louis and Miss. Valley Trans. Co.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.
R. S. Hayes and barges will leave Tuesday, August 14, at 5 p. m. For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas apply to JAS. P. BURDEAU, Agent.

OHIO RIVER.

For Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Mound City, Metropolis, Paducah, Golconda, Shawneetown, Uniontown and all way landings.
Str. HUDSON.......... Thos. Hunter, Master
Auschutz, Clerk.
Leaves Wednesday, Aug. 15, 5 p.m. from St. Louis and St. Paul wharfboat. JENKINS & SASS,
General Agents, 508 N. Commercial.

MISSOURI RIVER.

Kansas City Packet Co.--Star Line.

For Kansas City and way landings, the new and elegant steamer
D. R. POWELL.......... Whitledge, Master,
Leaves Wednesday, Aug. 15, 5 p.m., from company's wharfboat, foot of Olive st. Freight received at all times.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, on Wharfboat.
JENKINS & SASS,
508 Commercial st., Agents.

Regular Lower Missouri River Packet.

For St. Charles, Augusta, Washington, Herman, Portland, Barkersville and all way landings,
Steamer FAR WEST,
Dodd, Master. | Bonnett, Clerk.
Leaves from foot Cherry st., Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 5 p. m. JENKINS & SASS, General Agents, 508 N. Commercial street. Telephone 304.

ILLINOIS RIVER

Chicago Fast Freight Line—For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria. Str. CALHOUN, Abrams, Master, will leave every Wednesday and Saturday, at 4 p. m., from company's wharfboat, foot of Olive street.
C. S. ROGERS, President.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

A BOON TO MEN

All those who from indiscretions, excesses or other causes are weak, unnerved, low spirited, physically drained, and unable to perform life's duties properly, can be certainly and permanently cured, without stomach medicines. Endorsed by doctors, ministers and the press. *The Medical Weekly* says: "The old plan of treating Nervous Debility, Physical Decay, &c., is wholly superseded by THE MARSTON BOLUS." Even hopeless cases assured of certain restoration to full and perfect manhood. Simple, effective, cleanly, pleasant. Send for treatise. Consultation with physician free.
MARSTON REMEDY CO., 46 W. 14th St., New York.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, executor of the estate of Charlotte Gehner, deceased, will on the 22d day of August, 1883, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, sell at public sale at No. 1229 Salisbury street, in the city of St. Louis, the personal estate, goods and chattels belonging to the estate of said deceased, consisting of upholstery, chinaware, wardrobe, bureau, parlor and cook stove, carpets and other household and kitchen furniture too numerous to mention. Terms of sale, cash in hand.

PHILIP STREMMEL,
Executor of Charlotte Gehner, deceased.
St. Louis, August 11, 1883.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 12 to 1 p. m.

A regular graduate of two medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases from over-worked brain. SURGICAL Cases receive Special Attention.

Diseases arising from Indiscretion, Excess Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight or Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Headache, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Treatment, without hindrance to business, safe, sure and permanent. Sent everywhere by mail or express.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill, and physicians in regular practice all over the country, knowing this, frequently recommend cases to this oldest office in America, where every known appliance is resorted to, and the proved good remedies of all ages and countries are used. A whole house is used for office purposes, and all are treated with skill in a respectful manner; and knowing what to do, no experiments are made.

Marriage | 260 PAGES | Guide.

FINE PLATES.

Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c in money or postage stamps. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: Who may marry, why not, why. Proper age to marry. Who marry first. Manhood. Womanhood. Physical decay. Who should marry. How life and happiness may be increased. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it. Popular edition 25c in postage stamps, sent sealed, pamphlet 3c; German, 64 pages, 2c. Calls or letters of consultation free and invited. Consultation other hours and private entrance by appointment by mail. Hours: 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 12 m. to 1 p. m. only.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market Street.

MONDAY, AUGUST 13, 1883.

A St. Louis man will erect the new Exposition Building and Music Hall.

The town is for Sexton, and the insurance people are against him. That is about the state of the case.

Mayor Ewing has finally stirred up a hornet's nest in his efforts to extinguish the old Chief of the Fire Department.

Bookwalter is to stump Ohio for Hoadly next month. Mr. Bookwalter's check-book is more formidable than his oratory.

After it was discovered that the Kimball House in Atlanta was bound to burn, the guests were awakened. This was thoughtful, to say the least.

A number of the heavy manufacturers who have been scorched are said to be at the bottom of the new war against Chief Sexton. The veteran Sheikh will probably have to go.

Two disconsolate citizens jumped off bridges in Chicago yesterday into the Skunk River and were immediately asphyxiated and drowned. They ought to have a law closing the Chicago bridges on Sunday.

There is great sorrow in official British circles over the untimely coming to life of Cetewayo. An O'Donnell who would summarily dispose of this large black elephant would be well thought of in Downing street.

There is a remarkable tendency on the part of the Western Union lines to break in unexpected places now, and repairers swinging on the tops of poles have been mistaken for bears by ophthalmic hunters and fired on. This has a tendency to embarrass the telegraph business.

Lord Coleridge, the Chief Justice of England, sails for the United States this week on a tour of observation. We trust that the Judge will drop around and take a look at one of our St. Louis courts before his return. He will be struck, we think, with the dignified intellectuality of our bar.

It is said that when Commodore Smith, the Mayor's private secretary, wrote the communication to the Council substituting Gross for Sexton, his tears bedewed the document to such an extent that the clerk could scarcely decipher it. It looked like a blotting pad that had seen hard service.

Senator Vest has had a camp named for him in the mountain fastnesses of Wyoming Territory, and it is recorded in history that he helped the President of the United States snake five creels of trout out of Spring Creek the other day. We would like to see the Prohibitionists of Missouri unseat him now.

One of our moral contemporaries wants Gov. Crittenden to come down to St. Louis and suppress the alleged whisky rebellion with bayonets. Our friend probably overlooks the fact that we have a pretty good standing army of militia here ourselves, and that we might feel called upon to repel an invasion in the sacred name of local self-government.

Mike Sheridan, the General's brother, kindly telegraphs that he is the only person engaged in recording the Presidential Progress through the Yellowstone country. He says: "No special or professional correspondents are with the party, and all dispatches purporting to be from such are spurious." We will know who to hold responsible now for the fishing lies.

Capt. Webb, who drowned himself in an effort to swim the whirlpool rapids below Niagara Falls, is already forgotten. The meeting called in London to raise a fund to build a monument to his memory was a complete fizzle. If the Captain had abandoned *natation* some years ago and had gone into the base-ball business in this country, he might have had a monument.

Mr. Walsh, the architect, says that our new Exposition Building will be of the continental-mediæval style of architecture, common in Lombardy some years ago. We are delighted to know that some new style is to be infused in St. Louis. The majority of the public buildings here now belong to what is known in architecture as the Græco-nightmare-grafted-on-the-Druidical-dyspepsia school.

We were disposed to look upon Mayor Ewing's administration as something of a success. He certainly had public sentiment on his side up to Friday afternoon. But in withdrawing the name of Sexton from his list of appointments and substituting Gross for Chief of the Fire Department, he has divided the city and kicked up what may well be called a "bobbery." It is possible that the bad treatment of the Mayor at the hands of the Council provoked this change of programme, but this is not a sufficient reason, and no better one has yet been assigned. Mr. Sexton was down for reappointment on the Mayor's original slate, and it is not known that he has done anything since the 17th of last April to justify his discharge from the public service. The Fire Department is a very important institution and it should not be fooled with.

APPLIED SCIENCE.

A few Paganistic people have been disposed to sneer at the idea that the Sheridan-Arthur Exploring Expedition and Presidential Picnic in the Yellowstone Park could contribute anything to the world's fund of scientific knowledge. Even Gen. Sherman turned up his nose at the performance the other day and remarked that the Yellowstone region was no longer attractive to the student and lover of nature since it had been cut up with common wagon roads. But that Science is to be largely the gainer by these bold and skillfully organized expeditions into the bowels of a comparatively unknown country, the following press dispatch, written at Camp Vest, on Spring Creek Wyoming Territory, by Mike Sheridan, only authorized brother of the General and Historian with the Expedition, will attest:

> The country traveled over to-day has been mostly sage brush, varied by alternate ascending and descending steep hills, covered with loose stones, which made footing for animals very bad. One cannot help wondering why so much material was wasted in making so many apparently useless ridges, when there are plenty of gulches which could so well be filled.

The discovery of sage brush in the region indicated, together with steep hills which alternately "ascend and descend," and which are more or less covered with loose stones, will astonish most people—seeing that the popular impression is that Upper Wyoming is one vast field of blue grass interspersed with persimmon groves and banana patches. The fact that the hills out there alternately ascend and descend will upset some of the preconceived notions of the Army Topographical Department. It has been held for years in the best-informed circles that the hills of Wyoming invariably went up and never came down, so to speak.

But it is when he glances off, as it were, from sterile, stubborn facts and permits his imagination to range around loose that M. Sheridan, the Historian of the Expedition, provides the most food for the scientists to chew on. His interesting reflection relative to the useless ridges which prevail in that region, while so many gulches exist which are absolutely yawning to be filled, is a neat and timely thrust at Nature which will be appreciated by all persons who have bumped over these peculiar geological formations on a short-coupled mule. M. Sheridan has done for physical science by this neatly implied conundrum what Gerald Massy's unknown child did for theology when it innocently inquired why God didn't destroy the devil. It has been generally supposed that even Omnipotence could not place two hills in propinquity without an intervening hollow, and it is possible that no series of ridges can be constructed without the accompanying gulches. Just why the Creator placed the ridges in the region traversed by the President and his able explorers may not appear to the opaque and somewhat juvenile mind of M. Sheridan, but in due time, no doubt, the reason will be vouchsafed the world. Another and more scientific expedition may be sent out next summer to investigate this matter.

It is to be hoped that President Arthur will have a cross section of one of these ridges and the adjacent gulch cut out and sent to the Smithsonian Institute, together with some of the casual stones which abound there and which make mule navigation precarious. The Government may conclude to send the army out there eventually to level up the country.

SUNDAY IN ST. LOUIS.

Some of our Missouri exchanges seem to stand in need of the soothing assurance that there really is not at the present time in St. Louis anything in the nature of a volcanic rebellion against the Downing Law. The courts are open. All the machinery of public justice is in full and unobstructed operation. Nowhere else in the State are the officers more busily engaged in enforcing that law, and not one of them has been bulldozed, menaced or resisted in the discharge of that duty. There is positively not the slightest occasion for putting St. Louis under martial law, nor even for vaunting the ability of two millions of people outside the city to suppress an alleged insurrection of a quarter million of city people led by brewers and saloon-keepers and encouraged by the city newspapers.

As for the brethern who have suddenly discovered that it is the mission of the Democratic party to force everybody to "remember the Sabbath day and keep it holy," we assure them that the old Sunday law of 1814 is now more vigorously enforced and more generally respected here than it ever was before, or than it ever has been in any other part of the State. It is violated here, just as it is everywhere else, by individuals who assume to decide for themselves what is a work of necessity or charity and what is the proper way of enjoying a day of rest, holding themselves amenable to the decisions of the courts if prosecuted for what they do. The cessation of all business on Sunday which is not continued for the comfort and convenience of great masses of people, is as complete in the city as in the country.

There is one great difference, however, between city and country on the Sunday question. We must confess that great multitudes of as worthy and innocent people as we have, men, women and children, many of them good Christians, too, persist in going to beer-gardens on Sunday, there to engage in the soul-destroying dissipation of listening to delightful music, chatting with family parties, and occasionally refreshing themselves with a ten-cent sandwich and a five-cent glass of beer. But they and their fathers before them have done that under Democratic government and under Republican government ever since St. Louis was big enough to support a garden and an orchestra. Soberer or more civil and orderly crowds do not attend any church gathering in the State, and we cannot see any good reason for imposing on the Democratic party the ungracious task of closing such places. It is no more a violation of law for well-regulated beer-gardens to run on Sunday now than it was last year or any year since 1814.

If our local police power had been controlled more by St. Louis sentiment and less by politicians at Jefferson City, a great many disreputable saloons and places of resort would have been closed long ago, not only on Sundays but forever. According to Democratic ideas of local self-government the regulation of such places should be left to the people among whom they exist, and who know just what they are and how to deal with them. The rallying of the country Democrats to this novel crusade against all St. Louis will neither strengthen the party nor promote the cause of morality and temperance.

An Ohio blatherskite named Grosvenor, whose jaw is hung on the mechanical principle of the summer door of a drinking saloon, and who is always ready with a speech applicable to anything ranging from a circumcision ceremonial to the inauguration of a President of the United States, made a hot anti-polygamy speech in Salt Lake City last Saturday night, and nearly stirred the apostles up to mutiny. The Gentile ring, which has been formed for the express purpose of despoiling the Mormons and driving them away from their possessions, is said to be very solicitous about Grosvenor's welfare. This is a free country, and free, untrammeled speech is a beautiful thing, but it must be remembered that the average Mormon isn't, much worse than the average orthodox Statesman and that the Mormons located in Salt Lake City when the place was something of a wilderness. We have had laws enacted for their repression. The gentlemen of leisure and tourists of the Grosvenor type, who are bursting to destroy the sin which was practised so successfully by Solomon and David and Jacob and all the nice old patriarchs find it necessary to go all the way to Salt Lake City when they want to feel the wrath of the Mormons. People who are nervously anxious about the condition of things in Utah should patiently bear in mind the fact that telegrams detailing the mob spirit which prevails in Salt Lake City are generally sent out by the select Gentile ring which has arranged to grab all the nice pieces of real estate and some personal property as soon as the pillaging begins.

Yesterday afternoon a party of quiet burghers were playing auction pitch in a beer saloon on Cherokee street. By way of a joke Mr. August Dunker was accused of rubbing out too many points on the chalked circle. Mr. Frank Wahl, not directly interested in the proceedings, was particularly facetious in pushing the joke on the old gentleman. Mr. Dunker stepped into his house, next door, procured a pistol, came back, shot Mr. Wahl through the stomach and himself through the head and completely broke up the game. This is a strong argument in favor of a law prohibiting the game of auction pitch on Sunday. Also joking.

In its hysterical advocacy of Holman, the Objector, as the only proper person to be nominated for President by the Democracy, the New York *Sun* says:

> No human power could have induced Holman to vote for the confirmation of Stanley Matthews as a Judge after he had exhibited himself in the Senate as the audacious advocate of the corporations represented by Gould and Huntington.

As Holman was not in the Senate at the time this is a safe thing to say. The same argument might be used in putting John Smith or Private Dalzell forward for the Presidency.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

New York, August 13.—The World says: "This terrible evil of the purchasing power in elections is felt to-day in all offices and unfortunately in all parties. The question how much assessment can a man afford to pay is now the important one in elections. No one is thought of for office in most cases unless he is rich enough to stand the enormous expense of a campaign, and unfortunately many do not resist the temptation of doing all they can to reimburse themselves after they get into power. Ex-Senator Dorsey's disclosures may be prompted by revenge or by indignation at the ingratitude of those he has served. But he is entitled to credit for having by his plain speaking pointed out the evil and opened the eyes of the people to the methods of the party which has so long held on to power."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "Neither the plan to buy out the existing telegraph companies nor the proposal that the Government shall build new lines and enter into competition with the Western Union and other companies deserves the least favor from Congress. Wherever the Government has departed from its proper functions and entered business or experimented in special pursuits, waste, jobbery, corruption and prodigality have followed as a natural consequence.

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "The Western Union census of wires cut last night footed up to 101. Observe the little touches of that kind give an air of verity to the tale. Defoe was familiar with that trick and countless yarn spinners since his time have overworked it to make their wildest fictions seem faithful reports of the actual. The wire-cutters worked on all sides of the city, north, south, east and west, but the hooks were clear, business well up and everything 'O. K., Somerville.' Persons who like real live fun should watch the Western Union Telegraph Company in these days. A barn full of monkeys is in comparison a sad and melancholy spectacle."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Constant Reader—Buffalo fish are caught in abundance in the Illinois River with a hand line.

Glenn—The lawful marriage age in Mississippi is 21 for males and 18 for females, but younger people marry just the same.

J. D.—The population of New York City, last census, is 1,206,590; London, 3,832,440; Paris, 2,225,910.

Many Subscribers—Our space does not permit the description of backgammon. Get "The American Hoyle," and you will find a description of the game.

Matrimony—There is no law requiring the publication of marriage licenses. They are given to the newspapers as a matter of news only. You can have yours kept out of the papers if you get on the good side of the Recorder.

THE MISSOURI PRESS.

What is Said of Sunday Laws and the St. Louis Rebellion.

The Sullivan Standard (Dem.) says—Now the St. Louis committee want the Democracy to commit suicide by insulting the Christian and law-abiding citizens of this State.

Schell City News—A decent respect for the Sabbath and its institutions is in accord with the American heart and nobly becomes the dependent subject of the Great Law Giver who has said "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy."

Richmond Democrat—A very considerable portion of the saloon-keepers in St. Louis again defied the law last Sunday and went on with their business as usual. Thus are they gradually but surely working for the Prohibition cause in Missouri.

Carrollton Democrat—The example of St. Louis in throwing wide open the doors of her saloons and business houses on the Sabbath day has done much to demoralize the towns in the country, and it is well that the fight has been inaugurated in the Future Great.

The Columbia Herald (Dem.) says—Last Sunday another feeble effort was made to close the saloons in St. Louis, but in a city where the newspapers encourage and the public officials sympathize with the violation of law enforcing it fully is not to be expected.

Miami News (Dem.)—The idea that you can dictate to a man how he shall spend the Sabbath is, in our opinion, preposterous. We would like to see the Sabbath duly observed all over the land, but greatly fear that coercion is the wrong means to obtain that end.

Arrow Rock Times—Now we have a local whisky ring in the Future Great that openly defies the law and challenges Gov. Crittenden to do his best in trying to enforce it. The result will be watched with deep interest by the law and order people on one side and the law-breakers on the other.

The Boonville Advertiser (Dem.)—In St. Louis, last Sunday, beer gardens were running and concerts being held as usual, all in open defiance of a law on the statute books of the State of Missouri. Comment is useless; every one knows the feelings of us country people on such barefaced and open disregard of the Commandment: "Remember the Sabbath Day and keep it holy."

The Brunswicker (Dem.)—The lawless saloon-keepers of St. Louis are still aiding the Prohibitionists by resisting the law requiring them to close on Sunday. Sunday should be enjoyed as a day of rest from this as well as other unnecessary traffic or employment, and the public sentiment of a Christian people will force obedience to the law, or the enactment of a more stringent law to compel obedience.

Warrensburg Journal, (Dem.)—The old Sunday law, if enforced, would make a great many criminals in Missouri. It would make criminals of men who are now known to be good citizens. It would make the man who sells you a cigar, a glass full of soda or a dish of ice-cream on Sunday a criminal. It would make a criminal of the man who works on Sunday for bread money. It is a crime making law.

The Montgomery Standard—The people want the largest liberty compatible with the public welfare, and generally are as liberal and tolerant about the manner in which each person spends his Sunday as the most lawless-minded citizen could wish. But while they do not wish any "blue laws" for Sunday, neither do they wish to see any man or set of men proclaim open defiance to the laws of the land as the saloon-keepers of St. Louis are doing.

Fulton Telegraph (Dem.)—The saloon men of St. Louis have determined to openly defy the law and sell on Sunday. This is eminently proper, for it places the saloon element in their true light before the law-abiding people of the State. Now if the saloon men have counted the cost and have determined after mature deliberation to openly resist the law of the land and openly curse religion and defy the executive, then the issues are joined, and war to the knife, and the knife to the hilt must follow.

Columbia Statesman (Dem.)—But let those who would nullify a law of the land and practically prostitute the Sabbath Day to beer drinking, drunkenness and outlawry go on in their career of insubordination to an authority human and divine. One of its effects will be to make Prohibitionists faster than Brooks, Johnson & Co. possibly can—voters who in 1886 will sweep from existence a traffic which sets itself above all law.

Hannibal Journal—If the Governor of Missouri had as much grit as he has gab he would enforce the Downing law in St. Louis if it took the muskets of the Garth Rifles and all the other militia of the State to do it. * * * The beer gardens of St. Louis should not have been closed under it. They are a benefit, not an injury to the morals of the community, and against them, if matters had been allowed to move along quietly, the law need not have been enforced.

The Salisbury Press-Spectator (Dem.) is disgusted with the ordinary process of law, and demands that all saloon-keepers caught selling ungodly beer on Sunday shall be arrested and jailed on the spot. It says—If the local authorities are powerless to enforce the law, let them report the fact to Gov. Crittenden, and he can soon send men there that will close the saloons at the point of the bayonet, if it cannot be done any other way. A few examples of severity on those defiant Sunday desecrators would bring them to their senses.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

French Canadian women work in the New Hampshire harvest fields at $2 a day.

A kitchen girl describes herself as a Pan-Slavist. She is supposed to be from Boston.

It is rumored that Mrs. Hayes is going to make Arthur a book mark because he refused to start on his tour on Sunday.

Somebody has been bright enough to say: "Langtry and Gebhardt—the lily of the valley and the valet of the lily."

Pug dogs have gone out of fashion as ladies' pets, and Japanese spaniels and Italian greyhounds have taken their place.

Mrs. Swisshelm having recovered from her fatal illness, many newspapers are thanking their stars that they were careful about what they said in her obituary.

Mrs. Jackson has sent the war-horse ridden by her husband, Gen. Stonewall Jackson, to the Virginia Military Institute, there to be cared for. The horse is the same animal upon which Jackson was riding when he received his death-wound at Chancellorsville.

Thomas Jefferson's mother is to have a new granite monument over her grave at Charlottesville, Va. The monument bears this inscription: "Jane Randolph, wife of Peter Jefferson and mother of Thomas Jefferson. Born in London, 1720. Died at Monticello, 1776."

The London milliners are ready to burst forth into indignation meetings and letters to the Times, on account of an economical bonnet which the Princess of Wales recently wore at the fisheries exhibition. It was exceedingly plain, having very little trimming, and at the same time was extremely becoming. The Princess sets the London fashions.

MEN OF NOTE.

—John Emory Sage, managing editor of the London Telegraph, and Mrs. Sage arrived by the Pavonia.

—Senator George of Mississippi wants to be recognized as one of the old-time farmer statesmen. He works in the fields with his son.

—Slade received $4,000 as his share of the gate receipts at the New York thumping match, and then took a wife to poultice his black eye.

—Barnum is the most popular man at Block Island this summer. People there are doubtless counting on getting free tickets to the circus.

—The divorced Senator Fair, now abroad, is down for another marriage. The bride is to be the daughter of Prof. Dare, a London expert in telegraphy.

—The Atlanta Constitution says that "Louisville pie is not as searching as Savannah crabs washed down with milk punch. Hence the escape of the President. Louisville pie is mild and patriotic.

—Arnold Krekel, LL. D., of Kansas City, Mo., Judge of the United States Circuit Court, and his wife, Mrs. Mattie Krekel, an able female orator, will be present and address the Freethinkers' Convention at Rochester.

—Speaking of Gov. Crittenden of Missouri and Gov. Murray of Utah, who are now traveling together, the Courier-Journal says: "These gentlemen are half-brothers, and it is safe to say no handsomer Governors can be found in the United States."

—All the best needle-workers of New York are engaged on a gorgeous screen for the Vanderbilt mansion. It is being made at Mr. John La Farge's studio under the supervision of Mrs. Tillinghast. The gold thread alone used in the embroidery cost $30,000.

—The situation in Spain is described in the cable dispatches as very grave, but such affairs are so common in Spain that Alfonso probably climbs over the garden wall in search of new charmers as blithely and free from trouble as if no rumpus of the kind had occurred.

—The James McDermott arrested in Liverpool a day or two ago, charged with being engaged in a conspiracy to murder English officials, is a red-headed person who once haunted the newspaper offices of Chicago for odd pieces of work. While in that city he was never regarded as dangerous, except when in the presence of free lunches, before the biggest of which he was never known to quail.

—A reporter of the Laramie Boomerang who waylaid Denis Kearney in a luxurious Pulman car en route for San Francisco, declares that the anti-Mongolian stateman was so transformed as to his outward man that the affidavits of the porter and the conductor were necessary to identify him. From his white hat to his toothpick shoes Denis was a dude of the most pronounced type.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Where the Readers of the Post-Dispatch Get a Hearing.

St. Louis, August 12, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I am glad to see that money-loaners and extortionists generally are having an exposition in the columns of your popular paper. I sincerely hope that the agitation of this subject will lead to legislative enactment which will give us a law to punish these wholesale robbers and to protect their victims.

The bandit who robs an express company or a bank is a felon and deserves punishment, but not to any greater extent than those who take advantage of the necessities of the poor and rob them of their scanty earnings.

This robbery is not confined to those who loan on chattel mortgages or to pawn-brokers, but to those who loan on real estate as well. A poor laboring man, a clerk, a washwoman who, by hard work and strict economy, has earned enough to purchase a lot and, say, half enough to build a house, borrows a few hundred dollars to aid in the improvement of the property. The money is secured by a "cut-throat" mortgage. An interest note or part of the principal falls due and, owing to sickness or some other unforseen misfortune, the obligation cannot be met. The property, although worth three or four times the amount held against it, is sold, not to some outside party, but usually in a clandestine way to the holder of the deed of trust, scarcely ever for more and frequently for a less amount than the claim against it.

There are wealthy men who live as retired merchants having surplus funds which they desire to loan on good security in a remunerative way. This money they put into the hands of brokers, who loan as trustees, because the owners of the funds do not want the public to know they are a party in such business. As a rule these agents are void of every principle that belongs to a gentleman and philanthropist, and are ever ready to foreclose a mortgage; and while the person to whom the loaned funds belongs is at church or in the family circle praying that "God may have mercy and help the poor and indigent," these sharks of human kind—Shylocks—are executing their ungodly claims to add to his and their gains. This illegitimate business is more prevalent in large cities, where such robberies are not likely to be found out. These agents advertise that they do business "strictly confidential." And why so? Not so much because they know the poor are ashamed of their poverty, but because they do not want the public to know when a robbery has been consummated. These sharks know that when any one is duped by them that the pride of their poor and unfortunate victim will compel him to remain silent. When a mechanic has put his labor and material on property his claim should be satisfied in preference to all other liens, whether prior or not, and when a poor man has improved property which falls into the hands of any one who has claims against it, he should have pay for his improvements, he should have protection against whatever leads to a sacrifice of his hard-earned investment. In other words the money loaner should have his own with legal interest and no more, and the man who has purchased property, partially paid for and improved it, should have redress in order to secure compensation and not be compelled to sacrifice his all for the benefit of some party having a claim against it.

Frequently when those agents sell property or make loans on it they well know that the purchaser or borrower cannot comply with the requirements of their terms. He is anxious to get a home, is inexperienced in such matters and is blind to the fact that a trap is being set for him by these wily robbers and does not fully realize his misfortune until his all is taken from him.

A Victim.

Another of Usurer Evans' Victims.

St. Louis, August 12, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

For your manly support and kind sympathy with the poor working people of St. Louis who, in seasons of distress, are compelled to resort to such as the extortionists Evans and Wilson, be pleased to accept the grateful praise of another victim. Nearly one year ago, on account of the illness of one of my children, I was forced to call in Mr. Evans, who took a mortgage on every article in my house, giving me $50 cash and making the mortgage out for $60, charging me $5 per month interest. I have been paying him $5 monthly for nearly a year, and by so doing have deprived myself and family of every comfort—for my husband is only a poor workingman. And now this man claims that I still owe him $60. In case I am one day late with the interest money, he comes to the house and terrifies me by threatening to take out everything. Please tell me what to do. Am I to continue the struggle to pay this exorbitant interest, or shall I allow him to strip my house?

A Woman.

[Don't pay the usurious creature another cent of interest. If he comes threatening around your house with his death-grip, commonly called mortgage, have him arrested for disturbing the peace. Messrs. Jones & McBride, the attorneys, have volunteered to gratuitously prosecute all cases against this human wolf.—Ed. P.-D.]

The Stenographers Kick.

St. Louis, August 31, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

How is a St. Louis deposition miller or Notary to live after the passage of the new law? The answer to the conundrum would be by his wits; but the exact way in which one of them struggles out a comfortable existence in this vale of tears is this: He has set up a short-hand agency, he getting the contract, making out the bill, and the short-hand writer getting something less than 50 per cent of the total. The short-hand man is fleeced; those for whom the work is done are billed increased rates and increased expenses; in deposition work items are put into the bill that a stenographer dealing direct with any one would not dream of charging. The brewers and whisky sellers have made a contract of this kind with a Notary that is not a short-hand writer. The stenographers have kicked and object to being the victims of a divy. They think they are entitled to all that is paid, and if a reduction is made the principal should have the benefit. We think there is some weight in their objection; same time St. Louis should be proud of her notaries.

Short-Hand.

As to Strikers.

St. Louis, August 13, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Would you give us your opinion on the following questions:

1. Is a strike lawful? 2. Is it lawful for a body of strikers to warn the public from buying goods from their former employer because they are on a strike by advertising in the public papers? 3. Can the publisher of a paper publish such an advertisement without being held responsible by the proper parties?

Yours truly,
Wm. Bremser.

[The right of workingmen to peaceably strike—that is, quit work—is not denied. 2. Strikers have no right to conspire to injure the business of a former employer. 3. A newspaper publishing advertisements designed to maliciously injure a man's business can be held responsible.—Ed. P.-D.]

A Few Doctrinal Points.

St. Louis, August 13, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

You say a Catholic and Protestant married before a Justice of the Peace would be remarried by a Catholic priest. Permit me to say this is erroneus. In the case of the remarriage last week of two Catholics who had eloped and were married before a justice there is no denial. In such a case of two Catholics there is in the eye of the church no marriage; the civil ceremony was an absolute nullity, hence the subsequent marriage in church.

G.

A Sunday Law Violator.

St. Louis, August 13, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

One of your constant readers wishes to know how it is that the Police officers are furnished with a copy of the Sunday law and directed to report all violations of the law, and in the face of this will give permission to cigar stands to keep open and will not report them. Such is the case on Ninth, between Mound and Brooklyn; cigar stands and notions are open by this authority. Your readers look to your valuable paper for advice.

Law.

Fifteen Cents For Straight Drinks.

St. Louis, August 11, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

On the question no two for a quarter: My business interests are in this city and Chicago. I patronize daily first-class saloons. Prices are higher in Chicago; I give St. Louis drinks the preference, not because they are cheapest; I am willing to stand a small raise. One of my friends always takes the best sour mash straight and pays 25c a drink.

Yours,
Dromio.

Restrict Monopoly.

From the New York World.

We are opposed alike to making the telegraph business an Administration monopoly and to leaving it in the possession of a chartered monopoly. Competing lines of telegraph are the true remedy against monopoly and the real protection of those who work at the business. In order to encourage competition we need laws prohibiting the consolidation of parallel lines of telegraph or the increase of capital stock except under stringent restrictions. In Missouri a provision in the State constitution distinctly prohibits not only the consolidation but even the pooling of parallel railroads, and does not allow parallel lines to be managed by the same directors. Other States by law prohibit the consolidation of parallel railroads or telegraph lines. Why? Because the people demand competition for their own protection. Let Congress make such consolidations illegal and throw up barriers against the increase of capital.

With such safeguards against being sold out or swallowed up the boards of exchange and capitalists throughout the country would speedily raise $20,000,000, or $50,000,000, if necessary, to build telegraph lines all over the United States. It would be one of the most promising investments that could be made.

Codfish Aristocracy.

From the New York World.

There is a great deal of flummery about the European aristocracy. But that is an aristocracy of birth. It is so many years ago since the ancestors of the British nobility were robbers or cut-throats or the accidents of palace scrub-women that the original source of their "noble blood" is lost sight of. The fresh codfish aristocracy of this country is, on the other hand, the vulgar aristocracy of money. It is of such recent date that the smell of the article from which it takes its name is offensively distinct. Perhaps that is why it is so much more tenacious of its rights than the aristosracy of blood or brains, and why it turns up its nose so disdainfully at "newspaper writers of small means."

Martin Luther's Sunday Law.

From the St. James' Gazette.

Apropos of the Luther celebration, it is interesting to remember some of the utterances of the great Reformer on what were questions of the day in the sixteenth century and are equally so in the nineteenth. On Sabbatarianism, for instance, he thus delivers himself: "As for the Sabbath, or Sunday, there is no necessity for its observance; and if we keep it, the reason ought to be, not because Moses commanded it, but because nature likewise teaches us to give ourselves from time to time a day's rest, that man and beast may recruit their strength, and that we may go and hear the Word of God preached."

Explorers' Humor

From the Courier Journal.

"Philip," said the President, as the wagon came to a halt in the wild Yellowstone region, "Philip, I've got a good one." "Well, Chester," returned Philip, "I'm all attention." "Philip, you know I touched off the Southern Exposition?" "Yes, Chester." "Well, Philip, my ambition now is fire off a canyon!" "Chester," said Philip gloomily, "I'm an old soldier. I have suffered many things. I have always been patient. But, Chester, until this moment I have never felt that I could justly ask for my discharge." It was some time before Mr. Vest, with his theodolite, succeeded in restoring good feeling, and the President has since been a little more cautious with his American humor.

A Delicate Question.

From the Courier Journal.

"Philip," said the President, as the wagon gave a frightful lurch, "Philip, do those Yellowstone people have any mantelpieces?" "Why, I suppose so," said the hero; "but why do you puzzle me with a conundrum like that at a time like this?" "O" returned the President, "I was only wondering how, if those people should have no mantelpieces, we are to get anything like regular meals."

Died in Her Lover's Arms.

From the Terra Haute Express.

Mr. Paul of Crawfordsville has been engaged to marry a Miss Moore at Ashland, Ohio. A few days ago he received a telegram to come to Ashland, as Miss Moore was not expected to live. He went. When he entered the young lady's room she raised up in bed, muttered his name, threw her arms about him, and died.

"Chet" and Sandy.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

We invite the attention of the Czar of Russia to the unrestrained and fearless movements of our President through one of the wildest regions of the United States, and respectfully ask if he wouldn't enjoy such a trip even more than he did the magnificent coronation at Moscow.

A Question of Quantity.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

"How much is too much?" asks the New York Tribune. This is a very serious question, and the only reply we can think of is that the Republican campaigners in Indiana in 1880 didn't think $400,000 "too much."

Another Duel.

From the New York World.

Another Virginia duel. The combatants were two doctors this time. Nobody hurt, leaden bullets having been used. Now, if they had fired off prescriptions at each other!

Heeled and Healed.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

When it is declared that "Republican dissensions in Ohio are rapidly being healed," we know that the man in charge of the campaign funds is making the grand rounds.

A Wild Guess.

From the Courier-Journal.

There is in Missouri a county known as Nodaway. It is doubtless a sort of summer resort for the St. Louis police.

The Chautauqua Assembly.

Chautauqua, N. Y., August 13.—The second week of the assembly opens under favorable auspices. The Rev. Joseph Cummings, D. D., of Chicago, president of the Northwestern University, lectured this morning on "Punishment under Divine and Human Law," and Prof. Richards, of Chicago, afterwards spoke on "Our Debt to the Sun." A large number of the press representative here are soon to form themselves into a Chautauqua press association.

Advertise for servants in the help wanted columns of the Post-Dispatch. It costs you nothing.

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GRANITEVILLE.

A Visit to the Quarries which Supply St. Louis.

The Quarrymen's Wages—Magnificent Bowlders—The Wonders of Red Quarry Land.

In a wildly picturesque section of Iron County, Missouri, 85 miles from St. Louis, the mammoth quarries of the Syeinte Granite Company, from whence the material with which the streets of St. Louis are being reconstructed, are located. This granite section is somewhat famous, as having once been under the superintendence of President Grant's brother, Orville, when the Government contractor, Snyder, was developing the deposit in fulfilling contracts for the St. Louis and Cincinnati contracts. Mr. Snyder will also be remembered as the first contractor for paving St. Louis streets with granite. He found it much more convenient and less expensive to cut up surface boulders into paving blocks than to quarry for the mineral. These blocks were a failure, crumbling readily under wagon wheels. Their use on the street almost damned the entire idea of granite reconstruction. On invitation of Mr. W. R. Allen, President of the Syenite Company, a POST-DISPATCH reporter joined a select party on Saturday evening, and visited the quarries, remaining over Sunday. The party was in charge of F. W. Mott, secretary of the company. Chauncey I. Filley and Ira C. Terry were of the guests. A delightful ride down the Iron Mountain Road brought the party shortly after dark to the station and shipping point of Middlebrook, where the switches leading to the quarries, two and a half miles distant, terminate. T. F. Walsh, treasurer and active manager of the company, was at the depot with a wagon drawn by two enormous Norman horses. The visitors were soon ensconced in the wagon, and then followed a ride over the hills and far away. The road could hardly be called a boulevard. Mr. Filley remarked that a daily ride over it in a farm wagon would certainly cure the most confirmed case of dyspepsia consequent upon a torpid liver, in a week. A timid passenger suggested that as there were deep gullies on either side of the road, that the driver look out for bad places. Mr. Walsh replied in the language of the Irish pilot that he "knew every rock on the road," and as the wagon just then ran over a bowlder with the effect of throwing all the passengers into the air as if they had been shot from a catapult, he finished with the pilot's remark, "and that is one of them."

IT WAS AFTER 9 O'CLOCK

when the main street of the village of Graniteville was entered. By the pale rays of the moon it could be seen that there were about one hundred buildings scattered about. A well equipped general store, operated by the company, in which everything, from figs and tin cups to bacon and seersucker coats, can be obtained; a church and assembly hall; and an attractive hotel, located in the midst of a beautiful park, and surrounded by vine-clad verandahs, were conspicuous objects on the landscape. The hotel was erected by the company and leased to August Fromhold, than whom a more genial boniface never lived. He had prepared a hearty supper for the party. The night ride in the mountain air had prepared everyone with a good appetite, and nothing was heard but the sounds natural to a feast of chicken and a crunch of bone for some time. An adjournment to the verandah for cigars gave Mr. Walsh and Mr. Mott an opportunity to state some facts

REGARDING GRANITE AND GRANITEVILLE.

"On March 3, 1882, P. W. Snyder's lease expired," said Mr. Walsh. "He was at that time working one quarry, and during the ten years in which he had a lease had supplied the bridge and the St. Louis and Cincinnati Custom House with stone. On August 9, 1882, the Syenite Granite Company was duly organized. Snyder's unfinished contracts were taken up and fulfilled, one of the principal being the enormous flagging-stones that make the sidewalk for the new Custom House. W. R. Allen had previously gone into the street-paving business, and the demand for blocks exceeded the supply. Three new quarries were promptly opened, the new store and hotel were put up, additional houses for the workmen were erected, the narrow-gauge railroad, connecting with the Iron Mountain railroad and operated by mule-power, was taken up and a standard gauge road admitting locomotives to the quarry grade substituted, three new steam engines were purchased to operate derricks, four steam drills of the most improved pattern were introduced to take the place of hand-drilling, and inside of a month the capacity of the Graniteville quarries was established at 200,000 paving blocks per month. One hundred and seventy-eight skilled quarrymen and stone cutters were on the pay roll of the company, and the total number of employes, including drivers and laborers, exceeded 250. The total population of the town is close on to 700, and during the season seventy-five children attend the school erected by Mr. Allen and maintained by his liberality.

THE TOWN

almost immediately became established as a post-office; a telegraph line has been projected and will be completed this fall in conjunction with a street car line for the hauling of passengers and light freight from Middlebrook."

Ira C. Terry at this point called attention to the fact that the granite blocks are hauled in flat cars, each running on three trucks, the center truck being his invention. A car thus equipped carries a load of 60,000 pounds or 30 tons of granite.

"And we have sent as high as twenty car loads daily out of here," remarked Mr. Newell, foreman of the quarries, who was enjoying his pipe in the shadows.

Secretary Mott, who has read up the subject of granite until he has become a profound geologist, got the attention of the group at this juncture and said: "Granite, as known to science and the books, is a hard, firm rock, composed of feldspar, quartz and mica, united in a close-grained conglomerate, with an utter absence of stratification. It is this peculiarity of grain which gives it the name of granite. The mica is in some forms of granite replaced by hornblende, when the compound is known as syenite. Granite varies in color from a bright red to a gray, but the color cuts no figure in the matter of durability. There are, however, vast differences in the qualities of different granites taken from the same neighborhood, and it was the accident, ignorant or perhaps deliberate use of this inferior granite in the past that has given the opponents of granite reconstruction of the streets of St. Louis some reason for their position. As the quarry is now conducted each block as cut by the workman is examined by our inspector, and if it is in any way at fault it is rejected.

THE BLOCKS

are again inspected by a city official, on duty where the paving is being done. Forsythe, the great quarryman of Montreal, Canada, was in St. Louis two weeks ago, at the instance of Chicago parties, that city having granite reconstruction under consideration. On the suggestion of Gen. Turner he visited the quarry. He was astounded that we should take our granite out in five-ton blocks to cut up in paving blocks. "Such splendid blocks as you cut up for paving stones would be used only for monumental purposes in any other quarry on the continent," he said.

Supt. Walsh gave some information as to wages paid the men working in the quarries. The block-cutters are all Scotchmen, brought up to the business. It is a work of rare skill. The cutter gets 4 to 5 cents for each block cut, 4 cents for work on straight blocks, and 5 cents when the block is of an irregular formation. In the quarries off the coast these cutters, or "reelers," as they are called, are paid only 2 cents per block. Men employed at Graniteville make from $3 50 to $5 50 per day. Mr. Walsh also gave an extended description of the quarries near Knoblick, St. Francois county, where the

TOWN OF SYENITE

has been built by the company. Two quarries are in operation there, each manned with steam drills. The granite there is of the gray kind. The machinery for polishing monumental work is all at Syenite, and blocks are sent from Graniteville to Syenite, eighteen miles, to be finished.

Everybody rises early at Graniteville, and at an hour when ordinarily the visitors would be enjoying a profound morning nap they were out scrambling over great masses of paving stones, walking around bowlders, examining the quarries and at last standing in amazement, amidst the most remarkable collection of mammoth bowlders of rare, curious and striking shapes to be found on this continent. The public has been made familiar, by means of engravings, lithographs and photographs, with some of the remarkable geological formations on the lines of railroads much traveled by tourists. Often one towering sentinel, "devil's arm chair" or "lover's leap" is the sole attraction offered the tourist. Here, within eighty-five miles of St. Louis, and known only to a few comparatively, is

A PARK OF 500 ACRES,

containing more rocky wonders than can be found any place, not excepting the Yellowstone park. An enormous ridge, extending almost in a semi-circle about the portion now being quarried, abounds with these mysterious and marvelous formations, and the Iron Mountain Company in perfecting its arrangements with the Syenite Company stipulated that what must prove an attraction of world-wide reputation, bringing thousands of tourists annually from every section, must under no consideration whatever be touched by the vandal hand of the quarryman. It is almost impossible to do the scene justice. For an hour the writer wandered between, around and under the shadows of bowlders that are larger than houses. At the very apex of the mountain, which is 1,400 feet higher than St. Louis, is the wonder of the region,

A VAST BOWLDER,

thirty-five feet high and forty feet long, the resemblance of which to an elephant is startling, viewed from any point. The trunk is almost perfect, hanging from the head, which is turned partially side ways, and from the rear view the resemblance is complete to the bifurcation. It is difficult to look upon it as a mere freak of nature, so much art and design does the figure possess. All around are other formations equally remarkable. One mammoth rock is known as "the Terrapin." Others weighing from ten to twenty tons are as round as if turned from a lathe. A perfect boulder, the weight of which is estimated at forty tons, rests upon a space no larger than the crown of a hat. It would seem that a child could topple it over. A cave, formed by bowlders, which a one-armed man could successfully hold against a thousand, is pointed out as the fastness which Sam Hildebrand, the noted desperado, inhabited during the war. Hildebrand was joined by other desperate characters, and here in this position, impregnable to attack, they defied capture—as safe as Roderick Dhu and his men. From this summit the beautiful Bellevue Valley can be seen for fifteen miles, little white villages nestling in the green fields, while the Ozark Mountains loom up in the distance, dark and grim. Through glimpses in the hills Pilot Knob can be seen towering in the sky, and a look in another direction shows the red earth of the Iron Mountain glistening in the sun.

THE PARTY LINGERED

among the bowlders on the mountain top, lost in wonder and admiration, until a boy came toiling up to the summit to say that breakfast had been waiting for an hour. After the meal and a lounge in the shade, another excursion was organized and the remainder of the bowlder ridge explored, and the quarries more carefully inspected. The process of removing granite from its bed has been so often described that it need not be detailed here. Suffice it to say that the supply is inexhaustible; no man ever ascertained the depth of a granite formation, and there is a general belief that it extends clear through to China. There are now 400,000 completed paving blocks on the ground. The party returned to St. Louis this morning, the trip being made to the Middlebrook depot at 2 a. m. in the same wagon. A most enjoyable time was had, and Superintendent Walsh is certainly one of the most hospitable of men.

The Citizens of St. Louis

are waking up to the fact that

CREVE CŒUR LAKE

is *the* place to go for a day's rest and recreation—1,500 people there yesterday. General verdict: "Well pleased; will go again." Trains leave Union Depot as per time table in another column. Take a day off and go to Creve Cœur.

THE DUDE.

IT gwieves me gweatly, my deah fellah, to heah of so many suicaids as seem to be occurwing now-a-dais, ye knaw. At one taime we heah of a man jumping fwom a ferwy boat, at anothah fwom the bwedge; then, again, some senseless fellah blows out his bwains or sevahs his jugulah—an' all because they are out of cash an' out of wo'k. Well, deah me, it's lawfubil, pwepostewous, pe'fectly absu'd; ain't it? Naow, luke at me. I ain't got a bloomink cent in the wo'ld, an' I cawn't get any wo'k suitabil fo' me tendah hands an' the supahfwine quality of me maind, but I ain't a-going to spoil me fust class gawmints by getting them wet in the watah or spwinkling them with a lot of beastly wed blood. Naw, sah; I think whaile a fellah's got a pwetty good wa'dwobe, an' a fwee lunch woot is still open to him, there is yet hope. Thwose poah kweatuahs who tak' theiah own laives just wuin theah gawmints in one way or another, an' mawah what othahwaise maight ha' bin a pwetty faiah luking cawpse. Fa' my pawt I shall always desiah to die a natuwal dealth.

* * *

To-mowow we will have Sunday again, an' I guess it's safe to pwesume those horwid gween or blue laws, whatevah they designate them, will be wigowously enforced. I don't maind closing up the doggewies an' gwoggewies, ye knaw, an' pweventing the gweasy gwocers fwom wetailing theiah stwong buttah an' weak teah, but I must be allowed to foile me positive pwotest against prewenting the soda founts to play from sunrise to sunset. I laike me glawss of vanilla and kweam, ye knaw, and weally thought I should die the lawst two Sundays when I found it impossible to get a dwink. If soda founts must be shut off at all, I desiah raight heah to suggest to the authowities that they close them up at naight, an' then a fellah with only a quawtah in his pocket to lawst him all week can take his girl pwomenadin' without feah of any financial embawassment. Wouldn't it be a decidedly clevah joke on the girls, though? By Jawve!

* * *

THE wallwoads are cutting wates again, an' it lukes as if thean was going to be a lawge faight. It always stwaikes me as absu'd that wallwoads nevah get to faighting each othah until theah is something laike a lull in the passengah twaffic. Summah tourwists are thwough tourwing at this taime and naow the wallwoads to fetch out the clawss that couldn't affo'd to pay summah wates are having a so-called waw to give theiah biz a boom. D'you see, my deah boy? Of cou'se ye do. But it is a lettle too late fo' youahs twuly. Two months ago a thwee dollah wate to the sea-shoah would have given me oppo'tunity to pwesent me faine figuah an' me irwesistible wawd-wobe on the beach at Long Bwanch or Coney Island, but now it is too late in the season ye knaw; an' besaides, I haven't got the wequisite thwee dollahs. The wallwoads needn't cut any wates fo' me; I'd soonah have them cut a watahmelon.

* * *

It seems to me a gweat deal of good newspapah space is being wasted over the distinguished wowahs who wowed at Lachine an' Chat—Chat—[see heah, small boy, will you be kaind enough to hold my cigawet whaile I twy to pwonounce that beastly name]—Chautauqua. That's it. Chawges of kwookidness on the pawt of Hanlan an' of idiocy on the pawt of Cou'tney are not calculated to give the genewal public an exalted idea of this kaind of spo't. Cou'tney's boats were sawed the naight before the wace, an' the questions that wemain to be answered are who sawed them and for what were they sawed. My opinion is it was a good thing for Cou'tney; he nevah did any extwaordinawy wowing except with his mouth, an' he stood just as much chawnce of winning with hawf a shell as he did with a welay of them every hundwed yawds. I cawn't say who it was sawed Cou'tney's boats, but I've a pwetty faiah idea that the wowah with the wuined shell whipsawed his fwends an' suppo'tahs. Cou'tney is an aquatic fwaud of the lawst watah.

* * *

I SEE they are tearwing up the stweets again to lay gauspaipe, an' at pwesent Fou'th stweet is perfectly demorwalaized. This so't of thing is a bleeding newsance, ye know. It obstwucts twaffic, pwevents twavel an' wemainds one too fo'cibly of the kaind of wo'k our fo'fathahs used to do. I twipped up on a piece of mud yestahday whaile lifting me hat to thwee chawming young ladies, an' as I went down me six-button pantaloons gave way in the seams, making shawking wents in the gawment, an' driving me to the necessity of sitting on a dwy goods box awound the co'nah until it got dawk enough for me to go home unobserved. I had fou'teen lawyers with me already this mawning, pwaying with teahs in theiah eyes to have me let them fwile a suit against the city fo' $10,000 damages. But I dawsn't do this, ye knaw. I once had an uncle twied to wob the City Tweasury of several hundwed thousand dollahs, an' he's now in pwison, so you see it would'nt be faiah fo' me to go into pawtnership with a law-sharp to wob the city again. It maight be kwowding the pwison a little bit too much.

* * *

I am verwy glad to see the Mayah making anothah pwoclamation about the watah in the weserwoiah, an' I feel tolewably certain that, at my pussenal wequest he will add a clause westwicting the wuin done to clothing by the stweet-sprinkling cawts. Evewy day one of those beastly tanks on wheels is dwiven in close enough to the curbstone to splash the sidewalks, and the horwid dwiver seems to take special delight in spwinkling me patent leathah gaitahs an' dumpling the spwing bottoms of me pants. Theah ought to be a law pweventing the waste of watah in this way. The spwing in me pants fu'nishes all the moistuah necessary for the lawah ends of that garment, an' if the outwages don't stop I suppose I shall have to get a paiah of haigh wubbah butes to wun the gauntlet with. Think of it, deah fellah, a populah swell dude laike the undersigned going round with the tails of his steel-pen coat floating out behind wubbah twousahs that weach about up to his ears. As the Noo Yawk Sun wepeatedly wemawks, tu'n the wascals out.

Uhrig's Cave.

The entertainment at Uhrig's Cave to-night will be Starkwather's "Sketches of the Orient," which will be put in very attractive shape. The sketches furnish an excellent programme, being prepared from photographs, which Mr. Starkwather took on his journeys through Palestine and the Holy Land. The sketches will be continued during the week.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

GAS CALORE.

Prospect of a Bitter Fight Against the Water Gas Company.

The St. Louis Gaslight Company Inaugurates the War—An Injunction Prayed for—The Allegations in the Petition—What the Officers of the Two Companies Say—Mr. Lackland's Significant Remark.

Late Saturday afternoon the St. Louis Gaslight Company filed in the Circuit Clerk's office a petition against the St. Louis Gas, Fuel and Power Company to restrain the latter corporation from manufacturing and vending gas for illuminating purposes in the district south of the south line of Washington avenue. The petition recites that the plaintiff is a corporation "only created, organized and existing by authority of and in conformity with a special charter granted it by the State of Missouri" on February 4, 1837; that by the provisions of its charter the plaintiff and all the rights, powers, privileges and franchises granted to and conferred upon it were to continue for the period of fifty years from the first day of January, 1840, unless plaintiff (as it was empowered by its charter to do) should within the first twenty-five years of said term of fifty years sell and convey into the city of St. Louis its gas works, land-rights and priveleges; that such sale or conveyance was never made, and the corporate life of the plaintiff and the rights, powers, privileges and franchises granted by its charter have always been, and still are in full force, operation and effect, and will be until 1890. After reciting the terms of its charter and the history of its early operations and the transfer of the territory north of Washington avenue, the petition states that "the plaintiff has expended large sums of money, and has by great effort and continued outlays of money built up and established a business which, though small and without profit in its early history, has grown to be and

"IS LARGE AND REMUNERATIVE."

Reviewing the grant of the franchise to the St. Louis Gas, Fuel and Power Company on April 8, 1880, the petition states that the only right or privilege attempted or pretended to be given or granted by the franchise is the right to lay pipe with all necessary and proper attachments, connections and fixtures below the surface of any of the public streets, alleys and highways within the corporate limits of the city of St. Louis, for the purpose of heating private buildings. The petition attacks the validity of the ordinance which created the St. Louis Gas, Fuel and Power Company and states that the defendant corporation, well knowing the rights of the plaintiff as conferred by its charter, has invaded and usurped the territory south of the south line of Washington avenue, and declares to the public, and particularly to the customers of the plaintiff, that it intends to proceed to lay a pipe in Fifth, Sixth and Fourteenth streets from Washington avenue south to Market street, and in Market street and Clark avenue from Eighteenth street east to Fourth street, and to connect said pipes in all these streets with its works at the corner of Eighteenth street and Clark avenue, and to prosecute the business of making, selling and distributing gas to light all buildings located in the streets mentioned whose occupants it can induce to purchase gas from it. "And the plaintiff further avers that the said several acts and practices of defendant, and the threatened continuance thereof, are not only a direct

VIOLATION AND USURPATION

of the rights, privileges and franchises secured to plaintiff by its charter, and so known and intended to be by the defendant, but are also in direct violation of its own charter, and the said pretended ordinance, which is likewise equally well-known to defendant. * * * That said defendant is without means to answer for the said wrongs and injuries done and threatened the plaintiff and is hopelessly insolvent and the plaintiff is wholly remediless in the premises and will be subject to irreparable loss unless protected by the process of the court against further spoliation at the hands of defendants." For the reasons stated in the petition the plaintiff asks that the defendant be enjoined until after the 1st day of January, 1890, from vending gas for illuminating purposes in the territory south of Washington avenue. Messrs. Glover & Shepley and Madill & Ralston are the attorneys for the plaintiff, and the petition is fortified in due legal form by an affidavit sworn to and subscribed by Mr. R. J. Lackland, the president of the plaintiff corporation. Deputy Circuit Clerk Lewis stated this morning that the petition could not be presented in court until the return of some one of the absent Circuit Judges, about the end of the current month.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning called at the offices of the Water Gas Company for the purpose of ascertaining the programme of that corporation in the premises.

MR. HENRY M. POST,

one of the directors of the company, was seen.

"What will you do about this new suit?" the reporter asked Mr. Post.

"We have not been served with the papers yet, so that I cannot tell. We shall defend ourselves, however," said Mr. Post.

"Do you feel alarmed about the prospect?"

"Not at all," said Mr. Post.

"Is this proceeding the same as that instituted by Mr. MacDonald recently?"

"No, sir; in the case presented by Mr. MacDonald the State is the plaintiff and attacks our right to manufacture gas. In the case instituted on Saturday the right to lay pipe and to sell gas for illuminating purposes is attacked."

"Do you claim to have the right to sell gas for illuminating purposes?"

"No, sir; we only claim the right to sell gas for heat, fuel and power purposes."

"But if your patrons choose to affix gas fixtures to your pipes and to use your gas for lighting?"

"That is their affair," said Mr. Post.

From one of the customers of the Water Gas Company the reporter obtained a copy of the agreement which every customer of the company enters into with the company. The following is a copy of the agreement, and it will be observed that the company is careful to limit its contract to the supply of gas for heat, fuel and power purposes only, and to exclude all mention of illuminating:

ST. LOUIS, MO................1883.

To St. Louis Gas, Fuel and Power Co.

Please make connection (at your own expense) with the Gas Pipes on my premises,

No......................................

at such point as is most convenient for you, and furnish .... with all the Gas that .... require for Heating, Cooking and Power purposes, for which .... will pay you monthly, as your bills are rendered, the sum of $1 50 per 1,000 cubic feet. Said Gas to be furnished through a meter belonging to you, and to which you shall at all times have access. The delivery of said Gas to commence as soon as you can complete your arrangements for so doing, and to continue for the term of..........................

....

The above order is accepted, upon the terms and stipulations therein expressed, and the Gas required will be furnished without unnecessary delay.

St. Louis,............188.. ....

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MR. R. J. LACKLAND,

president of the St. Louis Gaslight Company, was seen in his office at the Boatman's Bank, of which he is president. Mr. Lackland was asked if his company intended to prosecute the suit against the Water Gas Company with determination, and his reply was an emphatic affirmative.

"What do you make of the claim of the Water Gas Company that they do not sell gas for illuminating purposes, and that their customers use it for any purpose they choose."

"Simply that it is an evasion of fact. The law does not permit a man to do a thing indirectly which it prohibits him from doing directly."

"These people of the Water Gas Company," continued Mr. Lackland, "talk about reducing the price of gas. Now, I have no doubt that if we were to offer to divide our territory with them they would readily agree to raise the price of gas to $3."

"What is the best way, in your opinion, to bring down the price of gas?"

"To consolidate the two companies—the St. Louis and the Laclede. Then more gas would be manufactured, and the more gas you manufacture the cheaper you make the price of gas. In London gas is cheaper than it is anywhere else and for the simple reason that a greater quantity of it is manufactured there than elsewhere. As for myself, I am a compromise man and I would like to see a consolidation of the Laclede and the St. Louis Companies take place."

With this significant utterance from Mr. Lackland's lips the interview terminated.

RAILWAY NOTES.

John J. McLean, land agent of the Union Pacific at Hillsboro, Ill., is in the city.

J. N. Conger, superintendent of the Hot Springs Narrow Gauge, is in the city to-day.

H. W. Hibbard, general freight agent of the Vandalia, leaves for Chicago to-night.

Geo. Olds, freight traffic manager of the Gould lines, leaves for Chicago this evening.

John Hewitt, superintendent of motive power and machinery of the Missouri Pacific, has returned from a trip to Texas.

R. S. Miner, superintendent of lines west of the river of the Wabash, is in town to-day.

J. B. Wadleigh, division freight agent of the Iron Mountain, is in the city from Little Rock.

General Manager Ristine of the Texas and St. Louis Railway returns from the East Thursday.

There is no change to note in any of the demoralized rates. Chicago remains at $6, Louisville $5 and Cincinnati $7.

A telegram from Supt. Horner of the Arkansas division of the Texas and St. Louis says the first through train from McGregor, Texas, arrived at and left Texarkana on time for the North this morning.

A Wild Rumor.

For several days past wild rumors have been floating around to the effect that the Vanderbilt syndicate was seriously considering taking hold of the Texas & St. Louis Road, if it could be purchased. This morning it was stated that the conference of last week was held as much to accomplish this object as to inquire into the Belt Road scheme. This was, however, denied emphatically by Col. J. W. Paramore, president of the T. & St. L. He said this morning: "If it is so I do not know it."

"You would know it, would you not?" asked the reporter.

"Yes, ultimately, but people who hold the stock in New York and the East might sell and I not know it immediately. However, in all probability there is nothing in it."

THE THIRD SUNDAY.

New Cases Reported to the Police To-Day.

The Newspaper Cases—Saloon-Keepers' Cases Continued—Redocketing.

The confidence in the ultimate success of the saloon men in the Sunday fight is gradually spreading, though it is far from being general throughout the city. It was thought by the Association that all doubts had been removed from the minds of the saloon-keepers, and yesterday every saloon door would be swung open to admit the August breezes and the thirsty customers, but, contrary to expectations, the number of new additions to the ranks were small. Every violation was reported to the Captains, but only the new cases were sent to the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney. Owing to a large amount of regular business on hand that official was to-day obliged to postpone the consideration of Sunday cases.

The following persons were reported this morning to the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney as having violated the Sunday law yesterday for the first time:

SALOON-KEEPERS.

Louis Figone, Fred Will, jr., John Hoerner, Valentine Johe, John Bruch, Jos. Bremmer, John Camp, Geo. Gerber, Fred W. Krueger, Frank P. Walsh, Henry Peiter, Stanislaus Zebrowitz, E. A. Fallis, Victor Hug, John Huber, Henry W. Nolte, Phillip Duff, Louis Theet, Anton Smith, Frank Mahon, John Maguire, Alex. Malthias, Charles Nickel, Albert Koerner, Henry Meenhaen, Lew Harton, Frank Y. Schmidt, Charles H. Gerker, F. W. Barcherdine, Charles F. Saturday, Philip Geisel, Conrad Baumaket, Julius Tojantoshe, Matthias Kohring, Henry H. Burrieher, Christ Barnerat, Otto Koehler, Conrad Beck, John H. Kellman, Wm. Simon, Fred Slange, Martin Neiser, Charles Schlapprizzi. Barbers—John Nolde, John Heidecker, Conrad Bobb, G. M. Meyer, Gus Knock, Charles Knock, Frank Heiner, John Katzenberger, Philip Holdenreid, C. Hensman, Jacob Bols and C. F. Schneider. Miscellaneous—Joseph Joachim, Wm. Frank, Joseph Ghio, Sam Samuels, L. Horton, Chris. Barnes, V. Scalzo, Herman Burdde, John Ramming, Louis Zella, George Venables, Fred Laengen, F. Schmidt, E. Chapman, A. Jaconesewick.

In the Court of Criminal Correction to-day, the following cases

WERE CONTINUED

until August 28: Clement Doche, F. A. Gick, F. Baumeister, John Krauss, A. King, Wm. Kaufer, John Wohlschlager, John Bosse, Robert Hodder, Fred Will, Kate Oberly, Joseph Klaren, Ernst Waggener, R. Moll, George Hoeffner, V. Spindler, Chris Weber, J. H. Drees, Ed O'Brien, M. Scherstuhl, F. Simon, C. Thiet, Emil Bessehl, Dominick Stohl, Jas. Kelly, Gus Zweige, Chas. Hufnagel, G. Trautman, Nic Stellar, E. Zschwiske, Joseph Klein, Luke Walsh, Antoine Vert, Geo. Woeber, C. & T. Oheim, Al. Henry, Hy. Walkening, H. Luippold, F. Eshman, Louis Shrimp.

THE NEWSPAPER CASES.

To-day the cases of Carl Daenzer, editor of the Anzeiger des Westens, and Emil Preetorious, editor of the Westliche Post, who are each charged with Sabbath-breaking by permitting and compelling employes to labor on Sunday, were called in the Court of Criminal Correction. Both of the editors had given bond for their appearanc, but when the cases were reached neither was on hand. No attorney appeared to represent the defendants, and, as such a condition of things as a plan of defense would necessarily work a forfeiture of bonds, it was concluded that a mistake had been made in giving the notification, and the cases were accordingly continued until Sept. 4, the earliest vacancy on the docket of the busy tribunal. A similar disposition was made by the court with the consent of attorneys in the following cases of Sabbath breaking: Joseph Postlewaite, Jos. Hammerschlang, John P. Wetterworth. Two cases against Charles Krise of 906 Market street, were continued until Sept. 3.

A TALE OF A BICYCLE.

[In which the POST-DISPATCH explains why the St. Louis wheelmen still wear knee-breeches on the pave and in the saddle for the period of one year.]

Let me tell you the tale of a bicycle
And its owner, Diogenes Dunn;
It will make your spine feel like an icicle,
And your blood like a mountain-stream run—
Still it's true as the path of the sun.

Diogenes' first evolutions
Went back to his earliest days,
When three wheels and their safe revolutions
Sufficed to implant the fond craze
For his later eccentric ways.

For as older our hero was growing
He subtracted one wheel from his rig,
And, with little and big circles going
And his feet keeping up a wild jig,
He was known as a bicycling prig.

In pursuit of his festive diversion
Fate handled him oft 'thout a glove,
But naught proved sufficient detersion—
Broken nose and split ear, and above—
Above all, the sweet passion of love.

From his 'cycle poor Di. thought it cruel
To spare too much time to Miss Shank;
His courting grew thinner than gruel,
But his feet with the peds rose and sank
Like a duplex elliptical crank.

Still they made up their minds to be married,
The wedding day named and the hour.
These came, but Diogenes tarried;
The bride in the church, white as flour
Clutch'd her daddy, whose temper was sour.

Now suddenly Shanks his head twitches—
The rush of wheels comes to the door;
Diogenes in his knee-breeches
Rides by, as he ne'er rode before,
Like a cyclone from Hades' top floor.

Old Shanks quickly springs in Meg's saddle
To give the gay wheelman a chase;
But mounted his stepper astraddle
He enters an ill-fated race,
For no more is he seen in the place.

His ghost, they say, often is sighted
Pursuing a spectre on wheels,
But I think the world's liars united
Would sink on their knees, in appeals
To sit with these liars at meals.

All I know, for a fact, is months later
A skeleton rode into town
On a bicycle—once a first-rater.
It's tassels the pedals held down
And it's carpels the handle wrapped 'roun'

"I loved my dear 'cyc," said a letter
Hid the skeleton's ribs within,
"Than sweetheart or wife loved it better,
And was still giving Fate a swift spin
When the simoon of death swept me in."

His Club saw how Dio. had perished,
And long resolutions they passed
To th' effect that his mem'ry be cherished,
At least while a twelvemonths last,
By wearing their breeches half-mast.

A LONG TIME DYING.

People Who Have Lived to be More Than 100 Years Old.

A Bengal Chap Who Reached the Age of 370—Other Remarkable Instances of Longevity—The Average Life of Professional Men and Artisans.

The colored man, John White, aged 141 years, written about in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, is a pretty old subject, but as a reporter has since learned he isn't a circumstance to some long-lived people that have figured in the records of longevity. Numa de Cunyan, a native of Bengal, India, died at the incredible age of 370 years. He is said to have possessed a remarkable memory to the last.

THE OLDEST WOMAN.

Mary Benton, of Elton, County Durham, England, is now probably the oldest person in the world. She was born February 12, 1731, and is now in her hundred and fifty-fifth year. She possesses all her faculties, perfect memory, hearing and eyesight; cooks, washes and irons, and threads her needle and sews without using spectacles.

Senor Mosel, living in South America, is 130 years old and claims to have discovered the secret of longevity, which, he claims, consists in simply in faithfully observing the laws of nature—taking the proper amount of exercise daily and living otherwise in accordance with the rules of health. He eats but one meal a day and that in the evening, takes only a cup of coffee in the morning, and says he has never been sick a day in his life.

John Dobson, a farmer, died at Hadfield, England, aged 139, and ninety-one children and grand children attended his funeral. He dieted principally on fruit, fish, vegetables, milk and cider.

John de la Somet, of Virginia, is 135 years old.

Edward Druber, of Philadelphia, lived to be 103. He rarely ate any supper.

William Warrell died in 1840 at Kingslow, upon Thames, at the tender age of 120 years.

Mary Randall died in 1877 in the Thurles Work House, Ireland, at the age of 122. She was married before the breaking out of the American Revolution.

OLD THOMAS PARR

of Winnington, Shropshire, Eng., reached the age of 152 years. He was first married at 88, and a second time at 120, and was covered with a thick coat of hair from head to foot—a kind of centennial krao.

Mrs. McElroy of Northampton County, Pa., died in Philadelphia in 1876, when she had arrived at the age of 118 years. Her father lived to be 107. She was married in 1790 to a revolutionary soldier, by whom she had seven children, four of whom are still living, two being twins. She was strong and active up to the time of her death, and those who knew her say she would have been easily mistaken for a woman of not more than 70. Twenty-one years before her death she received what is termed second sight, and could see as clearly and distinctly as in her young days. She did all her housework, waited upon her youngest daughter, aged 51, who was blind, and attended a little shop which they kept in the front room.

Henry Jenkins weathered the storms of the sea of life for 169 long years. At the age of 160 he made a journey to London to see King Charles II. The King introduced him to the Queen who took much interest in him putting numerous questions, among which was this: "Well, my good man, may I ask what you have done during the long period of life granted to you, more than any other man of fewer years?" Patriarchal Jenkins looked the Queen in the face and naively replied: "Indeed, Madam, I know of nothing greater than becoming a father when I was 100 years old." He told the King that temperance and sobriety of living had been the means, by the blessing of God, of lengthening his days beyond the usual time.

THE AVERAGE LIFE-TIME.

In all these cases the secret of longevity has been the same—a strict compliance with the laws of health. Physicians and statisticians have compiled numerous tables showing the average duration of life in certain classes of society. The most recent put together in this country gave the following average life-times of professional men and artisans, the figures representing years:

Statesmen and lawyers	69.5
Physicians	68.0
Divines and Theologians	67.4
Musical composers	65.7
Philosophers and mathematicians	65.5
Farmers	64.8
Artists	64.5
Miscellaneous and literary men	62.6
Poets	59.8
Hatters	58.7
Coopers	57.3
Blacksmiths	54.4
Carpenters	51.1
Merchants	50.7
Tanners and Curriers	49 9
Masons	48.4
Traders	46.7
Bakers	46.6
Cabinetmakers	44.8
Stonecutters	44.4
Paper-makers	44.2
Shoemakers	43.4
Laborers	42.7
Seamen	42.4
Painters	42.3
Fishermen	41.6
Manufacturers	40.4
Mechanics generally	37.2
Printers	36.9

EUROPEAN FIGURES.

Dr. Casper, of Berlin, Prussia, has calculated that in the realms of Frederick William the age of 70 was attained by 42 clergymen in 400; by 29 lawyers, by 28 artists, by 27 professors, and by 24 physicians.

Dr. Madon of England, in comparing the average ages of celebrated men of different classes, found that naturalists lived to be 75 years; philosophers, sculptors and painters, 70; lawyers, 69; physicians, 68; and clergymen, 67.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

HENRY SHAW has tendered a promenade concert and garden party to the Shaw Club, a leading social organization of this city, and, barring rain, it will come off Thursday, August 16, at Shaw's Botanical Garden. The promenade concert will be from 7 to 8:30 p. m., after which there will be dancing until 12 o'clock. In case of rain this promised pleasant affair will be deferred to the following Thursday.

GOOD NEWS FROM TEXAS.

Mr. THOMAS A. HOWARD, of Honey Grove, Fannin County, Texas, under date of April 5, 1883, writes as follows:

"I have been suffering during several years from severe illness, and a general breaking down of my physical system, and have tried the treatment and prescriptions of many doctors far and near, and traveled to the Hot Springs and other mineral springs famous for their remedial qualities, drinking the waters and bathing systematically in their healing depths, but all to no avail, as I steadily failed in health; and although informed by my physicians that my ailments and weaknesses were the result of kidney disease of a dangerous character, they could give me nothing to cure me. During the past two years my sufferings at times were dreadful, and I had the most indescribable pains in the regions about the kidneys, the paroxysms of which were so severe as to render it impossible for me to sleep. While in this deplorable and discouraged condition I was persuaded to try Hunt's Remedy, and after using less than half a bottle my great sufferings and paroxysms of pain were entirely relieved, and I could sleep better and longer than I had in two years before, and although I am now on my third bottle only my improvement is very remarkable, and I regret that I did not know of the wonderful curative powers of Hunt's Remedy before, as it would have saved me years of suffering. I heartily recommend it to all afflicted with any kidney disease or disease of the urinary organs."

"HIT MY CASE EXACTLY."

Please allow me to speak in the highest terms of "Hunt's Remedy," for it hit my case exactly. I had kidney and urinary trouble pretty bad. I was recommended Hunt's Remedy. I took one teaspoonful as directed. I felt a decided change at the first dose. I took two bottles, and have felt like a new man ever since. Please receive the sincere thanks of myself for the benefits which I sought vainly for and found only in Hunt's Remedy.

I will cheerfully give this same opinion of Hunt's Remedy to any one who wishes it, by addressing

ROBERT D. ARCHER,
811 Linnard Street, Philadelphia.

March 14, 1883.

DIED.

GARNETT—Suddenly, after a short illness, LESLEY GARNETT, in the 73d year of his age.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

MURPHY—On Sunday, August 12, 1883, at 6:40 o'clock p. m., WILLIAM MURPHY, aged 40 years.

The funeral will take place Tuesday, 14th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, No. 3920 North Fourteenth street, to Church of Holy Name, thence to Calvary. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Washington, D. C., papers please copy.

POWELL—Entered into rest after a long and painful illness, Sunday, August 12, Mrs. ELLEN POWELL, relict of the late Joseph Powell of this city, in the 75th year of her age.

Funeral services from the Second Presbyterian Church, corner of Seventeenth street and Lucas place, Tuesday, August 14, at 4 p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

COSTELLO—ROBERT COSTELLO, August 13, 1883 aged 21 years.

Funeral from 1120 Park av. to-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock, to St. Vincent's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Chicago papers please copy.

OUR VIENNA

BREAD BREAD

VIENNA MODEL
THOROUGHBRED
TRADE MARK
J. C. SNODGRASS & CO.
BAKERY
9TH & WALNUT STS.
ST. LOUIS
BAKERY.

Is the only genuine. See label. For sale by all Grocers. St. Louis and East St. Louis.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF HEADACHE.

THE STOMACH, THE BOWELS AND THE LIVER ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR EVERY PANG THAT RACKS THE HEAD. REGULATE, TONE AND HARMONIZE THE ACTION OF THESE ALLIED ORGANS WITH **TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT**, AND YOU CURE THE COMPLAINT AT ITS SOURCE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Want Columns.

Houses For Rent—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. TRY IT.

Horses For Sale—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. TRY IT.

Pianos For Sale—Only Five Cents a Line.
FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

Houses Wanted—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. TRY IT.

Dogs Lost—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. TRY IT.

Horses to Hire—Five Cents a Line.
FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

Wagons For Sale—Five Cents a Line.
FIVE CENTS. TRY IT.

Boarding—Three Lines for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. TRY IT.

All advertisements in Want Columns, not pertaining to business, are charged for at the rate of Ten Cents for Twenty Words. Give them a trial and profit by it.

POST-DISPATCH.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

One week commencing Monday, August 13.
Re-engagement of
STARKWATHER'S SKETCHES OF THE ORIENT.

A beautiful series of realistic views, illustrating scenes of Oriental travel. Monday night—From San Francisco to Japan, the Land of the Rising Sun. Admission 50 cents; reserved seats 75 cents.

HOTEL CREVE CŒUR.

HOTEL CREVE CŒUR is situated on the bank of the lake at railroad depot. Hotel and bar in charge of H. A. Bodine, late of the Lindell Hotel Restaurant. Meals at short notice and at reasonable prices.

WISCONSIN SUMMERING PLACE
in Exchange for
St. Louis Improved Property.

35 acres, large stone mansion and complete place, with barn, tenant, bath houses, springs, etc., charmingly situated bank of Fox River, near suburb of Burlington, Wis., 45 miles from Milwaukee, line C., M. & St. P. R. R.; improvements and grounds cost $18,000. Owner removed, and will sell or exchange for St. Louis improved property for $8,000.

S. V. PAPIN & CO.,
Cor. Seventh and Chestnut.

TELEPHONE OFFICES ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office (twenty words for *ten cents*, when not of a business nature). Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park aves.; C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison ave.; Otto D'Armour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street; J. W. Tomfohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton sts.; Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive st.; H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau ave.; J. M. Good, Druggist, 2248 Olive st.; F. Sum, Druggist, 2855 Clark av.; Thos. Layton, Druggist, S. W. cor. St. Louis and Grand avs.; Eugene Bribach, 2700 Chouteau av.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department 866
Editorial Rooms 501

DANCING.

GRAND OPENING PROF. FRANKEL'S

DANCING Academies—Druids' Hall, Ninth and Market sts., Monday evening, August 20; Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe sts., Tuesday evening, August 21; Teutonia Hall, Eighteenth and Benton sts., Wednesday evening, August 22. Send for circulars.

PROF. E. A. REINHOLDT'S

Academies for Dancing open. Central Turner Hall, 10th, bet. Market and Walnut sts., Wednesday evening, August 15. South St. Louis Turner Hall, 10th and Carroll sts., Monday evening, August 13. Lessons in large hall.

LODGE NOTICES.

MEMBERS PUTNAM ASSOCIATION NO. 17, N. A. A. You are requested to attend a meeting tonight at Neun's Hall, Park and St. Ange avenues at 7:30 o'clock, to take action in regard to the death of Bro. R. C. Little.
m33 WM. H. GLAZE, Vice-President.

I. O. O. F.—De Soto Lodge, No. 90, meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, at Anzeiger Hall, No. 13 N. 3d st. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
JOHN BAKER, N. G.
FRED. KNAMM, Secretary. m33

GOLDEN CROWN LODGE, No. 62, K. of P., will meet promptly at their Castle Hall on Tuesday evening.
By order
WM. PELKUS, C. C.
M. H. BECK, K. of R. & S. 33

COSMOS LODGE, No. 282, A. F. and A. M. will have a stated communication at Masonic Hall, corner of 7th and Market sts. this (Monday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock; work in the E. A. degree; visiting brethren fraternally invited. SIMON SUSS, W. M.
M. SWEENY, Sec. m33

MISSOURI ENCAMPMENT, No. 59, I. O. O. F.—Patirarchs: You are requested to attend our regular meeting Monday evening, at 8 o'clock sharp; work in the G. K. degree; members of sister encampments are invited. A. H. Warheide, Scribe. m33

CORNER-STONE LODGE, No. 323, A. F. & A. M., will hold a stated communication this (Monday) evening, at Freemason's hall, at eight o'clock. Visiting brethren are fraternally invited. O. G. DIXON, W. M.
LEWIS A. J. LIPPELT, Sec. m33

HALL MISSOURI LODGE, 227, K OF H.—Regular meeting, Monday night next, work in the degrees. All members are invited to be present. Visiting brothers are cordially invited.
JOHN BRUCE, Dictator.
JOHN H. PARKER, Reporter. 33

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A.—TONIEST shoemaker of the world. Keeps over a hundred different styles on hand. Shoes to order from $7 to $15. Paris, France, is nowhere. WEBERT, 318 N. Sixth st., opposite Barr's. All kinds of repairing neatly done. 74

MRS. LAURA DEKNEVETT, Natural Clairvoyant, Trance, Test and Business Medium, 1413 Morgan st.

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune-teller, 921 N. 7th st.; side entrance, up stairs. 4

PERSONAL—Miss Overdier, test and business medium, can be seen daily at 10 Center st., second floor. s74

PERSONAL—A St. Louis gentleman called at C. R. Hall's drug store, at Graysville, Ill., and said he was prostrated with dysentery and medicines failed to relieve him, and he could travel no further. I told him I had a medicine that could not be beat in this world for that trouble, and it was Brunker's Carminative Balsam. He took a large dose and got on the next train. A few days after he sent me an order for six 50c bottles, and said he could not find it in St. Louis, and that there was not a medicine equal to it in the city drug stores. It can be found at Richardson & Co., Wholesale Druggists, St. Louis, Mo. It has cured the worst cases of summer complaint, when nothing but corruption passed the child's bowels in forty-eight hours. It does not check the bowels, but removes the cause of the disease. Pleasant and harmless m74

PERSONAL—Consult Una F. Silva, clairvoyant medium, on business or anything pertaining to life; spiritual communications. 819 Franklin av. 74

TRUNKS and SATCHELS, DRESS, OCEAN, SARATOGA and large PACKING trunks. Shawl and trunk straps retailed at FACTORY, corner 22nd and Morgan; also at STORE, 309 and 311 N. 3d st. We offer GOOD goods at low prices. TRUNKS REPAIRED at both places. Postal calls promptly attended to. Free delivery. HICKMAN TRUNK CO.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

SHEET music 5c, 6c by mail; all the latest and most popular songs of the day; catalogues mailed free. Ad. Jett's Music Store, 802 Olive st. s2

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR RENT—Steam-mill of three run of buhrs dwelling-house of six rooms and seven acres of pasture land, in corporate limits, and hotel of thirty rooms; terms easy; immediate possession. Address W. W. Chapman, Winchester, Ill. a4

FOR SALE—A laundry doing a good business; reason for selling, proprietor leaving the country. Inquire on premises 116 S. 6th st. for further particulars. s4

FOR SALE—Soap works with good facilities, cheap, on account of sickness of the proprietor. Add. C. Hoffmeister, Carondelet. 4

FOR SALE—The best little custom shoe-shop on Christy av., only $20; best reasons for selling. Apply immediately at 404 Olive st. s4

FOR SALE—Soap works, with good facilities, cheap, on account of sickness of the proprietor. Address C. Hoffmeister, South St. Louis. 4

FOR SALE—Soda-water factory with the good will of their customers. B 2, this office. t4

FOR SALE—A first-class meat and vegetable market at a very low price; reason for selling, other business. B 6, this office. m4

FACTORY AND BUSINESS FOR SALE

By direction of the Circuit Court I offer for sale the manufacturing establishment, with all its improved machinery, tools, fixtures, lease and good will of the

L. W. HEMP TINWARE CO.

Also, the entire stock in trade if desired. This valuable manufacturing business can now be bought for a sum far below its real value, and capitalists desiring to engage in manufacturing are requested to examine it. The Factory, Nos. 111 and 113 South Second st., is at all times open for inspection, and full particulars can be obtained by inquiring of F. X. McCABE, Assignee of Same, Room 1, southeast corner of Fifth and Olive sts. 4

I WILL dispose of an interest in an established business for $6,000 that will net the purchaser 40 per cent. O 18, this office. f4

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of a neat cigar store, including marble top bedroom set and kitchen utensils, for light housekeeping. No. 1135 N. Sixth st. Price $250. Cheap. f5

NEWSPAPER and job printing outfit for sale, cheap; 8 cols. Address Bacon Bros., Carmi, Ill.

WANTED—To sell a complete country newspaper outfit; everything necessary for an 8 column paper, with large stock of job type, etc.; has been used two years; will sell very cheap. Ad. I. C. M., Lock Box 58, Tipton, Mo. f4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

500 NESTS of clothes baskets in quantities to suit at $2 75 per nest of 4; covered market baskets from $6 per doz. up, at the factory, 1020 S. 4th st. m5

A COTTON Exchange membership for sale. Call on McDonough, No. 514 Pine st., room 7. s26

A GOOD second-hand safe, with combination lock, for sale, cheap. 212 S. 2d st. t26.

A GOOD second-hand safe with combination lock for sale; cheap. 212 S. 2d st. m5

BICYCLE, in good running order, with two saddles and a bell, price $55. David Harrison, Belleville, Ill. t5

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

ENTERPRISE shoe store, 608 Franklin av. For sale the best quality $2 kid buttons for ladies' in St. Louis; also a full line of Ziegler Bro. fine kid button boots on B, C and D lasts. The best value for the money in all lines of goods in the city. a5

FOR SALE—Three new chamber sets, springs, mattresses, parlor set, chairs, ingrain and stair carpets, matting, cook stove, etc., at 1435 Wright st. f5

FOR SALE—One full pearled head Howe sewing machine, in good order, for $15; cost $95. Mrs. Gears, Main and Union sts., Carondelet. m5

FOR SALE—New $55 White sewing machine, cheap for cash. 1829 Olive st. m5

FOR SALE—$45 White sewing machine, nearly new, for $25; must be sold. 1807 O'Fallon st. m5

FOR RENT—Three rooms and laundry, and new furniture for sale; a bargain. 1026 S. 13th st. t5

FOR a few days only, cabinet photos $1 50 per doz. at 415 Franklin av. m5

FOR SALE—Furniture of five rooms; complete for housekeeping; stove, carpet, bedding and everything included in household goods. Apply at 727 S. 8th st. f5

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fluters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—143 yards best quality body brussels carpet, parlor, hall and stairs, nearly new. Call at 3108 Morgan st. s5

FURNITURE and carpets of 10-room house, in lots to suit; must be sold immediately. 2944 Thomas st. w4

FOR SALE—
One 14x24 in. slide-valve steam engine.
One 10x20 in. slide-valve steam engine.
One 8x10 in. upright steam engine.
One 4x4 in. horizontal steam engine.
One one-horse power engine.
One 17-inch Eclipse water-wheel.
One pair 3½-ft., two pair 4-ft. and
Four pair 4½-ft. millstones, with all irons.
One 500-bushel power corn-sheller.
Apply to I. Q. HALTEMAN & CO.,
1611 and 1613 S. 3d st.
5

FOR SALE—A 15-horse power engine and boiler, now in operation, at a bargain. Crescent Manufacturing Company, 906 Summit av. s5

FOR SALE—New and second-hand furniture, carpets, stoves, etc., for lowest cash price on time payments. Sommerfeld & Co., 1712 Franklin av. f5

FOR SALE—Cheap; several bread show-cases and one two-horse baker wagon. Apply to L. Mohr, cor. Chouteau av. and 15th st. 5

FOR SALE—40,000 feet of flooring of the old Mound City Hotel. P. W. Hassett, Broadway and North Market st. f5

FOR SALE—Cheap, a few pair of first-class sash folding doors. 2004 O'Fallon st. m5

GENUINE blackberry brandy.
T. JULIAN SMITH'S,
5 513 Walnut st.

HEADLIGHT for sale. Apply at Grand Opera House. s5

HEADLIGHT for sale. Apply at Grand Opera House. s5

MUST be sold immediately, all the furniture and carpets of a ten-room house; everything good as new. 2944 Thomas st. w5

SEWING machines of all kinds repaired and exchanged. Howe Office, 921 Olive st. 5

SAFE AND VAULT DOOR cheap at L. BARGMANN'S, 17 and 19 N. 2d st.

THE cheapest place in the city to buy second-hand goods is 206 N. Twelfth st. bet. Pine and Olive sts. 5

IMP'V'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

3 SMALL brick houses, one on Berlin, near Taylor av., two west of Taylor, on Delmar av. (formerly Olive Street road); each house contains 5 rooms, lots 25 feet front, nice little houses, will be sold at a bargain if applied for soon. Phil. E. Green & Co., 103 N. 8th st. s7

FOR SALE—Laclede av., near Garrison av., a cosy brick, 6 rooms, laundry, nice yard, stable and carriage house, at a bargain if sold immediately. O. Wengler & Co., 806 Chestnut st. a7

FOR SALE—Eight-room house and lot, in good condition; excellent neighborhood; near three lines of cars and three blocks from Lafayette Park; at a bargain. P 44, this office. 7

FOR SALE—A new six-room house in Wash's addition on monthly payments. Apply to Jas. E. Truitt, n. w. cor 4th and Olive sts., from 10 to 12 a. m. s7

FELIX REAMAN, corner Pendleton and N. Market sts., builds and sells houses on monthly payments. Franklin av. cars to Newstead av. 7

HOUSES ON TIME PAYMENTS.

Lots furnished and houses built to suit on monthly payments. Apply to Joseph E. Truitt, from 10 a. m. to 12 m., at 411 Olive st. s7

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

For Sale at a Bargain.

Lot 85x140 on s. w. cor. Penrose st. and Jefferson av. Apply to John Lady, 305 Olive st. 8

FOR SALE—Handsome lot, 60x180, Bayard av., south of Page av.; $10 a foot; a sacrifice. Inquire for John Zeltman. t8

FOR SALE—Two choice building lots one block from Water Tower; terms easy. Horace Fox, owner, 4408 N. 13th st., near Water Tower. s8

FOR SALE—Fine building lot, 25x124; good locality; all improvements made. Apply 2634 McNair av., bet. Sidney and Lynch sts. s8

FOR SALE—Or exchange, for city property, good farm in Central Missouri. W 23, this office. as

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

$4,000

WILL PURCHASE ONE OF THE CHOICEST

SUBURBAN HOMES

IN ST. LOUIS,

Situated on Page or Cook avenue, south side, on the highest point between the West End Narrow-Gauge and Wabash railroads, not more than 150 yards distant from either depot; just 50 minutes' ride from 4th and Olive sts. A large double, two-story, cottage built,

EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE,

Surrounded by pretty lawns, gravel walks and large magnificent shade trees, flowers, shrubbery, young fruit trees, etc., etc. The house has a hall 8 feet wide from front to rear; 4 rooms and kitchen on first floor; 3 rooms on second floor; large, roomy closets; 2 good cisterns; water in kitchen; stable for horses and cow; coal sheds; chicken houses; gas pipes throughout the house; grounds are 100x330 feet through to Wagner avenue, with privilege of 100x330 immediately adjoining. This is an opportunity rarely offered in this market. For further particulars call on

FISHER & CO.
Real Estate Agents
714 CHESTNUT ST.

FOR LEASE.

FOR LEASE—Large church building corner 10th and Locust sts.; changed to suit lessee: pews and furniture for sale. S. Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 10

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

Heideman-Benoist Saddlery Co.,
415 N. Main st.
Buggy harness $6 50; $10; $18; $30; $45; $60, on hand.

CHAS. H. HESSE, veterinary surgeon, has removed his residence to 709 Russell av. Office, n. w. cor. 7th and Geyer av. 11

GOOD AS GOLD is the Magyar Harness Oil, manufactured only by G. A. Homes, 803 N. Jefferson av. 11

SYLVESTER patent tire and wheels with tire on. 719 Locust st. 11

S. W. SLATTERY, V. S., member R. C. V. S., London, late army veterinary department, British service; offices, Park stable, Washington av., and 1111 N. 5th st.; residence 1208 Washington av. 11

WANTED—To purchase a two-seated surrey or phaeton; also a horse suitable for lady to drive and not afraid of railway trains. Address Room 10, Temple Building. m11

PASTURAGE—300 acres excellent pasturage on Benoist farm; well shaded, good fences; abundance of clear running water. Terms $3 per month. The pasture is eight miles from the city on Gravois road. Horses taken to and from pasture free of charge. Add. Peter Farley, Gardenville P. O., St. Louis Co., Mo. a11

For Sale.

Heideman-Benoist Saddlery Co.,
415 N. Main st.
Saddles, bridles, whips, bits, spurs, sheets, dusters. 12

FOR SALE—Two sets single harness, nearly new; first-class make; owner leaving the city. Inquire at 2627 Olive st. 12

FOR SALE—Span small mules, 4 and 6 years old, with harness, for $250; good for delivery wagon; gentle and stand without tying; they run in an oil wagon; can be seen at 2639 Rutger st. after 5 p. m. s12

FOR SALE—A five-year-old buggy horse; as sound as a dollar and good style. Apply at Fasterling's grocery, Old Manchester road, west of King's highway. w12

FOR SALE—A good team and wagon. Swese's brick yard, Toney and Park av. f12

FOR SALE—Cheap; one Timken sidebar White chapel body; also, one full Brewster springs, ¾-seat, piano-box. Inquire at 2627 Olive st. 12

FOR SALE—Horse, harness, and a light spring wagon, for $40. Apply at Geo. Rupp's, 3800 Market st., Rock Spring. t12

FOR SALE—A fine village cart and harness (new); also a surrey and harness; at a bargain. At Arnot's stables, 9th and Chestnut sts. Inquire for Sam. m12

G. F. VOGEL,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing.
MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

Heideman-Benoist Saddlery Co.,
415 N. Main st.
Very finest grades of carriage and coupe harness. 12

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

THE best and cheapest place in St. Louis to buy buggies, phaetons, road carts, spring wagons, etc., is at Dolton Brothers, manufacturers, 802 N. 2nd st. You can get first-class new ones there cheaper than second-hand ones elsewhere; over 300 varieties and styles. All goods sold at strictly wholesale prices. Any style desired made to order.

FOR SALE—Two mules; also wagon and harness. 1240 N. 13th st. f12

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $13 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st 12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

3 SOUTH TWENTY-SECOND ST.—One nicely furnished room, pleasantly located. m13

3 SOUTH TWENTY-SECOND ST.—Three rooms unfurnished, with bath, gas and water on same floor; very desirable. m13

5 N. EIGHTH ST.—CARLETON HOUSE—Nice, clean, cheap rooms for respectable people. 13

107 N. THIRTEENTH ST.—Furnished rooms for rent; also rooms for light housekeeping, to respectable parties. Reasonable. t13

207 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Neatly furnished room with bath; close to Union Depot. m13

910 N. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Nice second story room, well furnished, with two windows; private family; bath; $5 per month. m13

923 N. ELEVENTH ST.—Furnished rooms for rent in private family. t13

1006 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished room; also hall-room. s13

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Very nice furnished rooms, one second-story front for gent and wife or two gentlemen; one single room; $7 a13

1017 N. NINETEENTH ST.—Elegant front parlor, high ceiling, marble mantel, furnished or unfurnished. 13

1121 CHESTNUT St.—Nicely furnished front and back rooms for rent. m13

1201 WASHINGTON AV.—Wanted, a young gent room-mate; first-class room and board; $5 per week. m13

1208 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegant parlors, furnished; also other rooms, with or without board; day boarders accommodated. t13

1222 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front and back rooms; front room suitable for two or three gentlemen; water, gas and bath.

1314 BROADWAY.—For rent, furnished rooms for light housekeeping; rent reasonable; convenient to market and street cars. m13

1327 ST. ANGE AV.—Two unfurnished and one furnished room; hot and cold bath; pleasant location; new house.

1405 O'FALLON ST.—Third-story front room, neatly furnished; $8 per month, including use of bath; suitable for two gents. w13

1506 OLIVE ST.—For rent, two furnished or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; also one handsomely furnished room for gents or gent and wife. 13

1506 PINE ST.—Two furnished rooms; also one unfurnished. s13

1512 CHESTNUT ST.—One back parlor handsomely furnished; southern exposure; with or without board; very cheap. m13

1513 CHESTNUT ST.—Small back rooms, furnished, $5 and $6; also unfurnished front rooms. m13

1540 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two handsomely furnished front rooms on second floor; also hall room; house has all modern conveniences.

1541 SINGLETON ST.—For rent; one furnished front room; suitable for one or two gentlemen. t13

1718 OLIVE—Elegant furnished second story front room suitable for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; bath and gas, etc.; rent low.

1817 CHESTNUT ST.—For rent; furnished rooms; suitable for light housekeeping.

1834 LUCAS PLACE—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; references exchanged. 13

1909 WASH ST.—Furnished rooms; all modern conveniences. t13

1919 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished front room for rent. t13

2009 OLIVE ST.—Two pleasant rooms, second floor, furnished or unfurnished, for rent.

2102 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely fur. front parlor, for one or two gents; bath and gas in private family. t13

2102 CHESTNUT ST.—A furnished front parlor, with gas and bath, for two gents, for rent. t13

2129 MORGAN ST.—To rent, elegant suits, two and three rooms, suitable for small family only; new buildings; southern exposure. 13

2323 OLIVE ST.—Three or four nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; small family; references exchanged. m13

2325 MARKET—First floor, front and back parlor unfurnished; large pantry and kitchen with water; marble mantels. m13

2626 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front and back rooms, single or en suite, furnished or unfurnished. w13

2730 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room with board, 2 gents; $50 per month; reference required. 13

A NICELY furnished front parlor for rent; for gents only. 814 Walnut st. m13

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms for gents, in a nice neighborhood. W 30, this office.

FOR a few days only, cabinet photos $1 50 per doz. at 415 Franklin av. m13

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished room in West End, convenient to cars. Add. B 13, this office.

FOR RENT—One newly furnished room at 1204 N. 6th st. m13

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms on second floor, with bath and gas, for light housekeeping, to family without children; Stoddard Addition. Address B 11, this office. m13

FOR RENT—Five rooms in a nice neighborhood, W 29, this office. a13

NICELY furnished rooms for rent in private family; will rent unfurnished if desired. Inquire at 1806 N. 9th st. s13

TO RENT—Without board, a nicely furnished second-story front room, with gas, situated near park and three lines street cars; private family. Ad. Percy, this office. f13

WANTED—Widow lady wishes a respectable lady as room-mate; good home to right person; reference exchanged. Address A 39, this office. t13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

114 S. SEVENTH ST.—Seven rooms, basement and large rear building. 14

2502 W. EIGHTEENTH ST.—Six room house for rent. s14

2708 LOCUST ST.—Three-story dwelling; 11 rooms, with all modern improvements; newly papered and painted; large rear yard.

FOR RENT—1454 Wright st.; 5 rooms; front and back yards; rent $18 per month. Inquire at store on corner, or 2928 Pine st. 14

FOR RENT—1520 Wright st., five rooms; front and back yard; rent $18. Inquire next door west or 2928 Pine st. 17

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FURNISHED house for rent, central location, to a family without any small children. Ad. P 7, this office. m15

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—Large three-story foundry building with engine, boiler and main shafting. Apply to Herm. J. Krembs, 622 Park av. a17

FOR RENT—At 108 N. 4th st., entrance to Merchants' Exchange, on ground floor, a splendid room; suitable for office or store.
On third and fourth floors, splendid offices, water, steam and elevator; rent very low.
No. 2309 Chestnut st., house containing 15 rooms, all conveniences; in good order.
Apply to CHAS. L. HUNT,
No. 1005 Pine st.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—A kind, respectable lady to take a little girl baby ten months old to board. Ad., stating terms, B 10, this office. m19

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

FOR a few days only, cabinet photos $1 50 per doz. at 415 Franklin av. m21

WANTED—Two rooms and kitchen by a young couple, within a mile of the Court House; Western part of the city preferred. Ad. B 4, this office. m21

WANTED—One large or two small rooms in a private Christian family for a lady. Ad. A 29, this office. m21

WANTED—Three unfurnished rooms or two rooms and kitchen on first floor, bet. Cass av. and Market, 10th and 25th sts., by man and wife; no children; best refs. Add. T 3, this office. t21

WANTED—By a gent furnished room in good neighborhood for occasional use, where parties are not inquisitive. A 21, this office. s21

WANTED—Unfurnished room with board for lady; state price. Ad. M 35, this office. a21

WANTED—Room west of Chouteau av.; state lowest terms to L 32, this office. w13

WANTED—Two or three rooms with water; second or third floor. S. E. 11, this office. s21

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner—Sober, industrious party with $500 or $600, to engage in stock raising in Texas; answer immediately. B 7, this office. m23

WANTED—A partner in new and most profitable business already established, with $3,000 to $5,000; will stand investigation. Ad. Box 2749. w23

WANTED—A partner with $75 to take half interest in a good-paying manufacturing business. Ad. P 40, this office. s23

PERSONAL.

Purely "Personal" advertisements are charged for at the rate of ten cents for twenty words. Matter for insertion under this head can be sent through the mails. Have your answers addressed to office check only—which insures your receiving them.

PERSONAL—Gold: Both of your letters were forwarded to me; hope to be in St. Louis 20th or 25th of this month; sorry to hear of your illness; write as often as possible. Silver. a1

PERSONAL—For sale, one elegant brocaded plush parlor set, cost $250, price $130; two hard coal stoves, very cheap. 2944 Thomas st. m1

PERSONAL—An interesting widow, highly respectable, who is tired of keeping house for herself, would like to keep house for a first-class widower. Address, for three days, stating place of interview, X 8, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Respectable widow lady would like the acquaintance of some honorable gentleman of means who would make a loan on household goods and take part pay in room rent. Address Z 14, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Wanted, in a strictly private family, well furnished room, between Market, Chestnut, Pine or Olive sts., west of 12th st. preferred, where there will be no references required; payment in advance. A 18, this office. t1

PERSONAL—Alice: Come to the Junction on number two Tuesday. Galk. m1

PERSONAL—An honorable intelligent widow lady of 30 would like the acquaintance of some intelligent gentleman with a view to marriage; no triflers need reply. Ad. Lottie 30, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Belle: Where there's a will there's a way; if the will existed you'd either come or write. U. R. S. m1

PERSONAL—Violet: Out of town to-day, dear. Look for letter Tuesday p. m., or write to the contrary. Hyacinth. m1

PERSONAL—Mrs. Nella Brooks, No. 34; There is a letter in this office for you. m1

PERSONAL—Lena Rogers: Letter in this office for you. m1

PERSONAL—M'liss; Meet me one evening this week at same place as formerly, any time except Thursday; answer soon. Will Boyd. m1

PERSONAL—W. H.: Why can't I see or hear anything from you? are you out of town? Your L. H. m1

PERSONAL—Two gentlemen, desirous of having a pleasant time, would like to meet two lively and discreet ladies fond of evening drives and a pleasant, sociable time generally; no triflers need answer. B 8, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Mother Hubbard: Write where and when I can meet you. Ad. B 9, this office. H.

PERSONAL—Young lady of 22, prepossessing appearance, of a fine family, would like to meet an educated gentleman with a view to matrimony; have ample means of my own, and only those meaning marriage need apply. Address Jennie Baker, Decatur, Ill., box 660 m1

PERSONAL—Lily: Call this evening at 7 o'clock. Emma. m1

PERSONAL—Nellie 34: Have returned and would be pleased to meet you Wednesday evening at 8:30, corner of Olive and 22d streets. If not convenient, write, making arrangements. Sayward. w1

PERSONAL—Wandering Jewess: Did not see you Thursday; make engagement any evening but Tuesday. Don't fail next time. B 1, this office. m1

PERSONAL—American gent desires the acquaintance of a plain young lady as companion on a trip to the Kentucky Exposition; brunette preferred under twenty. Everything confidential. A 44, this office. m1

PERSONAL—J. E. Phipps: Meet me at 8th and Washington av., this evening at 8. Do not disappoint me. m1

PERSONAL—Will young lady in pink, who noticed gent in Schnaider's on Saturday night, left at 10:30, going west on Chouteau av., please send address to A 42, care this office? m1

PERSONAL—A gentleman aged 35 desires the acquaintance of a pleasant, moderately good-looking and discreet young lady (blonde preferred), who can occasionally join him in a drive, or otherwise pleasantly spend an evening. Advertiser does not live here, but is almost a weekly visitor to St. Louis. Those making it a business to answer personals are requested not to notice this advertisement. Ad., appointing interview, A 35, this office. t1

PERSONAL—I would like to make the acquaintance of a nice servant girl who is with some private family. A 28, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Mrs. Jennie Small and her little friend are requested to send their new address to an old friend, just returned to town. A 36, this office. m1.

PERSONAL—Unknown: Write to H. T. L., this office, and make appointment; failed to see you last Tuesday evening. Unseen. t1

PERSONAL—Blonde gent of 23 wishes the acquaintance of some good-looking brunette. A 12, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Accomplished young lady wishes the acquaintance of a discreet elderly gentleman of means. A 40, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Gentleman whose circumstances and character will bear close inspection wishes to form the acquaintance of a single lady for mutual benefit, probably marriage; lady must be 25 or 30 years old, medium size or less, good appearance, moving in good society and educated; respectability indispensable; the lady can know what she wishes before she is known. A 17, this office. m1

FOR a few days only, cabinet photos $1 50 per doz. at 415 Franklin av. m1

BOARDING.

908 PINE ST.—Two pleasant rooms with board; room and board $4 per week; board $3. m18

915 LOCUST ST.—Furnished rooms with board; day boarders and transients accommodated. w18

1102 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board at $4 a week; parties have changed hands. m18

1131 WASHINGTON AV.—Pleasant front, back and single rooms; southern exposure; furnished; with board; day boarders accommodated. s18

1211 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely fur. or unfurnished parlor and large second-story room; also back room; with good table board, and other conveniences. m18

1303 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly fur. and unfur. rooms; so. ex.; desirable location; refs. required; table board. a18

1304 CHOUTEAU AV.—A pleasant room with good board in a small family; location pleasant for summer; terms reasonable; references exchanged. w18

1426 AND 1428 OLIVE ST.—Large, light and airy rooms, elegantly furnished, with best of attendance and board; terms reasonable. 18

2102 OLIVE ST.—Desirable small rooms, front, well ventilated; boarding department in charge of Mrs. Akin, the well known caterer. m13

2625 PINE ST.—Second-story front room, unfurnished, with board. m18

2700 STODDARD ST.—Large, pleasant 2d-story front room, unfur., with board, and fur. single room on same floor; ref. ex. a18

2816 OLIVE ST.—Two beautifully furnished front and back rooms; south and west exposure; very cool; with board; late dinner; table first-class; French cuisine; location most desirable.

3308 SHERIDAN AV.—Rooms furnished or unfurnished, single or en suite, with boards18

FOUR men to board in private family where there are no other boarders. 1120 N. 24th st.

FOR RENT—One suite of three and two other desirable rooms at the "Belvedere," corner of 8th st. and Washington av.; nice cool, airy rooms. 18

WANTED—Four young girls employed during the day to board with a widow; comfortably furnished front room with good board and home comforts; terms $3 a week. Apply X 11, this office. f18

FOR a few days only, cabinet photos $1 50 per doz. at 415 Franklin av. m18

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow $500 for 60 days; security good; could give employment to right kind of man with the money. Ad. Money, Letter Carrier 26, Post-office. m25

WANTED—$12,000 or $14,000 for five years, secured by deed of trust. H. W. Wiegand, 2219 Montgomery st. t25

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

FOR a few days only, cabinet photos $1 50 per doz. at 415 Franklin av. m26

FURNITURE removed at $1 25 a load; packing and shipping done at living rates; satisfaction guaranteed. Ad. Kreps, 207 N. 7th st. or 110 S. 17th st. 26

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of second-hand goods at 206 N. Twelfth st., bet. Pine and Olive sts. 26

I WOULD like to buy a set of bedroom furniture and a parlor set, cheap for cash. Address B. 5, this office. s26

MUST have $1,000 second-hand furniture and household goods at 206 N. Twelfth st., bet. Pine and Olive sts. 26

PERSONAL—Wanted, attraction for Keytesville Fair, first week in October next; also same time to hire or buy a hot air balloon. Address Wm. E. Hill, President, Keytesville, Mo. 1

REGILDING of pictures and mirror frames. No. 14 N. 11th st., Peter Reden. 26

SEWING machines of all kinds repaired and exchanged. Howe Office, 921 Olive st. 26

WANTED—Baby buggy; must be in good order and cheap; state price. Ad. J. W., 2325 Olive.

WANTED—A second-hand fifteen or twenty-foot round-top tent, ready to set up. Address Box 9, Lexington, Mo. a5

WANTED—5,000 clothes-wringers to repair; work warranted; reasonable charges; prompt attention to orders by mail. Eagle Wringer Co., 1910 Franklin av., St. Louis. f26

WANTED—To buy fixtures for meat-shop purposes. Ad. E. Bruck, 319 N. 11th st. m26

WANTED—Information of the whereabouts of Miss Katie Mullin, about 18 years old, who left the Sisters of Charity in 1880; will hear something of great importance by addressing Mrs. Cullen, 1326 Market st., St. Louis, Mo. t26

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

NEW STONE FLAGGING!

For residence and lawn walks; see samples at St. Vincent Seminary, cor. Lucas and Grand avs; Col. R. D. Hunter's residence, Lindell av., west of Grand; also on Pine street, west of Grand av., from Cabanne to Vandeventer avs. 22

WANTED—To buy a 6 to 8-room house in good location for spot cash. Ad. W 17, this office. 21

WANTED—To buy a little farm of 20 to 40 acres, with house, 6 to 12 miles from city; please state price and location. Ad Z 4, this office.

WANTED—To buy a 3-room house, fifty feet lot, good location, on monthly payments. Ad. L 27, this office. w22

EDUCATIONAL.

G. A. HOMES' German School for ladies and gentlemen will re-open September 10. Taught to speak, read and write in thirty lessons; satisfaction guaranteed; day and evening classes. 803 N. Jefferson av. 29

GERMAN and French lessons given by a competent German teacher; best of references. B. Herder, 17 S. 5th st. t29

JONES' COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

309 and 311 North Fifth st. Established 42 years. The oldest and most successful school of its kind in the West. For circulars call at the office or address
29 J. G. BOHMER, Principal.

THE STENOGRAPH, a machine for shorthand writing, has all the advantages of the best systems of shorthand and can be learned in one-third the time. Price $40, with instructions. Call and see the machine or send for circular. The Stenograph Co., 420 N. 3d st., St. Louis. 29

MARTIN'S Institute, Open day **SHORTHAND** and type-writing 618 Olive street. and evening. Established 1876. Students assisted to positions. 32

MUSICAL.

AS I am about to leave the city I will sell my new piano at a bargain; it can be seen at 2706 Market st. Mrs. J. G. Smith, 327 S. Ewing av. w27

A PIANO for sale, at 810 Rutger st., upstairs; call Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, between 7 and 9 a. m., and 5 to 7 p. m. m27

FOR SALE—Cheap, a seven stops, silver tongue, Needham organ, in perfect order. Call or address T 35 this office.

GUITAR (by note or ear) taught by an experienced gent, on an easy method, in a short time. Address S 15, this office. s27

WANTED—To buy a piano, either upright or square. Ad. W 13, this office. a27

PIANOS of all grades sold on easy payments—no interest charged—at H. Koerber's, 1108 Olive st.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for good second-hand pianos. O. H. Bollman & Co., 1721 and 1723 Franklin av. 27

Henry F. Miller Pianos.

The brilliant record these pianos have made in the finest concerts in the principal cities of America is worthy the attention of all music lovers and those who desire to purchase such pianos as are at the present time favorites with the world's great artists.
J. A. KIESELHORST,
St. Louis Agency, 2706 Market st.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.

ONE Weber, New York; 1 Sohmer & Co., New York; 1 Nunz & Clark, New York; 1 Gilbert, Boston. All fully warranted and will be sold cheap to make room for new stock of Henry F. Miller pianos.
27 J. A. KIESELHORST, 2706 Market st.

THE UNPARALLELED

KNABE

DECKER & SON, and other favorite pianos.
READ & THOMPSON.
210 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

WANTED—A good second-hand guitar; Martin preferred; state price. Add. S 16, this office.

WANTED—Leader of band to play cornet in orchestra with theatrical company. Apply at 616 Pine street, room 7, between 9 and 12 a. m. m27

WANTED—A good second-hand guitar; Martin preferred; state price. Address S 16, this office.

WANTED—To buy, for cash; second-hand pianos 1619 Franklin av. 27

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pocket-book containing insurance policies and memorandums of no value except to owner. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at 324 Pine. m30

LOST—Saturday, Aug. 11, bar pin with star in center set with brilliants, between corner 4th and Christy av, along 4th and Franklin av. to Crawford's and Penny & Gentle's; liberal reward to finder if returned to Q. Duncker, 205 N. 4th. w30

TAKEN UP—Bay mare; 16 hands high; saddle marks; the owner can have by applying to J. W. Palmer, White av. and Natural Bridge road, by paying expenses. w30

FOR a few days only, cabinet photos $1 50 per doz. at 415 Franklin av. m30

FINANCIAL.

Money to Loan.

$50,000, $10,000, $3,000, $1,000 on real estate in city and St. Louis county at 6 per cent. Inquire at JOHN LADY & CO., 305½ Olive street.
31

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st.

$25 AND UPWARDS—Loaned on furniture without removal, at lowest rates, monthly or weekly payments taken, business confidential. F. W. Peters & Co., 620 Chestnut st., room 18.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine. 31

MONEY to loan on diamonds, watches, jewelry guns, pistols, musical instruments and all other personal property in sums from 25 cents to $5,000, at S. VanRaalte's, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

MONEY to loan on furniture or personal property at moderate rates. Room 23, 219 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN at 6 per cent on improved city property; payable in installments if desired. H. C. Wilson & Co. 31

ALL SORTS.

AT J. Seibert's new gallery you can get first-class photographs at $3 per dozen. 716 Olive st. 32

A THOUSAND Business Cards for $1. HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 1832 Franklin av.

ALL cast-off clothing bought and sold by John Allen, 707 N. 9th st. Call or write. 32

BUSINESS men desiring short-hand correspondents and type-writers are supplied free at Martin's Short-hand and Type-writing Institute, 618 Olive st. 32

Beecher Furnace Is the best. F. M. Campbell & Co., 1118 & 1120 Washington av

BUTTER CHEESE, LARD, EGGS. WM. N. TIVY, 424 N. Second St. **HONEY.**

CARD TO WEST END.

Opening of the West End Restaurant on Tuesday, August 14, with first-class accommodations; for patronage of light housekeeping and roomers on Garrison and Eastern avenue meals served to private families, parties and clubs. m32

CHAIRS all sizes caned 50c, perforated all sizes 20c to 35c. Furniture repaired, mattresses renovated; packing; jobbing in general. Miller, 210 N. 16th st. 26

DANGLER VAPOR STOVES.

$2 down and $1 per week; new plan. 4-Shaw, 1513 Franklin av. 32.

LATEST STYLES. F. HACKEY. FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MAKER. 724 Olive st
Call and see new styles.

LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS. GANAHL, SCHALLERT & CO., 712 N. Fourth st. 32

NOTICE.

TRADES PROCESSION

No time to be lost to get up designs for decorating floats. The undersigned is now ready to receive orders for decorating, sign-painting, etc., for this grand procession. Best recommendations given. Call at once at P. Henckler's, house and sign painter, 512 Elm st. Established 1858. t32

FOR a few days only, cabinet photos $1 50 per doz. at 415 Franklin av. m32

NEW YORK JEWELRY AND NOVELTY CO., 314 N. 6th st., up stairs, will retail jewelry at wholesale prices for the next ten days. O. C. Kraft & Co., 314 N. 6th st., proprietors. 32

PARROTS, singing birds, pet animals gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking-bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 625 Olive st.

PATENTS OBTAINED. C. D. **MOODY** removed to 716 Olive street.

SEWING machines of all kinds repaired and exchanged. Howe Office, 921 Olive st. 32

WANTED—Everybody to know that they can get first-class photographs, at reasonable prices, in all kinds of weather, at R. F. Adams' gallery, 215 N. 4th st., by the new rapid process.

REMOVALS.

BRANDON, dealer in second-hand furniture, carpets and stoves, has removed to 1616 Franklin av.

PROFESSIONAL.

$8.00 Best set teeth; filling and extracting no pain; a lady in attendance. Dr. Arnold, late of Kansas City. 34 **716 Olive**

JAMES L. & FRANK P. BLAIR,
Attorneys at Law, 417 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo.
PATENT LAW A SPECIALTY.
Correspondents of Chas. M. Alexander, Washington, D. C.

J. G. JOYCE, civil engineer and surveyor. Office, 701 Washington av. 3

BOOKS.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

SECOND-HAND books for sale: 1,000 volumes at a bargain, if called for soon. R. R. Wiggins, Commercial Hotel, Chestnut st., bet. 4th and 5th. w28

WANTED—A good second-hand Webster's Unabridged Dictionary. Apply at this office. 28

WANTED—5,000 standard old books. Drop note to Dan Linahan, bookseller, 4th and Washington

WATER-PROOFING FOR WALLS.

WATER-PROOFING FOR WALLS.—Stone-fronts cleaned and crumbling prevented; new brick work kept clean and mortar joints preserved; old fronts renovated and made to look new; damp walls permanently cured. T. Hunt 413 N. 12th st.

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st. 84

CHEAP storage in a large, dry, clean house. Call at 1733 Franklin av.

STORAGE—Cheap, clean, dry and free from vermin at 'Squire Brandon & Co.—'Squire buys and sells anything from a needle to an anchor. Call on him if you want to save money. 1616 Franklin av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Situation as bookkeeper by first-class accountant; good references. A. B., 906 S. 4th st. m36

WANTED—By a young man a light set of books to keep in connection with other clerical work after office hours; can furnish references. B 3, this office. m36

Clerks and Salesmen.

A YOUNG man wants a situation as entry or shipping clerk. Good references. Address A. 43, this office. t37

WANTED—Situation as traveling salesman for Arkansas River Valley. Ad. No. 1113 Locust. m37

WANTED—By young man, situation as bill or shipping clerk, correspondent or assistant bookkeeper, good at figures and rapid writer. W 49, this office. m37

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 18; position in some office; wages $5 per week. X 2, this office. m37

WANTED—Situation as collector for real estate house or assistant bookkeeper, for some wholesale house; best city reference. X 3, this office. m37

WANTED—Shipping clerk wants work, either wholesale or retail; any sort of line of business; good recommends. M., care Joseph Fuglein, 221 Elm st. m37

WANTED—Young man quick at figures, who can speak and write German and English wishes a situation in store or office. Add. Z 3, this office. m37

WANTED—A first-class salesman will be open for an engagement August 20; seventeen years' experience and reference. Address A 14, this office. 37

WANTED—Situation in pig-iron or coal office or yard; any sort of clerking; long experience; understands grading iron well. Address care McEvile boarding house, 300 S. 2d st. m43

WANTED—By young man, situation in wholesale house; willing to do any kind of work; accurate figurer and rapid writer. Z 15, this office. m43

WANTED—Youth of eighteen wishes a situation in a shoe store, having 2 years' experience. A 9, this office. t3 7

WANTED—A young litterateur of brains, energy and experience, employed during the day, desires literary or journalistic night work. Add. R 14, this office. s37

WANTED—Having a process for aging whisky, without the use of chemicals or drugs, I desire to engage with some good liquor firm as salesman until the matter is thoroughly developed. A 46, this office. m37

The Trades.

WANTED—Locomotive engineer wants sit running steam thresher for the season; reliable man. Y 4, this office. m38

WANTED—By a thorough, practical and reliable printer (married), one who knows the difference between a printing office and a hell-box, a situation in a prompt paying office; 15 years' experience; been foreman in No. 1 offices. Ad. box 31, glass, Lebanon, Mo. m38

WANTED—No. 1 bread and cake baker wants a situation. Y 8, this office. m38

WANTED—Engineer would like to run any kind of engine, in or out of city. A 30, this office. t38

WANTED—Man of 37, handy with tools, paint-brush, etc., wants employment; willing to do anything, and not afraid of work. A 13, this office.

WANTED—Situation in a tool, making establishment. Address A 32, this office. t38

WANTED—Situation by an experienced button-hole maker. A 41, this office. t38

WANTED—Boy wishes to learn an indoor trade. Call at 1932 Carr st., upstairs. t38

WANTED—Competent druggist with good references wishes situation. A 45, this office. t38

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation by a young man to take care of horses and buggy or do housework; refs. given. X 17, this office. m39

WANTED—Would like to get driving on horse delivery wagon; well acquainted; best ref. J. Mooney, 300 S. 2d st. m39

WANTED—Situation as coachman by a young man well up in the business. Address Z 2, this office.

WANTED—Young man, aged 23, wants a situation as coachman, private watchman, or blacksmith's helper; good ref. W 50, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation as coachman; well up in the business; only just come over from the old country. A 48, this office. t39

Cooks.

WANTED—By first-class pastry cook, situation in a hotel; good wages wanted. Ad. 1506 Morgan st. t40

Stenographers.

LETTERS written neatly in English and German, terms moderate, by Letter Writer, room 8, No. 2 N. Seventh st., 2d floor, cor. Market. s21

LETTER-WRITING—Letters neatly written in English and German by Letter-writer, Room 8, No. 2 N. 7th st., 3d floor, corner of Market. m41

Boys.

WANTED—Boy at the age of 14 wishes situation of any kind. Address Eugene Roesberger, 1706 S. 7th st. m42

WANTED—A boy of 18 would like a situation of any kind. Address A. 34, this office t42

WANTED—Situation by boy of 14 in grocery store; has had three years' experience. Ad. A 50, this office. t42

Miscellaneous

WANTED—Situation in butcher shop or driving wagon, by boy of 16 years. Ad. X 19, this office. m39

WANTED—Work on a farm by a boy of 16 years, where he can learn something. Add. Z 5, this office. m43

WANTED—Young man of seven years' experience in wholesale business would like a position of any kind; good references. Z 11, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation by an old man to do work around the house; best reference. A 2, this office. m43

WANTED—Half-day situation of any kind, by a man that works half the day and wishes to be employed during the remaining half. 112 Olive st.

WANTED—Steady young man who is not afraid to work wishes a situation of some kind; no objection to small wages. A 31, this office. t43

WANTED—Young married man, handy at any kind of work, wants employment; willing, and good refs. 906 Pine st., rear. t43

WANTED—A married man from the country wishes a situation of some kind; understands gardening and care of stock, can furnish country references. Address A. 33, this office. t43

WANTED—Employment by man of 29, speaks German and English, good city references. Address M. H., 210 Olive street, room 40. t43

WANTED—Young man of 24, speaking both English and German, desires employment of any kind. Ad. Sigur, 702 S. 5th st. t43

WANTED—Situation by a well educated man, as night watchman. X 10, this office. m43

WANTED—Work by a first-class bartender, capable of taking charge; no objections to the country; best of references. Ad. X 15, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation by sober single man, town or country, as porter or janitor of public or private buildings; good references. Ad. X 9, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation to attend bar and grocery store; good ref. Address J., care McEvile saloon, 300 S. 2d st. m43

WANTED—Reliable man wants work watching the sick, watching, etc.; night or day; well recommended. Ad. W 42, this office. m43

WANTED—Young man would like to take care of gentlemen's furnished rooms or offices; refs. given. X 16, this office. m43

REMOVALS.

, dealer in second-hand furniture, car-
stoves, has removed to 1616 Franklin av.

PROFESSIONAL.

est set teeth; filling and
racting no pain; a lady in
endance. Dr. Arnold, late
y. 34
716 Olive

. & FRANK P. BLAIR,
ys at Law, 417 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo.
TENT LAW A SPECIALTY.
ents of Chas. M. Alexander, Washing-

E, civil engineer and surveyor. Office,
hington av. 3

BOOKS.

get that all kinds of new books are sold
price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

ND books for sale: 1,000 volumes at a
f called for soon. R. R. Wiggins, Com-
Chestnut st., bet. 4th and 5th. w28

-A good second-hand Webster's Una-
Dictionary. Apply at this office. 28

-5,000 standard old books. Drop note to
nahan, bookseller, 4th and Washington

-PROOFING FOR WALLS.

ROOFING FOR WALLS.—Stone fronts
and crumbling prevented; new brick
n and mortar joints preserved; old
ed and made to look new; damp walls
ured. T. Hunt 413 N. 12th st.

STORAGE.

ge for furniture; clean, dry and lowest
B. Brolaski. 603 Pine st. 84

ge in a large, dry, clean house. Call at
klin av.

Cheap, clean, dry and free from vermin
Brandon & Co.—'Squire buys and sells
a needle to an anchor. Call on him if
ve money. 1616 Franklin av.

TIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

Situation as bookkeeper by first-class
ant; good references. A. B., 906 S. 4th

-By a young man a light set of books to
onnection with other clerical work aft-
; can furnish references. B 3, this of-

Clerks and Salesmen.

man wants a situation as entry or ship-
. Good references. Address A. 43, this

Situation as traveling salesman for Ar-
iver Valley. Ad. No. 1113 Locust. m37

By young man, situation as bill or
clerk, correspondent or assistant book-
at figures and rapid writer. W 49, this

Situation by a young man of 18; post-
me office; wages $5 per week. X 2, this

Situation as collector for real estate
assistant bookkeeper, for some whole-
st city reference. X 3, this office. m37

Shipping clerk wants work, either
e or retail; any sort of line of business;
nds. M., care Joseph Fuglein, 221 Elm

-Young man quick at figures, who can
nd write German and English wishes a
ore or office. Add. Z 3, this office. m37

-A first-class salesman will be open for
gement August 20; seventeen years' ex-
eference. Address A 14, this office. 37

Situation in pig-iron or coal office or
ny sort of clerking; long experience;
rading iron well. Address care Mo-
house, 300 S. 2d st. m43

By young man, situation in wholesale
willing to do any kind of work; accu-
d rapid writer. Z 15, this office. m43

Youth of eighteen wishes a situation
store, having 2 years' experience. A
3 7

A young litterateur of brains, energy
erience, employed during the day, de-
r journalistic night work. Add. R 14,

Having a process for aging whisky,
he use of chemicals or drugs, I desire
some good liquor firm as salesman
r is thoroughly developed. A 46, this

The Trades.

Locomotive engineer wants sit run-
n thresher for the season; reliable man.
m38

By a thorough, practical and reliable
married), one who knows the difference
ting office and a hell-box, a situation in
ng office; 15 years' experience; been
l offices. Ad. box 31, glass, Lebanon,

No. 1 bread and cake baker wants a
Y 8, this office. m38

Engineer would like to run any kind
in or out of city. A 30, this office. t38

Man of 37, handy with tools, paint-
, wants employment; willing to do
ot afraid of work. A 13, this office.

Situation in a tool, making establish
ddress A 32, this office. t38

Situation by an experienced button-
ker. A 41, this office. t38

Boy wishes to learn an indoor trade.
32 Carr st., upstairs. t38

Competent druggist with good refer-
shes situation. A 45, this office. t38

oachmen and Drivers.

Situation by a young man to take care
and buggy or do housework; refs.
is office. m39

Would like to get driving on horse
wagon; well acquainted; best ref. J.
2d st. m39

Situation as coachman by a young man
n the business. Address Z 2, this office.

Young man, aged 23, wants a situation
man, private watchman, or blacksmith's
f. W 50, this office. m43

Situation as coachman; well up in the
; only just come over from the old
this office. t39

Cooks.

By first-class pastry cook, situation in
good wages wanted. Ad. 1506 Morgan

Stenographers.

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office. m43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—One first-class dry goods salesman and one first-class clothing salesman; wages from $60 to $65 per month; none but first-class need apply; permanent place; engagement by the year. Ad. F. Girard, Clinton, Mo. 54

Cooks.

WANTED—A white or colored man cook. 504 Market st. m56

WANTED—With city reference, a young man that understands cooking and porter work. 110 N. Third st. t56

Waiters.

WANTED—First-class saloon waiter at 3003 Easton av. t57

The Trades.

WANTED—2 good barbers. 1003 Broadway. m58

WANTED—A tailor to go to the country. Apply 106 and 108 N. 6th st. m58

WANTED—2 first-class shoemakers to work on shop work. McNamara, 518 Walnut st. m61

WANTED—A first-class butcher, who is able to run the business himself. 3646 Easton av. t68

WANTED—One carriage blacksmith immediately; answer by telegraph, J. E. Welch, Parsons, Kansas. t58

WANTED—A few bids on stone and brick work of 2 houses. 1735 Franklin av. w58

WANTED—Six plumbers' laborers; also a plumber that can do gas-fitting; steady work; pay every week. T. K. C. Mason, 2607 Market st. t58

WANTED—Good shoemaker to go to Jefferson, Texas; must be able to act as salesman in shoe store; particulars given by George Gog. 217 Elm st.

WANTED—Ten first-class carpenters. Apply to Jos. E. Truitt, northwest corner 4th and Ohio sts., from 10 a. m. to 12 m. m58

Laborers.

WANTED—Teams and laborers. Yard Excelsior Brick Company, Glasgow av. and N. Market st.

WANTED—300 laborers for Government work; wages $30 per month and board; rain or shine; steady job; ship Tuesday by rail. 150 more laborers for C., B. & Q. Ry. in Iowa; free transportation; ship this evening. National Labor Agency, 213 Market st.

Stenographers.

WANTED—Short-hand writer to take notes and write them out at leisure; attendance, one to two hours daily; time to suit. P. O. box 2436, city.

WANTED—Evenings, stenographers who run type-writers well. A 23, this office. t60

Boys.

WANTED—A smart boy on a farm; will have a good place. Ad. W 35, this office. m61

WANTED—Boy of 17 or 18 that understands care of horse and phæton; must be a good driver; ref. req.; 508 N. 15th st. m61

WANTED—Smart, intelligent office boy; must reside with his parents and come well recommended. A 27, this office. t61

WANTED—Boy at 1219 Olive st. t61.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Industrious young man wanted in a paying business, with a capital of from $200 to $300. J. W., this office. t62

WANTED—A No. 1 live city solicitor for a respectable business. Y 11, this office. m62

WANTED—Young man, about 20 years of age, German, prepared to make himself generally useful. Home Office, 921 Olive st. m62

WANTED—100 men to stop at the Galt House, 1029 Broadway; single beds 15 cents, single rooms 25 cents per night; open day and night. s62

WANTED—A man and his wife to go to the country to do regular farm work. Apply to Jas. Lupe, 324 Olive sts. t62

WANTED—Good man to wash dishes, with refs. Geo. S. Beers, 29th and Olive st. t62

WANTED—Pastry cook and a second cook for country hotel, also a stewart or head waiter; also a carriage-driver. Call this evening at 316 N. 6th st., room 5. m62

WANTED—Night porter at Everett House, cor. 4th and Olive sts. t62

WANTED—Young man about 18 or 20 to help on ice-wagon; must be active and not afraid of work; come well recommended by last employer; to such good wages and steady situation. Apply bet. 7 and 8 p. m. at coal office, cor. Park av. and Dillon st. m62

WANTED—Solicitor for city trade. Ad. W 36, this office. m62

WANTED—Man to carry a sign. 209 N. 4th st. m62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Situations Wanted, Male and Female, and Help Wanted, Male and Female, not exceeding three lines, are inserted free.

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

WANTED—A young German lady (Israelite), the niece of a well known German poet, wishes situation as governess in a fine family; she speaks pretty near all languages, particularly French. A. Auerbach, 2713 Clark av. m42

Stenographers.

WANTED—Situation as short-hand reporter and type-writer in law office or mercantile house; best references; by young lady. Y 15, this office. m45

COPYING done, letters written, circulars addressed or any kind of literary work or writing. Atlanta, this office. t45

WANTED—Lady stenographer who owns a type writer, wishes a position as correspondent by September 1st. M 31, this office. t45

Clerks and Saleswomen.

AN Eastern lady would like position in office, or situation in a business house. Ad., at once, A 16, this office. m44

WANTED—By a young German lady of experience, a situation as clerk in bakery or confectionery; can give good reference. X 4, this office. t44

WANTED—By a young lady having had experience a position as copyist in an office or saleslady in a store. A 1, this office. m44

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—By a young lady, sewing in a private family or to do at home. T 37, this office. s46

WANTED—An experienced dressmaker goes out in families by the day. Ad. M., 1923 Carr st. m46

WANTED—By a young woman dressmaking or any kind of plain sewing to do at home. Call or address Room 5, 216 S. 5th st. m46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—By young lady of experience, position as housekeeper, seamstress or both, in some hotel out of city. W 34, this office. m62

WANTED—Young lady wishes situation as housekeeper or situation to do writing at home. A 29, this office. t47

General Housework.

WANTED—German girl wishes a situation in an American family for housework and sewing. A 22, this office. t48

WANTED—Situation by a young girl to do housework. Call 2735 Adams st. t48

WANTED—American girl wishes a situation to do housework and sewing in private family; permanent home an object. Call or address No. 803 No. 16th st. t48

Cooks.

WANTED—Middle-aged woman wishes a situation as cook. Apply at Carleton House, 8th and Market sts. m49

WANTED—First-class cook wishes situation in private family. Call at 1241 N. 7th st. t49

WANTED—Young American lady, competent nurse, desires a position as companion to an invalid lady or gentleman. Address No. 803 N. 16th st.

Laundresses.

WANTED—First-class laundress, a situation to work by the month. 1328 N. 4th st. t51

Miscellaneous.

CITY and country furnished with girls for all kinds of work. 919 N. 14th st., between Franklin av. and Wash st. Lodging 15 cents per night. s52

WANTED—Situation to do chamberwork. Amanda Parker, 1011 Pine st. t52

WANTED—Young lady wishes a position to write in a wholesale house, or anything of that sort. A 47, this office. t52

WANTED—Middle aged woman would like work by the day, to clean, paint or scrub, or to take care of furnished rooms. Y 5, this office. m52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A saleslady who has had experience in the book and stationery business; no others need apply. Geo. Scherer & Co., 5th and Pine sts.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—First-class dressmaker immediately at 1217 Pine st. m69

WANTED—Girl that has had some experience at dressmaking. Call at 734 S. 7th st. t69

WANTED—At once, 25 more experienced machinists and hand finishers on pants; steady work; good wages. 1713 Carondelet av. t69

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—First-class colored woman to cook. 914 Locust st. m68

WANTED—Good cook, in family where there is a laundress and house girl. A. P. Forbes, 3735 Washington av. m68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron; family of two. 922 Benton st. m68

WANTED—Good cook or girl for general housework immediately, at 21 Benton place. m68

WANTED—Good cook. 1106 Locust st. m68

WANTED—First-class cook, woman or man, white; must understand meat, vegetable and pastry cooking; call right away. 1303 Washington av. m68

WANTED—Protestant family to work for small family of adults; must be a good cook, washer and ironer; German preferred; call Monday, 9 to 12 o'clock a. m. 3514 Chestnut st. m66

WANTED—First-class cook. A 11, this office. m68

WANTED—A good cook for small family, also a nurse for child six months old. Apply at 2912 Chestnut st. t68

WANTED—Cook; good wages; no washing. A. P. Forbes, 3735 Washington av. t68

General Housework.

WANTED—Girl, at 1511 Chestnut st. m66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. 2718 Geyer av. m66

WANTED—Good girl to do general housework. 2946 Grand av. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; must be good cook and have good references. Call at once at 3208 Chestnut st. m68

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. 2338 Washington av. m66

WANTED—Good German girl to do general housework. 910 Benton st. m66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 1304 St. Ange av. m66

WANTED—Good colored girl to do general housework, immediately, at 816 S. 14th st. m66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing. 1119 S. 13th st. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2335 Olive st. m66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; no washing and ironing. 2040 Clark av. m66

WANTED—Girl in a small family of two, to do general housework. Inquire over drug store, northwest corner of Compton av and Chestnut st. m66

WANTED—Girl to do kitchen work. 1106 Locust st. m66

WANTED—Good girl in small family of three for general housework. 2317 Chestnut st. s66

WANTED—Young girl, white or colored, for general housework in a small private family, at 3307 Lucas av. m66

WANTED—Middle-aged English or German woman to do the work for a family of one. Call at 522 Garrison av. m66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; German preferred; reference required. Call at 2803 Walnut st. m66

WANTED—Good German girl of experience to do general housework; apply at once. 103 S. 16th st. t66

WANTED—A girl for general house work at 2641 Morgan street. t66

WANTED—Girl to do housework. Call at 2735 Adams st. t66

WANTED—Good girl to do general housework in a family of three adults. 910 N. 21st st. t6 6

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 1924 Chouteau av. t66

Laundresses.

WANTED—A No. 1 washwoman at Æsthetic Laundry, No. 8 N. 14th st.; good wages and steady work. t67

Nurses.

WANTED—A wet nurse at once. 3337 Morgan st. m70

WANTED—Nurse girl. Call at 1309 Washington av. m70

WANTED—Good nurse girl. 116 N. 12th st. m70

WANTED—Nurse girl; wages $5 a month and board; at once at 2007 Olive st. t70

WANTED—Good nurse-girl, 14 to 15 years of age. Call at 2226 Walnut st. t70

WANTED—At once, to attend a lady, a good nurse; refs. req. 819 S. 18th st. t70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—At once, three girls for factory work. 37 Singer Building, Fifth and Locust sts. t71

WANTED—One scrub woman, one chambermaid, one paint-cleaner at Hurst's Hotel, Fourth and Locust. t71

WANTED—A stout German girl to cook breakfast and do washing and ironing. Apply immediately at 2814 Olive st. t71

WANTED—A girl to do chamber work and assist in dining-room. Call till Tuesday 12 o'clock at 1223 Chestnut st. t71

WANTED—Young lady to learn song and dance business. Address A 49, this office. t71

WANTED—Experienced book folders at Keim, Engan & Co., 314 Olive st. t71

WANTED—Two dining-room girls at Green Tree Hotel, East St. Louis. t71

WANTED—Fifty girls to knit and crochet; good wages; pay weekly; light, steady work given out to be made at home; work called for and delivered free by express. Globe Knitting Co., No. 823 Washington st., Boston, Mass. 71

WANTED—Cook, washer and ironer; also girl to do housework and assist in washing and ironing. 1623 Missouri av., west side of park. m71

WANTED—Respectable girls can get lodgings at 1313 N. 7th st., between O'Fallon and Cass av.

WANTED—Chambermaid; one that will assist in dining-room. Add. Z 12, this office. m71

WANTED—Good dining-room and chamber girl. 1113 Locust. m71

WANTED—A kitchen girl and a laundress. 1000 Locust st. m71

WANTED—One first-class chambermaid and dining-room girl. Apply at once at 1217 Washington av. a71

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN having bought Vogel's Course for Self-study in dress-cutting from agents or otherwise, please take notice that the undersigned will give any further information free of charge from 8 a. m. to 12 m., and from 2 to 5 p. m., at his residence. 3050 Salena st. Please bring the book with you. 72 F. O. VOGEL.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—We can give a few active men extra inducements to sell goods by model. 1225 Olive st. a73

WANTED—Salesmen of ability and good reference; we will pay salary or commission; staple goods on instalments, at 1910 Franklin av. f73

WANTED—Salesman wanted to handle a full line of standard publications on the installment plan in city and on country routes. Baird & Dillon, Room 7, McLean Block. t73

DR. SCHNABLE'S
GREAT GERMAN
RESTORATIVE.

Cures all Nervous Diseases, Mental and Physical Weakness, General Debility, Organic Weakness, or any of the train of evils arising from Indiscretions, Over Brain Work, OR ANY OTHER CAUSE, which often terminate in Consumption or Insanity. All those who from the effects of Youthful Imprudence have brought about a state of weakness that has reduced the general system so much as to induce symptoms of nearly every other disease, can use this remedy with the assurance of a speedy cure. The recuperative powers of DR. SCHNABLE'S restorative are truly astonishing, and its use for a short time changes the languid debilitated, nerveless condition to one of renewed life and vigor. The ingredients are—barks, herbs, etc., Price One Dollar. For sale at Bohannan's Drug Store, No. 621 N. Fifth Street, Corner Christy Ave. St. Louis, Mo. Sole Agents for the U. S.

PURIFY the BLOOD.

Bohannan's Blood Purifier, used by old Dr. Bohannan in his private practice for over forty years, cleanses, enriches and strengthens the blood cures all scrofulous blood, skin eruptions rheumatism, mercurial affections, etc Those having any POISONOUS HUMORS lurking in the blood, concealed from observation in a constitutional form, thereby jeopardizing the health and happiness of another as well as that of their offspring, should use this medicine, as it will eradicate every vestige of disease from the system, and the patient will be CURED FOR LIFE. Price $1. Sent to any address. Prepared and sold at Bohannan's Drug Store S. W. Cor. 5th and Christy Avenue. St. Louis, Mo.

PILES CURED. "Bohannan's Pile Ointment" cures the worst cases of Piles, no matter what form or how long standing in 2 to 5 days. $1. per box Prepared by BOHANNAN & CO. S. W. Cor. 5th and Christy Ave

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
SIR ASTLEY COOPER'S VITAL RESTORATIVE
Cures NERVOUS PHYSICAL & GENITAL Debility,
Loss of Manly Vigor
Spermatorrhœa, etc., when all other remedies fail, a Cure Guaranteed. $1 50 a bottle, large bottle, 4 times the quantity $5. By express to any address. Sold by all druggists. ENGLISH MED. INSTITUTE, Propr.s 718 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo

MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of early imprudence, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., New York.

PRESCRIPTION FREE

Cures all diseases arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Imprudence. Pamphlet on Chronic Diseases free. St. Louis Curative Institute, 610 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

THE MIMIC STAGE.

Impossible eyes and impossible hair,
  And impossible play of expression,
And at least an improbable gesture and air,
  And extravagant boots a la Hessian;
Long feathers and hats of the Corsican type,
  And brigandish beards and moustaches;
Young ladies with eyes that they frequently wipe,
  And exceedingly dark-colored lashes—
These are essentials, and 'tis on this plan
Melodrama is viewed by the property man.

A sudden temptation and falling from grace
  Of the heir to a very large fortune;
A rascally uncle who seizes the place
  And cuts the youth out of his portion;
A beauteous young lady who falls in a pond
  And in love with the youth (who instructs her).
A truculent villain, who also is fond
  Of the maiden, and therefore abducts her:
Pursuit by the youth and escape by the maid;
  A duel—result long uncertain;
The villain is killed, lover puts up his blade,
  Gets married, ousts uncle, and—curtain.
This is all that is needful, as authors confess,
To make melodrama a perfect success.

Parts long and heavy and tediously dull;
  Star taking all situations;
Manager worried and mad as a bull;
  Supes that would try Job's own patience;
Lady-like temper and tears every day;
  Gentleman sulks universal;
Every evening the devil to pay,
  Every morning, rehearsal—
This is the aspect—I've heard them say it—
Melodrama assumes to the actors that play it.
—[The Judge.

HYDROPHOBIA.

A Potent Indian Drug Discovered Which Will Cure the Dread Disease.

From the New York Sun.

"For some time," said a prominent physician of Jersey City to a Sun reporter, "I have been investigating the subject of hydrophobia. I think I shall be able to demonstrate that in woorara, a drug prepared by the Indians of South America, we have a remedy for that disease.

"It is a popular impresssion," he continued, "that hydrophobia almost invariably follows the bite of a mad dog. This is a mistake. Perhaps not more than once in a hundred cases of biting does the disease ensue.

"For many years the practice of physicians in treating the bite of a mad dog has been to cauterize the wound as soon as possible. If this operation were performed early enough, it was believed that no serious results would ensue. Youatt, the great writer on the dog, was convinced of the efficacy of this treatment. He allowed himself repeatedly to be bitten by mad dogs, and couterized the wounds successfully. But that the remedy is not infallible is certain. Youatt permitted himself to be bitten once too often, and, in spite of his caustic, he soon discovered that he was in the incipient stages of hydrophobia. Despairing of being able to recover, he blew his brains out rather than suffer the agony he anticipated.

"The treatment employed in cases where the disease had actually developed varies. The object to be gained is to mitigate the paroxysms of the patient, for in hydrophobia death results from exhaustion produced by the violence of the convulsions. Various drugs have been used, but with little success. At last, however, we have a drug which has recently been known to cure several authentic cases of hydrophobia, and which, when its nature is properly understood, may prove of the greatest value. I mean the woorara of the Perdrach Indians. Waterton, writing in 1811, gave an account of a kind of woorara which he found among the natives of Demerara for curing snake bites. He said it was made of many curious ingredients, including the woorali vine, two kinds of bulbous plants, the names of which he did not know, two species of ants, the strongest Indian pepper and powdered fangs of the Laborian snake. The mixture was boiled and then placed in small earthern pots to cool. He suggested that if this was efficacious to cure the bite of a snake it might be of use in the treatment of hydrophobia. Nevertheless, it was never used for that purpose, although occasionally referred to in scientific works.

"Recently Dr. Offenberg, in Germany, treated successfully a hydrophobia patient with a species of woorara, obtained from Indians in Brazil. What this woorara is, or how it is manufactured, we do not know. It is, beyond doubt, a vegetable substance. It is sold by the Indians as a cure for snake bites, and is brought by them packed in leaf-covered jars into Para, where it finds a ready market, as the reptiles around there are numerous and venomous. It is a potent poison, and in its action, when taken in fatal doses, produces death by paralysis. It relaxes all the muscles, in which respect it differs from strychnine and the other poisons that produce convulsions.

"I procured some of it, and after reducing it to a solution, experimented with it to try its power. Soon after these tests I used it in a pronounced case of hydrophobia, and it proved entirely successful.

"I was called in great haste to vitit Mr. C. He was evidently in the incipient stage of hydrophobia. I learned that some months before a young Newfoundland dog bit the servant girl, both of Mr. C.'s children, and a nephew. When Mr. C. went to examine the dog the animal bit him through the index finger of the right hand. The dog was drowned. Mr. C.'s wound readily healed. The servant girl died of unmistakable rabies. Mr. C. had been low-spirited, nervous and irritable for about ten days before sending for me. I prescribed one-twelfth of a grain of strychnia every three hours, and sent for Dr. Flint of New York. We decided to continue this treatment. On the fifth day he was seized with such violent paroxysms, that if repeated three or four times would surely have proved fatal. He believed he was about to die. I gave him a subcutaneous injection of one-sixteenth of a grain of woorara. He had slept very little before, but twenty minutes after the injection he fell asleep. Three hours later he awoke and I gave him an injection of one-ninth of a grain of woorara, which put him to sleep again. In about three hours I gave him another injection of one-sixth of a grain, which was followed by natural sleep. Two hours later he was quiet and rational, declaring that he was feeling perfectly well, and all his unfavorable symptoms had vanished. He has never since shown any symptoms of the disease.

"Now, I am satisfied that if we can obtain genuine fresh woorara of uniform strength we shall be able to successfully combat this disease, provided the remedy be administered early enough. But the trouble with woorara is that its strength varies so that it cannot be safely used until it has been carefully tested. I am now trying to extract from pure woorara its alkaloid, known as curarine. If I succeed the difficulty arising from the varying strength of woorara in a given volume will be overcome, for the alkaloid will possess uniform strength in equal quantities. With that object in view I entered recently into correspondence with Secretary of State Frelinghuysen, and he instructed the American consuls at Para and other South American ports to forward specimens of the drug, with all the information they can procure about it. We await their replies."

Flies and Bugs.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

Planting Trees in Mexico.

From the London Times.

The Mexican Government has concluded a contract with Mr. Oscar A. Droege to plant 2,000,000 of trees in the valley of Mexico within four years, commencing March 15, 1884. Half a million trees a year are to be planted in such places as the Government shall decide. The contractor pledges himself to establish a number of nurseries and to have in them each year at least 80,000 ash, 35,000 willows, 120,000 poplars, 60,000 eucalyptus trees, 60,000 troenos-japones, 60,000 mountain cypress cedars, 60,000 acacias, and 120,000 of miscellaneous varieties. The trees must be in plantations of from 50,000 to 100,000 each, and Mr. Droege has to maintain them for two years after planting. He is not compelled to plant trees along the highways, however.

Three graduates of the School of Agriculture are to be received into the nurseries each year, there to study the science of forestry. He is also to raise fruit and other useful plants for free distribution. There is to be translated from the German every year a work on arborculture of recognized merit. An inspector is to superintend, and Mr. Droege is to receive annually $40,000 till the sum reaches a total of $200,000.

ANGEL CAKE shipped to all parts of the U. S. Beers, caterer, Twenty-ninth and Olive streets.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

EXCURSIONISTS' WOE.

What a Rural Couple Expected to See in the City.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Among the excursionists yesterday was a fat man encased in an immense linen duster, accompanied by a scared-looking wife, whose weight would not have balanced one hundred pounds. As they came up Jefferson avenue, the man, wiping off his heated brow and limping on his sore corn, they turned into a store and the fat man said:

"We are excursionists. We have come to view the points of interest in your city. Can you direct me to the State-house?"

"We have no State-house here, sir. Lansing is the capital, you know."

"Ah! so she is—of course. Wife, why didn't we go to Lansing? I expected some such trickery all the way in. Well, we want to go to the Morgue and see the dead bodies."

"There are no dead in there now."

"No! Wife what do you say to that? If that isn't downright robbery on us then I'd like to know! Where is the grand aquarium?"

"I guess its down in Lake Erie."

"You have no public aquarium? Wife, how does that strike you after coming eighty miles? Maybe you can put up with it, but I won't!"

"Maybe they have catacombs here?" she tremblingly suggested.

"No, ma'am."

"No! of course not!" growled the old bear. "Not a catacomb in the city, and we expected to see at least forty. My whole county shall hear of this swindle!"

"I suppose there is no mountains around here?" she queried.

"No, ma'am."

"Just as I expected!" blurted her husband, as he mopped his red face again. "They haven't got a mountain, precipice or avalanche in the whole town! Mary, we have been outrageously swindled!"

"There might be some grand ruins, Richard."

"I don't believe it!"

"No, ma'am. All the ruins we have at present are undergoing needed improvements, and won't be in running order for sixty days."

"Didn't I tell you so, Mary? I knew the minute we landed that they hadn't a consarned ruin in the old town. Let's go home."

"The Cooper Institute isn't here, is it?" she asked as she rose up.

"No, ma'am."

"Just as I expected—just exactly!" roared the enraged lion. "When you woke me up at 2 o'clock this morning and said we must not forget the Cooper Institute I knew you was preparing a disappointment for yourself. Come on!"

"We have a beautiful river," suggested the citizen.

"Is it the Bosphorus?" she asked.

"No, ma'am."

"No! of course not—come along! We've been cheated and tricked and swindled and mopped in the gutter. The pyramids ain't here, they hain't got no volcanoes, and I'll bet a hat agin ten cents they never had an earthquake. We'll go back to the depot. We hain't rich, but we know when we are swindled."

CALIFORNIA Sherries and Ports; best in the world for table use. $1 50 per gallon only. Delivery free. J. R. Crump & Co., 5th and Market sts

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

LIFE AT NEWPORT.

Disgraceful Orgies at the Ultra Fashionable Summer Resort.

From the Providence Evening Journal.

The governors of the Casino, the stockholders and the officials were all disgraced on Monday evening in consequence of the rowdyism that was rampant in the private dining rooms of that delightful institution. Neither the governors, the stockholders nor the officials brought disgrace upon themselves. They had no part in the affair, except that the rowdyism was exhibited on their premises. That there may be no mistake as to who were the participants in this affair, it is eminently proper to say that the rowdies were not yacht-owners nor yachtsmen. The story was circulated in the town that a number of the yachting men were celebrating the result of the race in a drunken row at the Casino. Such was not the case. The yachtsmen had no part in the affair. The participants were, in the main, cottagers and avenue gentlemen, some of them old enough to be grandfathers. About 9:30 o'clock the most unearthly noises were heard issuing from the private dining-room of the Casino, and standing on the other side of the road were at least a hundred respectable citizens, many of whom were crying shame.

The drunken shouts were not all that offended the passers-by, for some of the swell rowdies actually had the brutal impudence to take articles from the tables and throw them into the crowd of indignant citizens, who could not understand why the law which is applied with full force to the poor could not be applied with equal severity upon the rowdies who are spending the money which might be applied to some sensible pleasures. But for the good sense of the citizens there would have been bad work, for one or two are said to have expressed a desire to "go for" the gentlemen, but this was instantly cried down. What the governors of the Casino will think when the matter is laid before them can readily be imagined. There is not a man on the board who is not a gentleman in every way, having a bona fide position in society, and many of them are of national reputation. They will think, of course, as they did when rowdyism was rampant in the bachelor apartments. They soon put a stop to that by shutting up the apartments, or rather by converting them into club-rooms, and they will doubtless put a stop to stag dinners in the private dining rooms. One would have thought that bedlam had been let loose, and it should be stated that some of the most active in the disturbance cannot possibly shelter their conduct behind the thin and unmanly excuse that they were intoxicated. The disturbance was the talk of the avenue and in the Casino on Monday evening, and it was the talk of the street on Tuesday morning. Men were in the crowd who had left their wives in the Casino theater, where the dancing was going on, and who ought to have been doubly ashamed of themselves. There were about twenty gentlemen in evening dress participating in the row. The mystery is, why the police did not order the noise stopped. The officials of the Casino were absolutely powerless. There can be no question that the governors will prevent a recurrence of such disgraceful conduct.

ARTHUR PACELE, 7702 County Road, St. Louis, Mo., says Brown's Iron Bitters is the best tonic medicine he ever used.

SECURE boarders by advertising in the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

A FAMOUS NEGRESS.

The Widow of a Colored Clergyman Died Worth Half a Million.

From the New York World.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Gloucester, the wife of the Rev. J. N. Gloucester, and who was, in all probability, the wealthiest colored woman in America, died on Wednesday afternoon at No. 144 Remsen street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. Gloucester was born in Richmond, Va., in 1817. She was born in slavery, her mother being a cook in the family of a Mr. Parkhill. About five years after her birth her mother was set free by her master, and, as the condition of the children followed that of the parent, the daughter was also emancipated.

They continued to live with Mr. Parkhill, and when that gentleman, who was a member of the Presbyterian Church, attended the synod of that denomination at Philadelphia, he met the father of the lady's future husband, who was a Presbyterian clergyman, being the first of his race in the United States to hold such a position.

The two men became very intimate and it was finally agreed that the young girl should be intrusted to the care of the Rev. Mr. Gloucester, and she was then sent to Philadelphia, where she met her future husband, who was then about nine years old.

A few years afterwards the Rev. Mr. Gloucester died, leaving ten children. They went to service, and the young girl also had to earn her own living. The young man went to live with a Quaker lady, Mrs. John Cook, who lived on Chestnut street.

One day he met a colored girl, who, to his recollection, he had never seen before. She appeared to know him and his family, however, and an explanation proved that it was the young girl who had been his playfellow many years previously.

When the young man went to the college founded by Gerritt Smith, in Peterboro, he kept up a correspondence with her. It was while living with this Quaker lady that Mrs. Gloucester learned those habits of economy to which she owed the fact of being, at her death worth a fortune estimated at half a million dollars.

"What does thee do with thy money, daughter?" said the Quakeress to the young girl, after a few months.

"I spend it," was the reply.

"Well, thee ought to save it. I would advise thee to get a bank-book and put thy money in bank."

Mrs. Gloucester was earning but 10 shillings a week then, but she put a part of that into the bank every month. She always kept that bank-book, and there is a balance to her account still in the same bank.

The Quaker lady also got her young servant to adopt a few of her mottoes, which she always adhered to in after life.

Young Gloucester had by this time left the college, and was a private student under a clergyman. He then took a position as teacher in colored schools in Poughkeepsie and Hudson, and about 1853 he was married to his father's ward and with her came to New York, settling in the Fifth Ward. Here the couple bought considerable property, and their first heavy gain was in selling some of this property, which had advanced considerably in value.

The couple had ten children, six of whom are now living. Three of the girls have graduated from Oberlin College, Ohio. Soon after coming to this city Mr. Gloucester was ordained a minister in the Congregational Church, the ceremony taking place in the Broadway Church.

While residing in the Fifth Ward Mrs. Gloucester became acquainted with John Brown, who became a fast friend of hers. She several times supplied him with money, and he was always a welcome guest at her house.

She also gave her husband money with which he built the Shiloh Presbyterian Church, in Prince street, Brooklyn, of which he was the first pastor. The family removed to Brooklyn, where Mrs. Gloucester for the past twelve years kept very select boarding-houses at Nos. 144 and 146 Remsen street and at 74 Clinton street.

For some time past Mrs. Gloucester has been suffering from acute bronchitis, and lately heart disease attacked her, causing her death. She will be buried to-morrow from No. 144 Remsen street.

J. H. DEPREZ & Co., merchant tailors, have removed to 817 Locust, opposite Custom House.

OBTAIN rooms through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

The Outrages in Georgia.

From the Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution.

Such outrages as those that have recently occurred in Georgia are called ku-klux outrages for want of a better name. In Georgia they are simply the manifestations of lawlessness on the part of a few worthless vagabonds who are too cowardly to attack whites. The newspapers are not engaged in denouncing the occurrences simply because there is every reason to believe that the authors of the outrages will be brought to justice. There is no sympathy in Georgia for a white man who is cowardly enough to impose upon a negro in any way, and if the men who have been dishonoring themselves and their community by abusing negroes can be brought before a jury of their fellow-citizens they would be promptly and satisfactorily disposed of. We understand that if there is any delay in bringing the criminals to justice after the grand jury of Jackson County has found indictments, Gov. McDaniel will offer a reward for their arrest. Reports say that the trouble arose from an attempt to violate the law prohibiting the sale of liquor near any church building in Jackson County. One of the churches was not situated to suit certain persons, and one night it was burned to the ground. The testimony of a negro at the investigation turned the malice of the perpetrators upon the negroes, and the recent outrages have been the result. Under all the circumstances, there seems to be no opportunity for the lawless persons to escape.

A Fatal Mistake

would be not to take Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" if you are bilious, suffering from impure blood, or fearing consumption (scrofulous disease of the lungs). Sold by all druggists.

Poker in Thompson Street.

From Life.

It was a poker party in Thompson street, and a big jack pot had been opened. There were evidently big hands out, and the bets and excitement ran high. "Looker hyer, Gus, whuffer yo' rise dat pot?" exclaimed Mr. Tooter Williams. "Nebber yo' mind—yo' call, ef yo' isn't afraid—yes, yo' call—dat's all!" retorted Gus, sullenly. "I won't call! I rise yo' back," said Mr. Williams, whose vertebræ was ascending. "I rise yo' ag'in," retorted Gus.

And so they went at each other until chips, money and collaterals were gone. Mr. Williams concluded to call. "What yo' got, nigger, dat ye' do all dat risin' on? What yo' got nohow?"

"Gus laid down his hand—ace, king, queen, jack and ten of clubs. "Is dat good?" he inquired, beginning to size up the pot.

"No, dat's not good," said Mr. Williams, reaching down in his bootleg.

"What yo' got den?" queried Gus. Mr. Williams looked at him fixedly.

"Ise jes' got two jacks an' a razzer."

"Dat's good," said Gus.

GEORGIA W. KIRK, Cassville, Mo., says: "The best evidence of the virtues of Brown's Iron Bitters is that the demand is steadily increasing."

Two Queer Russian Duels.

From the Moscow News.

The warm season is the season of duels. While gentlemen shoot each other with pistols, or pierce each other with swords, the common folk settle their troubles in their own way. Recently, near Kalish, two Polish peasants, blacksmiths by trade, had to settle the question which one of them should have a girl with whom both were in love. Without much ado they armed themselves with the heaviest hammers they had and began the fight. The one swung his dreadful weapon straight at the head of his antagonist, but the latter skilfully avoided the blow, and then in his turn he swung his hammer and crushed the head of his rival. He got the girl.

In the Crimea two Tartars quarreled on account of their common sweetheart, and they agreed to settle their trouble in their own way. Without any artificial weapons, they met each other as the bucks do, striking each other with their forehead. They made half a dozen rounds; blood flowed from both of them, yet neither of the Tartars would yield. After another furious round, one of them fell down exhausted. Being crazed by defeat, he drew his knife and cut his throat on the spot. The winner, crowned with a wreath of bumps, repaired to his sweetheart, whom he now possesses alone.

. "A fair outside is but a poor substitute for inward worth." Good health inwardly, of the bowels, liver and kidneys, is sure to secure a fair outside, the glow of health on the check, and vigor in the frame. For this use Kidney-Wort and nothing else.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

The Ugly Picture a British Tourist Drew of Him.

Mr. J. T. D. Smythe, during his travels in America from 1775 to 1780, met with some rough treatment from the rebels, and he tried to get even with them in a book he afterwards published. In this rare volume he spoke thus of Washington:

"After we had passed this noble river we entered one of the most agreeable as well as respectable settlements in Virginia, named Chotank. In this place Mr. George Washington was born, who has become somewhat distinguished for being at the head of an inactive, timid army, which never performed a gallant exploit, yet have succeeded in their pursuits far beyond even their most sanguine expectations or hopes.

"Gen. Washington is descended from a family of good repute in the middle rank of life now residing in this settlement of Chotank, every individual planter throughout this numerous and extensive settlement being actually related to him by blood.

"He received a common, but by no means liberal education, and made the principal part of his fortune by marriage, although he has no children to inherit it.

"Mrs. Washington is of a family named Dandridge, some of whom formerly were officers in the Royal army, and was the widow of Col. Custis, who possessed an immense fortune for Virginia, and having no children by her, left her his sole executrix, as well as guardian to his children.

"By this marriage Mr. Washington obtained possession of the whole of Custis' large estates.

"Being remarkable for economy, industry and good management, he soon acquired a fortune for himself nearly equal to that of Custis'.

"And in the former war, having been an officer in the Virginia regiment, the command of which at length devolved on him, being sensible, cool and very popular, the command of the American army was offered to him for two reasons: First, because he was the only public man then known either calculated to command or proper to be intrusted therewith; and the next reason was because thereby they secured the attachment of the whole colony of Virginia, the most extensive, the richest and the most powerful of all the provinces. Mr. Washington has uniformly cherished and steadfastly pursued an apparently mild, steady, but aspiring line of conduct, and views of the highest ambition under the most specious and effectual of all cloaks, that of moderation, which he has invariably appeared to profess. This has been evinced by a multitude of instances, but particularly by his accepting the continuance of the chief command of the American army after the Congress had suddenly declared for independence, of which measure he always before affected to disapprove, and on that account pretended to be inclined to resign the command, an intention of all others the most distant from his mind. His total want of generous sentiments, and even of common humanity, has appeared notoriously in many instances, and in none more than his sacrifice of the meritorious but unfortunate Major Andre.

"As a General he is equally liable to censure, which is well known to even every intelligent Frenchman who has been in America, as well as to every person whatsoever who has had any opportunity of observing his military operations; nor during his life has he ever performed a single action that could entitle him to the least share of merit or praise, much less of glory.

"But, as a politician, he has certainly distinguished himself; having by his political maneuvers and his cautious, plausible management, raised himself to a degree of eminence in his own country unrivaled, and of considerable stability.

"However, in his private character he has always been respectable and highly esteemed, and has supported a name fair and worthy.

"It was at Alexandria where George Washington first stepped forth as the public patron and leader of sedition and revolt, having subscribed £50 to these purposes when others subscribed only five, and having accepted the command of the first company of armed associators against British government, which he had clothed in his old uniform of the Virginia regiment last was, viz.: blue and buff, a dress he has continued to wear until this time; and being likewise the first encourager of desertion from the British army by publicly abetting and advising it and promoting a large subscription to this Johnson, already mentioned, a deserter from the Fifteenth Regiment, for the purpose of teaching the inhabitants tactics and military exercises. Although there were a number of gentlemen of loyal principles in this place with whom I was very well acquainted, yet I could not associate with them, nor could we ever converse together only with the utmost caution and privacy, lest I should be discovered and we all should fall victims to the lawless intemperance and barbarities of an ignorant and frantic mob."

A STRANGE INCIDENT.

An Old Seal Follows Her Captive Offspring Eighty Miles.

From the Santa Barbara Press.

An interesting incident, illustrating the maternal affection of the animal for its young, was brought to notice during the visit of an excursion party to Anacapa Island. A young seal pup only a few months old was brought away from the island by little Ernest Whitehead, who desired to take it home for a pet. The little animal was secured by a rope around one of its fins and tied within a small yawl belonging to the sloop. Shortly before sailing a large seal was noticed swimming around the sloop anchored off the cave where the capture was made, uttering loud barks and at times howling piteously. No particular attention was paid to the animal at the time or to the little captive, which at times barked in response to the old dam's plaints. The boat sailed away, making for the Ventura shore. When off San Buenaventura a calm in the wind decreased the speed of the boat, when a large seal was noticed near by.

On reaching the wharf at Santa Barbara at 2 o'clock next morning a seal was again discovered swimming about the boat. It was not supposed that this was the mother of the captive or out of pity for its misery the pup would have been thrown overboard. To better secure the pup until daylight the rope was taken from its fin and it was tied up in a jute sack and let loose on the deck. Soon after coming to anchor the seal responded to its mother's invitation by casting itself overboard, all tied up as it was within a sack. It is asserted by the man on deck that the seal mother seized the sack and with her sharp teeth tore open the prison of her offspring. This, however, is a mere conjecture. If it did the little pup was saved; otherwise it would drown tied up in the sack. The incident was the more interesting from the fact that the old seal had to follow the sloop at least eighty miles over the ocean in a hopeful endeavor to rescue its young.

FOR SCHOOL BOOKS AND Supplies

Send your Orders at once to

Robt. D. Patterson & Co.

316 and 318 North Third St.

Best Hard and Soft Coal.

St. Louis Improved Street Sprinkling Co.,

722 OLIVE STREET.

Genelli 923 OLIVE ST.

Best Cabinets Half-Price During this Month

To Introduce the New "Genelli" Process.

A fine display of Life-Size Crayons of our prominent citizens executed at our Studio by our own Artists now on exhibition.

CITY NEWS.

D. CRAWFORD & Co. are adopting a very effectual method of clearing out their stocks at the end of this season. The plan is very simple and commends itself to every one who would save money. The goods to be disposed of are offered at such material reductions that in some cases it is about equal to giving them away. Special points this week are in hosiery and underwear, printed lawns and zephyr ginghams.

This is verily a bargain week at D. Crawford & Co.'s.

FOR A GOOD HAVANA CIGAR, RETAIL Or Wholesale, go to P. Roddy, 422 Washington av.

THERE is no attraction like a beautiful skin. Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder gives it.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

SADDLE-ROCK oysters and little neck clams are received daily at Milford's, 114 North Fifth street.

OLD DR. WHITTIER, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, has for twenty-five years treated with unparalleled success blood impurities, impediments to marriage, nervous prostration, debility, diseases from indiscretion, excesses, exposure, indulgences. Moderate charges; safely, confidentially; advice free. MARRIAGE GUIDE, 260 pp., sealed, by mail, 25 cents; pamphlet free. Treatment by mail, express or boat. Hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Albright Anderson, Rochelle, Ill., is registered at Barnum's.

J. M. Bennett and wife, Topeka, Kan., are stopping at Barnum's.

Gen. N. B. Pearce, of Pottsbon, Texas, is stopping at the Laclede.

John Zimmermann and S. A. James, Cincinnati, are stopping at Barnum's.

A. S. Hornett and F. M. Rosenberg, Pine Bluff, Ark., are registered at the Lindell.

R. Janell, Chillicothe; B. F. Yates, Clarksville, and T. B. Stout, Kansas City, are at the St. James.

A. F. Fruitt and wife, W. A. Ganett and wife and Mrs. Geo. B. Loring, Fort Worth, Tex., are stopping at the Southern.

Ed. B. Adilex, of Mobile; Frank Craycroft, of Sedalia; L. M. Mallory, of Omaha, and W. N. McGrath, of New Orleans, are at the Laclede.

Gen. John S. Phelps, Springfield; E. S. Kimball, Boston; J. S. McLean, Sedalia, and W. H. Rountree and wife, Brookfield, Mo., are at the Planter's.

N. B. Weston and J. W. Wallace, of Newport, Ark.; G. A. Beattie, of Carlyle, Ill., and J. J. Walker, of Cincinnati, are at the Hotel Barnum.

J. W. Little and J. M. Conger, Hot Springs; G. T. Woodbury, Chicago; Robert Hamilton, Bimringham, England and Dr. Geo. P. Gray, Peoria, are at the Southern.

Jas. J. O'Fallon, Sulphur Springs, Mo.; H. K. Bush, Farmington, Mo.; E. W. Pierce, Kansas City, Mo., and T. J. Rountree, Springfield, Mo., are at the Everett.

Wilbur Marshall, Columbus; Chas. E. Tobb, Maysville, Ky.; J. J. Quinlan, Chicago; J. A. Hughes and wife, Dallas, and E. W. Woodward, Morrow, Ohio, are at the Lindell.

A. Potter, Salem, Ohio; Wm. W. Wilder, Ste. Genevieve; R. H. Halcom, Albion, Tex.; A. P. Tussler and wife, Fort Scott; C. P. Poole, Boston, and D. H. Baldwin, Springfield, Mass., are at Hurst's.

C. H. Lucas, Kansas City; W. F. Bischoff, Springfield, Ill.; H. Heath, Philadelphia; J. W. Dougherty, Chicago; R. O. Lynn, Waco, Texas; J. J. Wardell, New York, and Capt. Geo. W. McKean, Special Examiner United States Pensions, Washington, D. C., are at Hotel Hunt.

The Dakota Ranchero.

Mr. C. E. Bramble, stock-raiser of Scotland, Dak., having used the world-renowned pain-banisher, St. Jacobs Oil, for all ailments of cattle and horses, and also for rheumatism and neuralgia in his own case, says that, from his observation of twenty-five years, there is no pain-cure its equal. He is never without it.

CITY NEWS.

Henry Morgan, a colored deserter from Jefferson Barracks, was arrested by Officer Barry yesterday.

Fire in the bath room of B. H. Barry's residence, 2733 Dickson street, did slight damage last evening.

A successor to Secretary Block will be elected at the monthly meeting of the Mullanphy Board this evening.

An examination of candidates for state certificate for teachers will be held to-morrow and Wednesday at Clayton.

Twenty-three prisoners from the eastern district of Arkansas, were taken through the city yesterday to the Detroit penitentiary.

At the meeting of the Stone Masons' Union yesterday, it was decided not to patronize any saloon on week days, which would close on Sunday.

Mrs. Louis Fink of Baden, was accidentally shot in the lower limbs by a young negro servant, who was carelessly handling a shot gun yesterday.

The body of John Emming, who was drowned last Thursday night at the War Eagle landing, was recovered yesterday at the Anchor Line wharf.

Yesterday morning $6,000 damage was done at Belcher's sugar refinery by the bursting of a water tank ten feet in diameter and sixty feet high, and located in the third story of the building on Lewis and O'Fallon streets.

At the last monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the United Hebrew Relief Association of this city it was resolved not to extend aid to any emigrant returning from the point to which he was sent by any person or the association.

Driver Pat Riordan and Officer John Kelly and Wm. Barnett were thrown to the ground by the upsetting of the Third District patrol wagon at Twelfth and Wash streets last night. Kelly received a probable fracture of the shoulder, and internal injuries. Riordan's left forearm received a compound fracture. Barnett's spine was severely injured.

At the Crystal Palace Theater, Seventh and Elm streets, about 12:30 o'clock yesterday morning, Alex Wolf became involved in a fight with Frank Calhoun, which resulted in a general row, during which James M. Hart, property man at the Crystal Palace was probably fatally stabbed in the abdomen. Wm. Thode, a painter, was cut in the thigh and Jack Goldsmith was cut in the leg. The police have not yet obtained a clear statement of the affair.

OBTAIN rooms through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

READING NOTICES.

A Card to All Suffering from the Error and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D., New York City.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Shelbyville, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

SHELBYVILLE, ILL., August 11.—Miss Mary T. Hall of Covington, Ky., is visiting her uncle, Anthony Thornton.——David Gay and family went to Charleston Wednesday to attend the camp meeting.——Mrs. J. C. Hupper has returned from Indianapolis.——Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Mouser of Sullivan were down Monday to see H. S. Mouser, who will shortly move to Dakota.——Mrs. T. E. Ames has returned from a visit to relatives in Stewartson.——Dick Roberts is in Charleston this week.——W. L. Haydon has returned from Texarkana, Ark.——G. B. Rhoads visited Mattoon a few days ago.——T. P. Bryan has returned from a trip through Missouri and Kansas.——Mrs. T. L. Catherwood is in Moweaqua to see her mother, who is very ill.——Judge Thornton and son, Lewis, are in Chicago.——Morris Kleeman left to-day for Philadelphia and New York City, where he will purchase a stock of goods for Kleeman & Goldstein.——Rev. A. H. Gunnett is visiting his home at Buffalo Hart.——J. T. Weakly is in Lancaster, Ohio, from which place he will bring an excursion this summer.——Rev. J. B. Wolfe returned from Charleston yesterday.——Miss Henrietta Schnadig is down from Chicago for a visit to her father, for the first time in three years.——Tony Perryman superintended the telegraph office during the absence of Charles South, who was called to Terre Haute.——T. F. Hughes, principal of the Sullivan school, is here assisting in the Normal.——Misses Mary and Bessie Stephenson have returned from St. Louis.——Charles L. Wagner left Monday for a visit to his brother Henry, at Bloomington.——P. W. Mitchell returned to Chicago Sunday.——A. R. Launey is visiting in Springfield, Mo.——Mrs. A. G. Ellsworth of Washington Territory is visiting Mrs. A. J. Gregory.——J. C. Huffer left Tuesday for Waukesha, Wis., where he will spend a month for the benefit of his health.——M. B. Pilcher of Nashville, Tenn., was in town Tuesday.——W. B. Culp, after settling up his affairs here, returned this week to Nebraska, Ohio.——John Gay, Bob Caldwell, and Frank Fulcher of Mattoon spent Sunday here.——Lewis McMorris of Walla Walla, W. T., is visiting friends at this place.

Staunton, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

STAUNTON, August 11.—The City Hall is now certain to be built, as soon as the bonds are placed in the market.——Mr. A. B. Parks has returned from his Western trip, looking much improved.——The large two-story building built by Adam Schoen is nearly finished and will be occupied by a St. Louis firm, exclusively in clothing.——Mt. Olive base-ballists are to cross bats with the home team in this place Sunday.——Capt. Burns was at the county seat on business Thursday.——Miss Jennie Sparks spent Friday visiting in Worden.——All miners have put in full time the past week.——The Misses Panhorst left Wednesday for a few weeks' visit to relatives in Brighton, Ill.——Miss Lucy Hoxsey returned from Bunker Hill Thursday.——John C. Ahrens spent Thursday in Gillespie.——R. E. O'Neal left Friday morning for Springfield on business.——Our Street Commissioners are to be congratulated in the way they have improved the appearance of our streets.——The City Council held a special meeting Wednesday night and reappointed Jasper Smith as our day police and advanced the salary $15 per month.——A fire company is being organized. This movement should meet with the hearty co-operation of every one.——An old lady, 72 years of age, on her way to Decatur, was put off the morning train at this place Friday. The citizens generously raised a fund, bought her a ticket and sent her on her way rejoicing on the evening train.——Mr. James Davis, a former resident of this place, now of Salt Springs, Mo., is calling on his many friends.

Oswego, Kan.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

OSWEGO, KAN., August 11.—A sidewalk to the Fair Grounds has been ordered.——Prof. Ross lectured in the school-house Friday evening to the teachers and others.——Dr. Gates, formerly living here, is to lecture to teachers on Astronomy next week.——Charles Walters, who has been quite sick, is up again.——Col. Baldwin is here to-day.——Dr. Young, of Hallowell, will resume practice at Sherman City, near here.——Messrs. Samit and Robert Carpenter and their families and some others go to Tennessee on a family reunion visit.——Mr. Bush, of Altmont, will open a jewelry store here soon.——The city schools begin September 4.——A Teachers' Institute, with 120 teachers, is in session.——Esquire Morrison has returned from a visit to Illinois, leaving Mrs. M. and family to visit in Iowa.——Fruit and vegetable shippers are making business lively now.——Mr. Dorman's residence will soon be completed.——Oliver Symmes has gone to Colorado on a visit.

De Soto, Mo.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

DE SOTO, MO., August 12.—Dr. W. H. Farrar has recently purchased the Allred property.——On Semptember 4, the Jefferson County Fair Association will open for their second annual exhibition. The premiums offered are liberal and the display expected will be unusually large.——Hon. Bennett Pike of St. Louis, Mo., was in our city on last Saturday attending to legal business.——Miss Maggie Rankin of this city is visiting Gen. Miller's family near Percy, Illinois.——The striking operators along the line of the I. M. R. R. have, so we are informed, been trying to intimidate some of the men who have been put in their places.

Mattoon, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

MATTOON, August 11.—The miners at the coal shaft having become dissatisfied with the scales on which the coal is weighed, have quit work until a change is made.——The silver wedding of Alderman Thode and wife was celebrated last night at Union Hall.——There has been three interments at the Dodge Grove Cemetery within the last twenty-four hours.——Mrs. A. C. Jordan is very sick.——Mrs. G. R. Gibson is spending a few weeks with her son George in New York.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

An open switch on the Belt road, near the Ohio and Mississippi crossing, caused the wreck of an engine and two box-cars loaded with beer, belonging to the Chicago and Alton road, Saturday night.

Richard Garry was re-arrested this morning on the charge of disturbing the peace of Mrs. Sullivan on the Island. He was sent to Belleville and will have a hearing before Squire Medart this afternoon.

Wm. Melville was arrested last evening for being very drunk and disorderly in the First Ward, and was fined $5 and costs by 'Squire Draggon this morning. Albert Minte was tried on the same charge, but was let off on payment of costs.

The outgoing passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville Road jumped the track near the Junction, this morning, causing a delay of nearly an hour. The incoming passenger train on the same road jumped the track near the same place last evening, and caused over a half-hour's delay.

The Mayor and four members of the Council assembled in the Council Chamber at nine o'clock this morning for the purpose of holding their regular meeting, but although they waited an hour, none of the old members put in an appearance, and an adjournment was taken till to-morrow.

Two freight trains loaded with live stock and merchandise collided near Mitchell station on the Chicago and Alton, Saturday night, wrecking both engines and several cars and seriously injuring an engineer named Gilmore. The west-bound train was making fast time to meet the outgoing passenger train at Mitchell when the accident occurred, the east-bound freight not being expected at that place.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

No drunks yesterday.

Twenty saloons open yesterday. An increase of three over last Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Fisher, who has been visiting relatives here, left last night for her home in Belmont.

Initiations to-night at Branch 42, Order of the Iron Hall. Other applications for membership will also be filed.

Patrick McGough was sent to the City Hospital from Mrs. Coin's on Espenschied, near Polk street, being sick and destitute.

On account of the rather meagre state of the order-book at the South St. Louis foundry, several of the machinists were laid off on Saturday night.

Peter Cooper, member of Jupiter Lodge, Knights of Honor, has been very dangerously ill for several days, but last night it was thought the critical point was passed and that he would recover.

A large order for small-sized rails has been received at the Vulcan, to complete which there is a sufficient amount of ingots on hand, and the converting mill will therefore be closed for a short time.

The eighth furnace was lighted Saturday night at the Glendale Zinc Works. The average amount of metal produced daily for the past month has been 16,000 pounds, but this will now be increased to from 18,000 to 20,000.

Minnie Fox, 6-year-old daughter of Thomas Fox, residing on Second, between Marceau and Hill streets, fell from the second story porch at 11:30 a. m. yesterday and broke her right wrist and received a severe cut on the chin. She was attended by Dr. Max. Starkloff.

The camp meeting, colored, at Blow's Grove, was largely attended yesterday, with many white persons as spectators. Good order prevailed generally, although there was some levity on the part of a few "pale faces" at the feelings of joy and religious enthusiasm exhibited by a few of the worshipers. The meeting is still continuing.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The Eau Claire Lumber Company will send out fifteen car loads—150,000 feet—of assorted lumber to-night.

Henry Morgan, alias Anderson, colored, was arrested by Officer Barry as a deserter from Jefferson Barracks.

The Bremen Fishing Club made a trip to Chouteau Slough, yesterday, and returned with seventy pounds of croppie, sunfish and bass.

Mrs. Louis Fink, residing at Boelin, was accidentally shot last evening by a negro servant who was carelessly handling a shotgun. The lady was badly injured in the lower limbs.

Detectives Sullivan and McCarthy have been put on patrol duty. This order is made until new men are appointed, as the present force of officers in the Fourth District cannot cover all the beats.

Mrs. Annie Schwalbe, wife of August N. Schwalbe, the grocer merchant of 3500 Broadway, has gone on a brief pleasure trip to the North. Mrs. Schwalbe is accompanied by her infant son.

To St. Paul by River.

The beautiful packet Pittsburg, of the Diamond Jo line, will leave for St. Paul at 4 p. m. to-morrow from foot of Washington avenue and go through to St. Paul without change. The packets of this line are the only regular packets that run through from St. Louis to St. Paul without transferring to smaller boats.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Browns and Athletics Again Neck and Neck—Notes and Gossip.

Good luck remained with St. Louis all through the Columbus series, and the Browns walked off with the last game yesterday. Although they were outbatted, the fielding record was even. St. Louis practically won the game in the second inning, as happened in two of the previous games. A fumble by Smith, which should have been a double play, 4 base hits and good running gave them 4 runs. In addition, they made 1 in the fifth and 3 in the seventh, a total of 8 runs. Columbus scored 1 in the fourth, 2 in the fifth, 3 in the eighth, and 1 in the ninth, a total of 7 runs. Base hits: Columbus 15, St. Louis 10. Errors: 4 each. Runs earned: St. Louis 3, Columbus 6.

On Saturday St. Louis won again by a score of 7 to 5, the two winning runs being made in the ninth. Base hits: St. Louis 11, Columbus 9. Errors: St. Louis 5, Columbus 7. Runs earned: St. Louis 3, Columbus 1.

The Athletics dropped a game to the Metropolitans on Saturday at Philadelphia by a score of 3 to 2. Base hits: 6 each. Errors: Mets 4, Athletics 7.

The Louisvilles braced up on Saturday and defeated the Cincinnatis by a score of 2 to 1. Base hits: Louisville 7, Cincinnati 7. Errors: Louisville 3, Cincinnati 1. Runs earned: Louisville 2, Cincinnati 1.

The Allegheny club at home won from the Baltimores by a score of 6 to 4. Base hits: 8 each. Errors: Allegheny 6, Baltimore 8. Runs earned: Allegheny 3.

The local Black Sox and the Mutuals, of Louisville, another colored club, played games on Saturday and yesterday at Sportsman's Park. The home club won both games, the first by a score of 16 to 9, and the second by a score of 16 to 10.

The Nation of East St. Louis defeated the Louisville Blues yesterday by a score of 13 to 4.

The following League games were played on Saturday: At New York—New York 5, Philadelphia—2. At Povidence—Providence 6, Boston 2. At Buffalo—Chicago 4, Buffalo 2. At Cleveland—Cleveland 5, Detroit 0.

ABOUT OSCAR WALKER.

ST. LOUIS, August 12, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

A bets B that Walker of last year's Browns, now with Brooklyn, has not made fifteen home-runs this season. By answering you will settle a big dispute. State the number of home-runs he has made. A CONSTANT READER.

[The Brooklyns belong neither to the League nor the Association, and no record of their games is kept here. Write to the secretary of the club or to one of the New York sporting papers. It was published here, a month ago, that Walker had made twelve home runs this season.—ED. P.-D.]

NOTES.

The Scotts defeated the Bondholders, behind the Fair Grounds, yesterday, by a score of 11 to 4. Both teams played a good game.

Foley easily defeated Dennehey in the mile foot race at Sportsman's Park yesterday, the latter quitting before the distance was run at all.

A game of ball was played yesterday afternoon at Rinkelville between the Olives and Rinkelville nines, in which the latter won by a score of 17 to 4.

A lawn party has been arranged for Tuesday evening, at Compton Park, for the benefit of Tom Oran, the old base-ball player. Tom and his family are in destitute circumstances.

The North St. Louis Anchors defeated the Stars yesterday by a score of 13 to 9. The features of the game were the batting of Gates for the Anchors, the pitching and catching of Nicol and Lauman and the third-base play of Burbach.

The match game of base-ball played between C. H. Grote's grocery clerks and a picked nine, yesterday, resulted in a victory for the latter by a score of 4 to 5 in eleven innings. The feature of the game was the pitching of Ford and the catching of Hunterbrink; also the heavy batting of Golden, McGillick and Burke.

Yesterday's victory puts St. Louis in a good place again. The percentage now is, Athletic .671, St. Louis .666, Cincinnati .631. St. Louis has won 46 games and the Athletics 45, but the home team has lost one more than the Philadelphians. During this week St. Louis tackles Baltimore, while the Athletics meet the Columbus at Philadelphia.

Important Change of Time.

On and after Sunday, August 12, through trains of the Missouri Pacific Railway will leave St. Louis Union Depot as follows: Day express for Kansas City, St. Joseph and Omaha, 9:20 a. m.; night express for Kansas, Colorado and Texas, 8:20 p. m. See regular time table on another page of this paper.

SECURE boarders by advertising in the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

SUMMER EXODUS.

J. A. Holmes leaves for Chicago this evening.

H. P. Williams and party go to Chicago via the Wabash this evening.

Sol. Palmer leaves for Galveston via the Iron Mountain this evening.

W. D. Harrison leaves for Dallas this evening via the Missouri Pacific.

D. Oppenheimer is in the Iron Mountain Galveston sleeper for this evening's train.

E. Jaccard to Wisconsin, and Given Campbell to Chicago, Ill., leave via the C. & A. this evening.

Morrison, New York; C. M. Ettinson, New York; J. H. Smith, Washington; B. Sumner, New York; Mrs. T. Gardner and daughter, Washington; John Muldoon, Washington; Mrs. Eleser, Baltimore; W. S. Roberts and family, New York; Phil Schlose, New York; Col. R. W. Thompson, New York; Theo. Plate, New York; Geo. R. Gardner and family, Cape May, leave for the East via the Vandalia this evening.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

FRATERNITY FACTS.

Travelers' Rest Lodge, No. 11, I. O. O. F., will initiate ten candidates this evening.

North Star Lodge, No. 392, Knights and Ladies of Honor, will have an interesting session to-night.

SECURE boarders by advertising in the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

THERE were forty common disturbers of the peace and four drunks fined in the Second District Police Court to-day. The fines ranged from $3 to $25.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

A FEW LINES

(BY OUR SHORT-HAIRED POET.)

Season's closing,
  Business dull,
Splendid bargains,
  Famous full.

Lots of people
  Waited long
To purchase clothing
  For a song.

Everybody 's
  Read the news
About the HEAVY
  CUT IN SHOES.

Shirts and 'kerchiefs,
  Collars, cuffs,
Neckwear numerous,
  "Tecks" and "puffs."

Hats and dusters,
  Quite a heap,
GOSH, MARIA!
  AIN'T THINGS CHEAP?

Other clothiers
  VERY SICK.
FAMOUS sold out
  Clean and slick!

And the reason 's
  Very plain—
We buy for CASH,
  And SELL again.

That's the way
  We keep things down,
And gobble all
  The wealth in town.

Stranger, if you
  Would happy be,
Come and see us
  FREQUENTLY.

With these few words
  We'll say "adieu"—
"Welcome at Famous"
  Waits for you.

Gentle reader, if you have any lucre to spare, bring it our way and—leave it. We rejoice in two cashiers, and our money drawer is large enough to hold many shekels. You'll find us on Fifth and Morgan, and the place is

FAMOUS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS—Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 29th day of August, 1883, a meeting of the shareholders of the Caruth & Byrnes Hardware company will be held at the office of the company, 525 N. Main st., St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the company from $215,500 to $250,000.
DAVID W. CARUTH, Prest.
M. J. BYRNES, Vice-Prest.
T. McLEAN, Secretary.
GEO. W. CURRY, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF FRANZ KREIN MFG. CO.
NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the office of the above company, southwest corner of 9th and Howard sts., on Tuesday, August 21, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing five directors to serve for the ensuing year. Polls to remain open until 12 o'clock m. FRANZ KREIN, President.
ROBT. KREIN, Secretary.

SHAREHOLDERS' NOTICE TO INCREASE STOCK
A meeting of the shareholders of the Ninnescah Cattle Company will be held at the company's office in St. Louis, Mo., 513 Olive street, on Saturday, 6th day of October, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of the company to $25,000.
HENRY C. WILSON,
WM. F. LEONARD,
LESTER M. HALL,
Directors.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Board of Trade Telegraph Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 309 Pine street, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at 9 o'clock a. m. on Tuesday, the 21st day of August, 1883, for the purpose of organizing under the articles of incorporation, adopting by-laws, and for the transaction of such business as may come before it.
ROBERT S. McCORMICK,
DAVID R. FRANCIS,
Incorporators.
St. Louis, July 30, 1883.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Office St. Louis Cotton Compress Company, St. Louis Mo., August 4, 1883. The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of eleven directors will be held at the office of this company, corner Rutger street and the Levee, on Saturday, September 8, 1883. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 o'clock m.
C. M. DONALDSON, Secretary.
St. Louis, August 4, 1883.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION AND MUSIC Hall Association, Rooms 11 and 12, 322 Pine street, St. Louis, August 11, 1883.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon, August 17, 1883, for the excavation for basement for the proposed Exposition and Music Hall building, to be erected in Missouri Park, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri.

The specifications can be seen and any further information may be had on application at this office, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 1 p. m. daily.

The association reserves the right to reject any or all bids if deemed for its interest.
HENRY V. LUCAS, Secretary.

DEAF MUTE CLUB.

Second Annual Picnic at Sharpshooters' Park To-Day.

The St. Louis Deaf Mute Club gave its second annual picnic at Shapshooters' Park to-day. The deaf mutes, about 200 in number, accompanied by their friends, arrived at the park during the forenoon, and at 3 o'clock enjoyed a good dinner. Among their number are fifteen deaf mutes from the neighboring towns in Illinois and Missouri, and about seventy-five of them were ladies. Good music was in attendance and dancing was indulged in during the forenoon. In the afternoon games were indulged in and prizes given in sack-races, foot-races, a one-mile walking race (heel and toe), games of croquet, etc. A prize was also given to one of the ladies, the most graceful waltzer. The prizes consisted mostly of money, a very elegant photograph album, however, was given as the prize in the waltz. The day's entertainment was under the management of a committee of members of the association, consisting of William Stafford, William Stocksick, J. T. Bowe, W. T. Campbell and J. J. Smith. The club has its rooms over the International Bank, on the corner of Fifth and Market streets, where the regular meetings are held on the second Saturday evening of every month. Meetings for social chat and entertainment are frequent and informal. W. E. Guss is president of the club. William Stafford vice-president, J. J. Smith secretary and J. C. McQuown treasurer.

ADVERTISE your rooms through the twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH.

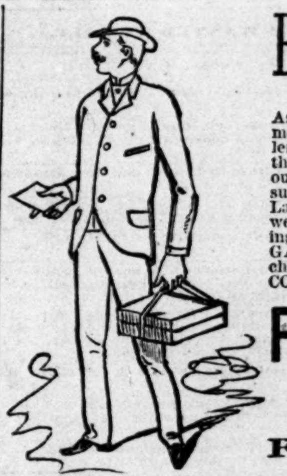
Irish Nationalists' Picnic.

Lindell Park was packed yesterday by Irish citizens assembled to hear the address of Congressman John F. Finnerty, of Chicago. During the day various games were played and contests such as putting stone, running and jumping were engaged in. Mr. Finnerty spoke at length of the present condition of Ireland and concluded with a glowing picture of the future. The park was so crowded that not more than half the people present could be reached by the speaker's powerful voice. The picnic of the Irish Nationalists was voted a grand success.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—For the Middle Atlantic States, partly cloudy weather and local rains, winds shifting to cooler northwesterly, stationary or rising barometer. For the South Atlantic States, generally fair weather, variable winds, mostly southwesterly, stationary or rising barometer and temperature. For the Gulf States, partly cloudy weather and local rains in west portions, fair followed by partly cloudy weather and local rains in eastern portions, winds mostly southerly, stationary or rising barometer and temperature. For the Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, fair weather preceded by light local rains in northeastern portions, winds mostly northerly, rising barometer, stationary or lower temperature in Ohio Valley, nearly stationary temperature in Tennessee. For the Lower Lake Region, fair succeeded by partly cloudy weather and local rains, winds mostly northerly, rising barometer, stationary or lower temperature. For the Upper Lake Region, clearing weather, winds nearly northerly, stationary or rising barometer and temperature. For the Upper Mississippi Valley, partly cloudy weather and local rains, north to east winds, rising followed by falling barometer, stationary or rising temperature. For the Missouri Valley, partly cloudy weather and local rains, winds mostly easterly, stationary or lower barometer, rising temperature. The Mississippi River will rise slightly at and above St. Louis and and fall below Memphis. The Missouri River will rise slightly and other rivers will fall slowly.

☞ Don't wear dingy or faded things when the ten-cent Diamond Dye will make them good as new. They are perfect.



BETWEEN HAY AND GRASS

As the farmers call between seasons. August is usually the dullest month with clothiers, yet our business so far has been most excellent. Shrewd buyers are fully aware that at this season of the year they can buy clothing and furnishings at BOTTOM PRICES. On our bargain counters may be found small lots of various kinds of suits, all marked far below their real value, to close out quickly. Last Saturday, for instance, we cleared out nine lines of suits (there were but two or three of a kind), every one of which will be a walking advertisement for us. THIS WEEK we are GIVING BARGAINS in fine and the highest grade of clothing, as well as in the cheap and medium qualities. Whoever feels interested should COME AT ONCE.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,

Men's and Boys' Outfitters,

FIFTH - - AND - - PINE.

☞ Our Book of Descriptions and Prices will be mailed FREE to all those desirous of ordering Men's or Boys' Clothing, etc.

Grand Clearing Out Sale

$40,000 STOCK OF

Carpets, Oil-Cloths, Mats AND Rugs.

ALSO, GENERAL HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

We are offering Special Drives to make room for Fall Stock; Goods sold on our new and easy instalment plan.

J. W. STALEY & CO.,

Southwest Cor. Seventh and Morgan.

COMMISSIONER'S SALES.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION.—By virtue and authority of an order and decree of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, made on the 9th day of July, 1883, in the partition suit of William H. F. Lee et al. vs. Sarah M. Bolling et al., decreeing the sale of the property hereinafter described, and appointing the undersigned a special commissioner for the purpose of selling said property, which is more particularly described as follows, to-wit: 1st. A lot of ground fronting (25) twenty-five feet on the south line of Cass avenue and extending southwardly at the same width 117 feet to an alley (15) fifteen feet wide, being bounded on the east by an alley (15) fifteen feet wide, and on the west by the west line of the addition, said lot being lot No. (17) seventeen of the subdivision of the eastern portion of city block 1882, by Julius Pitzman, City Surveyor of St. Louis. 2d. A lot of ground fronting (25) twenty-five feet on the north line of Cozens avenue thirty feet wide and extending northwardly (at the same width) 116 feet and 11¼ inches to an alley (15) fifteen feet wide, being bounded on the east by an alley fifteen (15) feet wide, and on the west by the west line of the Bolling track, said lot being lot No. (28) twenty-eight of the subdivision of the eastern portion of said city block 1882, by Julius Pitzman, city surveyor of St. Louis, I will, therefore, in pursuance of said order, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, during the June term, 1883, of said court, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, pursuant to said order. This sale will be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court.
HENRY T. KENT,
Special Commissioner.
St. Louis, Mo., August 2, 1883.

ASSIGNEES' NOTICES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—By authority of an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in the matter of the assignment of P. J. Stephens, I will, on Thursday, the 16th day of August, 1883, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. of said day, and on each succeeding day, between said hours, until the sale is complete, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, on the premises, No. 413 Franklin avenue, in said city, the stock of goods assigned me for the benefit of the creditors of said Stephens, consisting of wall paper, window shades, pictures, picture frames, mirrors, cornices, etc.
C. M. WHITNEY,
Assignee.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—By authority of an order of the Circuit Court of City of St. Louis, made in the matter of the assignment of James McNichol, the undersigned, assignee of said McNichol, will, on Wednesday, August 15, 1883, at 9 o'clock a.m., proceed to sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder on the premises, store No. 601 Washington avenue, (under Lindell Hotel), in said City of St. Louis, the stock of goods to me assigned, consisting of cassimeres, suitings, cloths and trimmings, lately belonging to the well-known fashionable tailoring establishment of James McNichol. Sale to begin at 9 o'clock a. m. and to continue on succeeding days until stock is closed out.
VALLE REYBURN,
Assignee of James McNichol.
St. Louis, August 7, 1883.

IN RE ESTATE OF PORTER B. WARNER.—Lost, mislaid or stolen, certificate number 225, of the St. Louis Transfer Company, each share being for one hundred dollars, issued to Porter B. Warner, now deceased. Notice is hereby given to all persons that application will be made to the St. Louis Transfer Company for a new certificate in lieu of the one lost for said eighteen shares stock.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis, and as such in charge of the estate of Porter B. Warner, deceased.
St. Louis, July 9, 1883.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT CITY OF ST. LOUIS, State of Missouri, ss.—In the matter of the assignment of L. O. Dana & Co.—The undersigned assignee of L. O. Dana and Company being satisfied that it is no longer advantageous to the creditors of the assignors, the said L. O. Dana and Company, to keep the assignment open, hereby gives notice of his intention that he will, on Monday, the first day of October, 1883, or as soon thereafter as the same can be heard, make application to said court for a discharge from his trust as such assignee.
Dated this 9th of August, 1883.
GEORGE WALKER,
Assignee of L. O. Dana & Co.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF CHAS Wesley Handley and Helen F. Handley.—Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of Charles Wesley Handley and Helen F. Handley, that on the 20th day of August, 1883, I will pay the fourth dividend, being eight per cent on all claims proved against the assigned estate of said Charles Wesley and Helen F. Handley at my office, 511 Olive street.
EDWARD S. ROBERTS.
St. Louis, August 13, 1883.

ESTATE NOTICES.

ESTATE of John R. Stueck, deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

John R. Stueck,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the seventh day of June, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1883.
JOHANNA STUECK,
Executrix of John R. Stueck, deceased.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and other interested in the estate of

Ferdinand Bischoff,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September, 1883.
FRANCISCA C. B. BISCHOFF,
Administratrix.
St. Louis, August 4, 1883.

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Herman H. Fruechte,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the second Monday of September, 1883.
PETER STRUBEL, Executor.
St. Louis, August 4, 1883.

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John H. Dowell,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September next.
NEWTON CRANE,
Administrator of John H. Dowell, deceased.
St. Louis, August 10, 1883.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between Louis Schaper and Joseph Goecke, under the firm name of Schaper & Co., doing business at 612 North Fifth street, was dissolved on June 15, 1883, by the sale of the interest in said business of Louis Schaper to Joseph Goecke.
LOUIS SCHAPER.
St. Louis, August 6, 1883.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price, $1 a bottle.

TRUSTEES' SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Pursuant to the provisions in a certain deed of trust of record in book 696, page 101, in the St. Louis City Recorder's office, dated October 28, 1882, executed by Louis Stein, I, the undersigned trustee, will on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18TH, 1883,

at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the property conveyed to me to-wit:

Lot 18 in city block 1,996, also block 15 Lami tract in the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 25 feet on the east line of California avenue by a depth of 12[illegible] feet 6 inches.
MATHIAS ZIMMERMANN,
Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Frederick Etzel, by his deed of trust dated the 20th May, 1872, and recorded in book 450, page 173, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the county, now city, of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, among other real estate, the following described lots or parcels of ground, situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered one, two, three and four of block No. one; lots numbered one, two, three and four of block No. two; lots numbered one and two of block No. three; lots numbered three and four of block No. five; and lots numbered one and two of block No. seven, all of Eva Maegg's subdivision in the city of Saint Louis, State of Missouri, a plat of which is on record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county, now city of St. Louis, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein specified; and whereas a portion of the principal note remains due and unpaid; now, therefore, under the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29TH, 1883,

for the purposes of said trust.
EPHRAIM G. OBEAR, Trustee.
St. Louis, July 25th, 1883.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, Elizabeth Schrick, and Carl Joseph Schrick, her husband, by their deed of trust dated July 28, 1881, and recorded in book 660, page 104, of the St. Louis City Records, did convey to the undersigned the following described real estate lying in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and being lots six (6) and seven (7) of city block 1749 south, in Weil and Gehner's sub-division, as per plat recorded in plat book 8, page 98, of said records, lots having a total front of 50 feet on the south line of Salisbury street by a depth southwardly between parallel lines of 125 feet to an alley 15 feet wide, bounded north by Salisbury street, east by lot No. 5 of said block, south by alley, and west by lot 8 of said block, which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas, two of the notes in said deed of trust described are past due and remain unpaid, now, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

FRIDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court House in said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same.
August 8, 1883. CHARLES BECK, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, N. Grattan Murphy and Eliza W., his wife, and George W. Murphy and Margaret W., his wife, by their deed dated September 12th, 1870, and recorded on page 254 of book 443 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds, for the city (formerly county) of St. Louis (to which reference is here made for greater certainty of description) conveyed to a trustee the following described real estate, situated in the county of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: All those certain lots of ground marked and numbered respectively as lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3 (on plat of subdivision made by C. E. Solomon), in Bonhomme township, said county, and more particularly known and described as United States survey No. 882, confirmed to the legal representatives of John Cummins, containing (formerly) 640 acres, and being the same acquired by Andrew Murphy by deed of David Barton, dated September 1, 1818, recorded in said St. Louis county, in book H, page 89. Plat of survey was made and subdivided by C. E. Solomon, County Surveyor, which said plat is on record with deed dated November 30, 1859, of partition, to George W. Murphy, recorded at page 483 in book 278, said office, whereby there was conveyed to said George W. Murphy lot No. 3, containing 94 44-100 acres.

And by deed of partition dated November 30, 1859, between the heirs of Andrew Murphy, deceased, recorded at page 56, of book 280, in said Recorder's office, and by deed from James S. Murphy and wife to N. Grattan Murphy, dated September 26, 1867, recorded in said Recorder's office, at page 35, book 350. Said N. Grattan Murphy acquired lots Nos. one (1) and two (2) containing 94 44-1000 acres, and in the aggregate 188 88-100 acres, and said lots one (1), two (2) and three (3) containing in all 283 32-100 acres, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; and whereas said trustee has refused to serve, and the Circuit Court of the County of St. Louis has, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, appointed the undersigned in the place instead of said trustee to execute said deed of trust; now, in pursuance of said deed of trust contained, and of the order of said court, the undersigned will, on

MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1883,

at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, offer said property for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes provided for in said deed of trust.
ROBERT SCHNECKO,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, and, by appointment, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Under the provisions of a deed of trust from Edward P. Beirne and Thomas C. Beirne, dated June 6, 1878, and of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of St. Louis County, in book No. 9, page 457, public notice is hereby given that on

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., we will, at public vendue and to the highest bidder, and for cash, sell, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, the following real estate, situated in the county of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots Nos. 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, containing five acres each, more or less, of John F. Humphrey's subdivision, as special commissioner of the Dr. Geo. W. Beirne farm, located on the north side of the Olive Street Rock-road, in Central Township, St. Louis County, as laid down on the plat of said subdivision, said plat being on record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis. This property is known as the Tower Hill Place, and is about eight and a half miles from the City of St. Louis.
SYLVESTER T. CHAPMAN,
DORSEY A. JAMISON,
Trustees.
St. Louis, August 10, 1883.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Charles W. Gottschalk and Minnie C., his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 17th day of August, 1881, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 650, page 39, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered three (3) and four (4) of block number one (1) of Lafayette addition to the city of St. Louis, Mo., city block No. 1331, said lots having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Lafayette avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and twenty-three (123) feet to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide. Bounded north by Lafayette avenue, west by lot numbered two (2) of said block number one (1), south by said alley, and east by property of Joseph J. Mermann, which conveyance was made in trust to secure certain promissory negotiable notes in said deed of trust fully described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of one of the interest notes and while note still remains due and unpaid, and, whereas, under the conditions of said deed of trust, all of said notes, whether of interest or principal, thereby became due and payable, now, therefore, I will, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, on

WEDNESDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, sell for cash, at public vendue, at the east front door of the Court House, in said city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, the property above described for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of this trust.
JOHN STEGER, Trustee.
St. Louis, August 13, 1883.